DIGITAL INDICATING CONTROLLER



INSTRUCTION MANUAL





<u>Preface</u>

Thank you for purchasing our Digital Indicating Controller JCM-33A.

This manual contains instructions for the mounting, functions, operations and notes when operating the JCM-33A.

For model confirmation and unit specifications, please read this manual carefully before starting operation.

To prevent accidents arising from the misuse of this controller, please ensure the operator receives this manual.

Symbol	Term
PV	Process variable
SV	Desired value
MV	Output manipulated variable
OUT1	Control output 1
OUT2	Control output 2 (option)
AT	Auto-tuning
DC input	DC voltage and current inputs

Abbreviations Used in This Manual

Characters Used in This Manual:

Indication	-/	0	- 1	Ē	F	Ч	5	5	7	8	9	Ľ	F	
Number, °C/°F	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	ç	°F	
Indication	R	Π	Ь	C	d	Ε	F	5	Н	- 1	1	E	L	ī
Alphabet	ŀ	A		С	D	Е	F	G	Н	Ι	J	К	L	М
Indication	n	o	Ρ	9	ſ	5	ſ	Ш	В	ū	U.	Ч	111	
Alphabet	Ν	0	Ρ	Q	R	S	Т	U	V	W	Х	Y	Z	

Notes

- This instrument should be used in accordance with the specifications described in the manual. If it is not used according to the specifications, it may malfunction or cause a fire.
- Be sure to follow the warnings, cautions and notices. If they are not observed, serious injury or malfunction may occur.
- · Specifications of the JCM-33A and the contents of this instruction manual are subject to change without notice.
- Care has been taken to ensure that the contents of this instruction manual are correct, but if there are any doubts, mistakes or questions, please inform our sales department.
- This instrument is designed to be installed through a control panel indoors. If it is not, measures must be taken to ensure that the operator cannot touch power terminals or other high voltage sections.
- Any unauthorized transfer or copying of this document, in part or in whole, is prohibited.
- Shinko Technos CO., LTD. is not liable for any damage or secondary damage(s) incurred as a result of using this product, including any indirect damage.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS (Be sure to read these precautions before using our products.)

The safety precautions are classified into categories: "Warning" and "Caution". Depending on the circumstances, procedures indicated by \triangle Caution may cause serious

results, so be sure to follow the directions for usage.



Procedures which may lead to dangerous conditions and cause death or serious injury, if not carried out properly.

Procedures which may lead to dangerous conditions and cause superficial to medium injury or physical damage or may degrade or damage the product, if not carried out properly.

Warning

- To prevent an electric shock or fire, only Shinko or other qualified service personnel may handle the inner assembly.
- To prevent an electric shock, fire or damage to the instrument, parts replacement may only be undertaken by Shinko technicians or other qualified personnel.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- To ensure safe and correct use, thoroughly read and understand this manual before using this instrument.
- · This instrument is intended to be used for industrial machinery, machine tools and measuring equipment. Verify correct usage after purpose-of-use consultation with our agency or main office.

(Never use this instrument for medical purposes with which human lives are involved.)

- External protection devices such as protective equipment against excessive temperature rise, etc. must be installed, as malfunction of this product could result in serious damage to the system or injury to personnel. Also proper periodic maintenance is required.
- This instrument must be used under the conditions and environment described in this manual.

Shinko Technos Co., Ltd. does not accept liability for any injury, loss of life or damage occurring due to the instrument being used under conditions not otherwise stated in this manual.

Warning on Model Label

Caution

Failure to handle this instrument properly may result in minor or moderate injury or property damage due to fire, malfunction, malfunction, or electric shock. Please read this manual before using the product to ensure that you fully understand the product.

L Caution with respect to Export Trade Control Ordinance

To avoid this instrument from being used as a component in, or as being utilized in the manufacture of weapons of mass destruction (i.e. military applications, military equipment, etc.), please investigate the end users and the final use of this instrument. In the case of resale, ensure that this instrument is not illegally exported.

1. Installation Precautions

1 Caution

This instrument is intended to be used under the following environmental conditions (IEC61010-1): Overvoltage category II, Pollution degree 2

Ensure the mounting location corresponds to the following conditions:

- A minimum of dust, and an absence of corrosive gases
- No flammable, explosive gases
- No mechanical vibrations or shocks
- No exposure to direct sunlight, an ambient temperature of 0 to 50° C (32 to 122° F) that does not change rapidly, and no icing
- An ambient non-condensing humidity of 35 to 85%RH
- No large capacity electromagnetic switches or cables through which large current is flowing
- No water, oil or chemicals or where the vapors of these substances can come into direct contact with the unit
- Take note that ambient temperature of this unit must not exceed 50°C (122°F) if mounted through the face of a control panel. Otherwise the life of electronic components (especially electrolytic capacitors) may be shortened.

Note: Do not install this instrument on or near flammable material even though the case of this instrument is made of flame-resistant resin.

2. Wiring Precautions

1 Caution

- Do not leave wire remnants in the instrument, because they could cause a fire and/or a malfunction.
- Use the solderless terminal with an insulation sleeve in which the M3 screw fits when wiring the JCM-33A Series.
- The terminal block of this instrument is designed to be wired from the left side. The lead wire must be inserted from the left side of the terminal, and fastened with the terminal screw.
- Tighten the terminal screw using the specified torque. If excessive force is applied to the screw when tightening, the terminal screw or case may be damaged.
- Do not apply a commercial power source to the sensor which is connected to the input terminal nor allow the power source to come into contact with the sensor.
- This controller does not have a built-in power switch, circuit breaker or fuse. It is necessary to install them near the controller.
- (Recommended fuse: Time-lag fuse, rated voltage 250V AC, rated current 2A)
- 24V AC or DC is usable as a power source, however, do not confuse polarity when using direct current (DC).

3. Operation and Maintenance Precautions

🛽 Warning

- It is recommended that auto-tuning be performed during the trial run.
- Do not touch live terminals. This may cause electric shock or problems in operation.
- Turn the power supply to the instrument OFF before retightening the terminal and cleaning. Working or touching the terminal with the power switched ON may result in severe injury or death due to Electric Shock.
- Use a soft, dry cloth when cleaning the instrument. (Alcohol based substances may tarnish or deface the unit.)
- As the display section is vulnerable, do not strike or scratch it with a hard object.

4. Compliance with Safety Standards

1 Caution

- Always install the recommended fuse described in this manual externally.
- If the instrument is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the instrument may be impaired.
- Use a device with reinforced insulation or double insulation for the external circuit connected to this product.
- When using this product as a UL certified product, use a power supply conforming to Class 2 or LIM for the external circuit connected to the product.

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1. Model

1.1 Model

The series name, control output (OUT1), input and option codes are entered where underlined.



Specifications

J C M – 3 3 A–		'	\Box ,					
Alarm 1 (A1) A					Alarm type can be	e selected by keypad. *1		
R R				Relay contact	Relay contact			
	S				Non-contact voltage (for SSR drive)			
	Α				Current			
Input		Μ			Multi-range *2			
Supply voltage					100 to 240 V AC (standard)			
Supply vollage			1		24 V AC/DC *3			
				A2	Alarm 2 (A2) *4			
				W	Heater burnout alarm *5			
					Heating/Cooling	DR: Relay contact output		
					control,	DS: Non-contact voltage		
					Control output	output		
Options					(OUT2)	DA: Current output		
				C5	Serial communica	tion (RS-485)		
				LA	Loop break alarm	*4		
			P24	Insulated power o	utput			
				TC	Terminal cover			
				IP	Drip-proof/Dust-pr	roof (IP54)		

*1: 9 types of alarm plus No alarm action and Energized/De-energized are selectable by keypad.

*2: An input type (10 thermocouple, 2 RTD, 2 direct current and 4 DC voltage types) can be selected by keypad.

For current input, 50 Ω shunt resistor must be connected between input terminals.

*3: For the supply voltage, 100 to 240 V AC is standard.

When ordering 24 V AC/DC, enter "1" after the input code.

*4: If A2 option and LA option are added together, they utilize common output terminals.

*5: For current output, Heater burnout alarm option cannot be added.

Option Combinations

	A2	LA	W	D	P24	C5	TC	IP
Combination 1	0	0	0	-	_	0	0	0
Combination 2	0	0	-	0	_	0	0	0
Combination 3	_	—	0	0	_	0	0	0
Combination 4	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	0
Combination 5	0	0	0	-	_	_	0	0
Combination 6	0	0	—	0	_	_	0	0
Combination 7	_	-	0	0	_	_	0	0
Combination 8	0	0	_	-	0		0	0

DL: DR, DS, DA

O: Available -: Unavailable

1.2 Rated Input

Input type	Input r	ange	Resolution			
K	–200 to 1370 ℃	–320 to 2500 °F	1℃(°F)			
n	−199.9 to 400.0 °C	–199.9 to 750.0 °F	0.1℃(°F)			
J	–200 to 1000 ℃	–320 to 1800 °F	1℃(°F)			
R	0 to 1760 ℃	0 to 3200 °F	1℃(°F)			
S	0 to 1760 ℃	0 to 3200 °F	1℃(°F)			
В	0 to 1820 ℃	0 to 3300 °F	1℃(°F)			
E	–200 to 800 ℃	−320 to 1500 [°] F	1℃(°F)			
Т	−199.9 to 400.0 °C	–199.9 to 750.0 °F	0.1℃(°F)			
N	–200 to 1300 °C	–320 to 2300 °F	1℃(°F)			
PL-Ⅱ	0 to 1390 ℃	0 to 2500 °F	1℃(°F)			
C (W/Re5-26)	0 to 2315 ℃	0 to 4200 °F	1℃(°F)			
D+100	−199.9 to 850.0 °C	–199.9 to 999.9 °F	0.1℃(°F)			
FILOU	–200 to 850 °C	–300 to 1500 °F	1℃(°F)			
ID+100	−199.9 to 500.0 °C	–199.9 to 900.0 °F	0.1℃(°F)			
JELLOO	–200 to 500 °C	–300 to 900 °F	1℃(°F)			
4 to 20 mA DC	-1999	-1999 to 9999 *1, *2				
0 to 20 mA DC	—1999 1	-1999 to 9999 *1, *2				
0 to 1 V DC	-1999	1				
0 to 5 V DC	-1999	-1999 to 9999 *1				
1 to 5 V DC	-1999	to 9999 *1	1			
0 to 10 V DC	-1999	to 9999 *1	1			

*1: For DC input, input range and decimal point place can be changed.

*2: For current input, connect 50 Ω shunt resistor (sold separately) between input terminals.

1.3 How to Read the Model Label

Model labels are attached to the case and the inner assembly. When the supply voltage is 24V AC/DC, "1" is entered before the option code.



(e.g.)

Relay contact output/Multi-range input Alarm 2 (A2) output Heater burnout alarm output (20A)

- (1): Model
- (2): Options
- (3): Serial number

(Fig. 1.3-1)

2. Name and Functions of Sections



(1) PV display

Indicates the PV or setting characters in the setting mode with a red LED.

(2) SV display

Indicates the SV, MV or each set value in the setting mode with a green LED.

(3) SV1 indicator

The green LED is lit when SV1 is selected.

(4) SV2 indicator

Does not function.

(5) OUT1 indicator

When OUT1 is ON, the green LED is lit.

(For the current output type, this flashes corresponding to the MV in 250 ms cycles.)

(6) OUT2 indicator

When OUT2 (D \Box option) is ON, the yellow LED is lit.

(For the current output type, this flashes corresponding to the MV in 250 ms cycles.)

(7) HB indicator

When Heater burnout alarm output or sensor burnout alarm output is ON, the red LED is lit.

(When Heater burnout alarm is added and if indication is overscale or underscale, the red LED is lit as well.)

(8) A1 indicator

When A1 output is ON, the red LED is lit.

(9) A2/LA indicator

When A2 or LA output is ON, the red LED is lit.

(10) AT indicator

The yellow LED flashes during AT or auto-reset.

(11) TX/RX indicator

The yellow LED is lit during Serial communication TX output (transmission).

(12) Increase Key (\triangle)

Increases the numeric value.

(13) Decrease Key (∇)

Decreases the numeric value.

(14) Mode Key (\mathbb{Q})

Selects the setting mode or registers the set value. [By pressing the Mode Key, the set (or selected) value can be registered.]

(15) OUT/OFF Key ((U))

Switches Control output OFF or Auto/Manual control.

To release the Control output OFF function, press this key for approx. 1 second.

• If Control output OFF function is selected during OUT/OFF Key function selection mode, the control output can be turned on or off.

Once the Control output OFF function is enabled, the function cannot be released even if the power to the instrument is turned OFF and turned ON again.

To cancel the function, press the OUT/OFF Key again for approx. 1 second.

 If Auto/Manual control function is selected during OUT/OFF Key function selection, automatic control is performed when the power to the controller is turned on. In this status, if the OUT/OFF Key is pressed, the automatic control output is switched to manual control output and vice versa.

This function can be switched only in the PV/SV display mode.

Notice

When setting the specifications and functions of this controller, connect terminals 2 and 4 for power source first, then set them referring to "5. Setup" before performing "3. Mounting to the Control Panel" and "4. Wiring".

(Be sure to perform input specification change at this time.)

3. Mounting to the Control Panel

3.1 Site Selection

This instrument is intended to be used under the following environmental conditions (IEC61010-1): Overvoltage category II, Pollution degree 2

Ensure the mounting location corresponds to the following conditions:

- (1) A minimum of dust, and an absence of corrosive gases
- (2) No flammable, explosive gases
- (3) No mechanical vibrations or shocks
- (4) No exposure to direct sunlight, an ambient temperature of 0 to 50°C (32 to 122°F) that does not change rapidly, and no icing
- (5) An ambient non-condensing humidity of 35 to 85%RH
- (6) No large capacity electromagnetic switches or cables through which large current is flowing
- (7) No water, oil or chemicals or where the vapors of these substances can come into direct contact with the unit

Screw type mounting bracket

(8) Take note that ambient temperature of this unit must not exceed 50°C (122°F) if mounted through the face of a control panel. Otherwise the life of electronic components (especially electrolytic capacitors) may be shortened.

3.2 External Dimensions (Scale: mm)

(Fig. 3.2-1)

3.3 Panel Cutout (Scale: mm)





Lateral close mounting n: Number of units mounted

(Fig. 3.3-1)

3.4 CT (Current transformer) External Dimensions (Scale: mm)



3.5 Mounting



Notice

As the case is made of resin, do not use excessive force while screwing in the mounting bracket, or the case or screw type mounting bracket could be damaged. The torque should be 0.12 N•m.

Mounting panel thickness is 1 to 8 mm.

Insert the instrument from the front side of the panel.

Attach the mounting bracket by the holes at the top and bottom of the case, and secure in place with the screws.



4. Wiring

🚹 Warning

Turn the power supply to the instrument off before wiring or checking. Working on or touching the terminal with the power switched on may result in severe injury or death due to Electric Shock.

Moreover, the instrument must be grounded before the power supply to the instrument is turned on.

4.1 Terminal Arrangement



(Fig. 4.1-1)

- GND: Grounding
- OUT1: Control output 1
- OUT2/HB: Control output 2 (D option) or Heater burnout alarm output
- P24: Insulated power output 24 V DC
- RS-485: Serial communication (RS-485)
- CT: CT input
- SV2: Does not function
- A1: Alarm 1 output
- A2/LA(HB): Alarm 2, Loop break alarm or Heater burnout alarm output
- TC: Thermocouple input
- RTD: RTD input
- DC: Direct current input, DC voltage input

For current input, 50 $\,\Omega\,$ shunt resistor must be connected between input terminals.

Notice

- The terminal block of JCM-33A series is designed to be wired from the left side. The lead wire must be inserted from the left side of the terminal, and fastened with the terminal screw.
- Terminals with dotted lines show options, and they are equipped only when the options are added.
- If A2 (option) and Heater burnout alarm (option) are added together, use terminals 17 and 18 for the A2, and 8 and 9 for the Heater burnout alarm.
- If the Heating/Cooling control (option) and Heater burnout alarm (option) are added together, use terminals 8 and 9 for the Heating/Cooling control, and 17 and 18 for the Heater burnout alarm.
- When only Heater burnout alarm (option) is added, use terminals 8 and 9.
- When A2 (option) and LA (option) are added together, they utilize common output terminals.
- If the Insulated power output (option) is added, Heating/Cooling control (option) and Heater burnout alarm (option) cannot be added.

• Lead Wire Solderless Terminal

Use a solderless terminal with an insulation sleeve in which an M3 screw fits as shown below. The tightening torque should be 0.63 N•m.

Solderless terminal	Manufacturer	Model	Tightening torque
V to up a	Nichifu Terminal Industries CO., LTD.	TMEX1.25Y-3	
Y type	Japan Solderless Terminal MFG CO.,LTD.	VD1.25-B3A	0.02 Num
Ring type	Nichifu Terminal Industries CO., LTD.	TMEX1.25-3	0.63 N•m
	Japan Solderless Terminal MFG CO.,LTD.	V1.25-3	



4.2 Wiring Examples

Notice

- Use a thermocouple and compensating lead wire according to the sensor input specifications of this controller.
- Use the 3-wire RTD according to the sensor input specifications of this controller.
- This controller does not have a built-in power switch, circuit breaker or fuse. It is necessary to install them in the circuit near the external controller. (Recommended fuse: Time-lag fuse, rated voltage 250 V AC, rated current 2 A)
- For a 24 V AC/DC power source, do not confuse polarity when using direct current (DC).
- When using a relay contact output type, use a relay externally according to the capacity of the load to protect the built-in relay contact.
 To prevent the unit from harmful effects of unexpected high level noise, it is recommended that a surge absorber be installed between the electromagnetic switch coils.
- When wiring, keep the input wire (Thermocouple, RTD, etc.) away from AC sources or load wires.
- Use a thick wire (1.25 to 2.0 mm²) for grounding.

[Heater Burnout Alarm Output]

- (1) This alarm is not available for detecting heater current under phase control.
- (2) Use the current transformer (CT) provided, and pass one lead wire of the heater circuit into the hole of the CT. Solder the lead wires from the CT input terminals to the CT terminals. (There is no polarity.)
- (3) When wiring, keep CT wire away from any AC source and load wire to avoid external interference.



(Fig. 4.2-1)



(Fig. 4.2-2)

- For a 24 V AC/DC power source, do not confuse polarity when using direct current (DC).
- When using Shinko SSR, the number of parallel connections is as follows. SA-400 series: 5 units SA-500 series: 2 units

[JCM-33A-S/E]

5. Setup

For the thermocouple and RTD input, the sensor input characters and temperature unit are indicated on the PV display, and the input range high limit value is indicated on the SV display for approx. 3 seconds after the power is turned on. See (Table 5-1).

For DC input, the sensor input characters are indicated on the PV display, and the scaling high limit value is indicated on the SV display. See (Table 5-1).

If any other value is set during the scaling high limit setting, the value will be indicated on the SV display.

During this time, all outputs and the LED indicators are in OFF status. Control will start indicating the PV on the PV display and SV1 on the SV display. While Control output OFF function is working, $\Box F F \square$ is indicated on the PV display. To cancel this function, press the OUT/OFF Key for approx. 1 second.

Concer input		C		F		
Sensor input	PV display	SV display	PV display	SV display		
V	F	1370	E F	2500		
n	E .C	4000	EF	7500		
J	J	1000	JF	1800		
R	r [[[1760	r F	3200		
S	<u>ч</u> Е	1760	Ъ F	3200		
В	Ь	1820	ЬF	3300		
E	Ε	800	E F	1500		
Т	Γ	4000	ſF	7500		
Ν	n [[1300	n F	2300		
PL-Ⅱ	PLZE	1390	PL2F	2500		
C (W/Re5-26)	cC	23 /5	c F	4200		
D+100	PF _C	8500	PF F	9999		
Ptilou	ΡΓΞΕ	850	PT_F	1500		
	JPFE	5000	JPFF	9000		
JPITOU	JPFE	500	JPFF	900		
4 to 20 mA DC	420A					
0 to 20 mA DC	020R					
0 to 1 V DC	0 18	Ceeling high				
0 to 5 V DC	0_58	Scaling high				
1 to 5 V DC	1058					
0 to 10 V DC	0 108					

(Table 5-1)

5.1 Operation Flowchart

Outline of Operation Procedure

Set Input type, Alarm (type, value	ue, etc.) and SV, following the procedures below. Setting item numbers (1) to (7) are indicated on the flowchart.						
[Step 1 Operation before Run]	p 1 Operation before Run] Turn the load circuit power OFF, and turn the power supply to the JCM-33A ON.						
[Step 2 Auxiliary function	Set Input type and Alarm type, etc. in Auxiliary function setting mode 2.						
setting mode 2]) Input type: Select an input type. Refer to "Input type (character indication) and range" on page 17. 2) A1 type: Select Alarm 1 type. Refer to "Alarm type" on page 17.						
	[If an alarm type except for "" is selected, items (3) to (5) will be indicated and they can be set if necessary.]						
	Note: If an alarm type is changed, the alarm set value becomes 0 (0.0). Therefore it						
	is necessary to set it again.						
	 (3) A1 action Energized/De-energized: Select Alarm 1 action Energized or De-energized. (4) A1 hysteresis: Set A1 hysteresis. 						
	(5) A1 action delay timer: Set A1 action delay time.						
[Step 3 Sub setting mode]	(6) A1 value: Set action point of A1 output in the Sub setting mode.						
[Step 4 Main setting mode]	(7) SV1: Set SV in the Main setting mode.						
[Step 5 Run]	Turn the load circuit power ON. Control action starts so as to keep the control target at the SV.						



Input Type (character indication) and Range	Alarm type
Implify type (character induction) and range $E = F: K = -200$ to 1370 °C $E = F: K = -320$ to 2500 °F $E = F = -199.9$ to 400.0 °C $F = -199.9$ to 750.0 °F $G = F = -199.9$ to 1000 °C $G = F: J = -320$ to 1800 °F $G = F = F = K$ 0 to 1760 °C $F = F: K = 0$ to 3200 °F $F = F: K = 0$ to 3200 °F $F = F: K = 0$ to 3200 °F $F = F: K = 0$ to 3300 °F $F = F: K = -200$ to 800 °C $F = F: K = -200$ to 1300 °C $F = F: K = -320$ to 1500 °F $F = F: K = -200$ to 1300 °C $F = F: K = -320$ to 1300 °C $F = F: K = -320$ to 2300 °F $F = F: K = -320$ to 1300 °C $F = F: K = -320$ to 1300 °C $F = F: K = -320$ to 2300 °F $F = F: K = -320$ to 1300 °C $F = F: K = -320$ to 2300 °F $F = F: K = -320$ to 2300 °F $F = F: K = -320$ to 2300 °C $F = F: K = -320$ to 2300 °C $F = F: K = -320$ to 2300 °C $F = F: K = -320$ to 2300 °C $F = F: K = -320$ to 2300 °C $F = F: K = -320$ to 2300 °C $F = F: K = -11 = 0$ to 2500 °C $G = F: F: K = -11 = 0$ to 2500 °C $F = F: K = -11 = 0$ to 2500 °C </th <td> H (High limit alarm): The alarm action is ±deviation setting from the SV. The alarm is activated if the input value reaches the high limit set value. L (Low limit alarm): The alarm action is ±deviation setting from the SV. The alarm is activated if the input value goes under the low limit set value. HL (High/Low limits alarm): Combines High limit and Low limit alarm actions. When input value reaches high limit set value or goes under the low limit set value, the alarm is activated. u (High/Low limit range alarm): When input value is between the high limit set value and low limit set value, the alarm is activated. U (Process high alarm), r R □ (Process low alarm): Within the input range of the controller, alarm action points can be set at random and if the input reaches the randomly set action point, the alarm is activated. H □ ū (High/Low limits alarm with standby), L □ ū (Low limit alarm with standby), HL □ ū (High/Low limits alarm with standby): After the power supply to the instrument is turned on, even if the input enters the alarm action range, the alarm is not activated even if input is in the alarm action range. (If the controller is allowed to keep running, once the input exceeds the alarm action point, the standby function will be released.) </td>	 H (High limit alarm): The alarm action is ±deviation setting from the SV. The alarm is activated if the input value reaches the high limit set value. L (Low limit alarm): The alarm action is ±deviation setting from the SV. The alarm is activated if the input value goes under the low limit set value. HL (High/Low limits alarm): Combines High limit and Low limit alarm actions. When input value reaches high limit set value or goes under the low limit set value, the alarm is activated. u (High/Low limit range alarm): When input value is between the high limit set value and low limit set value, the alarm is activated. U (Process high alarm), r R □ (Process low alarm): Within the input range of the controller, alarm action points can be set at random and if the input reaches the randomly set action point, the alarm is activated. H □ ū (High/Low limits alarm with standby), L □ ū (Low limit alarm with standby), HL □ ū (High/Low limits alarm with standby): After the power supply to the instrument is turned on, even if the input enters the alarm action range, the alarm is not activated even if input is in the alarm action range. (If the controller is allowed to keep running, once the input exceeds the alarm action point, the standby function will be released.)

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Press	\bigtriangledown	key for approx.	3 sec while holding down the	\triangle	key.
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[Auxiliary Function Setting Mode 2]

►

<i>(</i>)	Input	type	• Make a selection with the $ riangle$ or $ riangle$ key.		
(1)	PV קבהק	^{SV} Selection	・Default: と	Γ	
		\bigcirc		(2)	
	Scaling h	nigh limit	• Set the value with the $ riangle$ or $ riangle$ key.	L	
	PV 451H	sv Value	Available for the current, voltage input.	Г	
		\square		-	A2 t
	Scaling	low limit	• Set the value with the \wedge or ∇ key	L	PV HLCF
		SV Value	Available for the current voltage input	r	
		Value	Available for the current, voltage input.	(2)	A1 a
ĺ				(3)	Energized/D
	Decimal p	oint place	• Make a selection with the \triangle or \lor key.	l	יהונה
		^{SV} Selection	Available for the current, voltage input.	_	
		\square		ſ	A2 a
	PV filte	er time		-	Energized/D
	cons	stant	• Set the value with the $ riangle$ or $ imes$ key.		PV He'Ln
				L	
					A1 hvs
	OUT1 h	igh limit	• Set the value with the $ riangle$ or $ riangle$ key.	(4)	PV 8 184
	PV ol H	^{sv} Value	Not available for ON/OFF control.		
		\bigcirc			
	OUT1 l	ow limit	• Set the value with the \triangle or ∇ key.		A2 hys
	PV oll	^{sv} Value	Not available for ON/OFF control.		PV 8289
				L	
	OUT1 C)N/OFF	A 57	Г	A1 action (
	hyste	eresis	• Set the value with the $ riangle$ or $ imes$ key.	(5)	
	PV HHS	^{sv} Value	Available only for ON/OFF control.		₽V <i>₿\₫</i> Ӌ
		\bigcirc		L	
	OUT2 act	tion mode	• Make a selection with the \wedge or ∇ key	Γ	A2 action c
	PV_B_T	SV.Selection	Available only when Heating/Cooling control		
			(OUT2) option is added.		PV 8239
		iah limit	\sim Set the value with the \wedge or ∇ key	-	
		ign iimit SV Valua	 Set the value with the △ or ∨ key. Available only when Heating/Cooling control 	Γ	Direct/Reve
	'' <u>o</u> lno	S* Value	(OUT2) option is added.	-	PVcani
		\mathbf{Q}	A 177	L	
	OUT2 le	ow limit	• Set the value with the \triangle or \bigvee key.	٦	
	^{pv} ollb	^{sv} Value	Available only when Heating/Cooling control (OUT2) option is added	ŀ	
	L	\Box		Ĺ	
	Overlan/D	ead hand	• Set the value with the \bigwedge or ∇ kov	г	
		SV Value	• Available only when Heating/Cooling control	-	SVTC
	···	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(OUT2) option is added.		PV 58_5
	$\downarrow \bigcirc$				
OUT2 ON/OFF		DN/OFF	• Set the value with the \triangle or ∇ key.	ſ	Output
	hyste	eresis	Available when Heating/Cooling control	ļ	when input
	PV # 445	^{sv} Value	(OUT2) option is added.		PV Eolli
		\bigcirc		L	
	•	r	/	Г	

]	
		7	Make a calculation with the \wedge on ∇ have
(2)		type	• Make a selection with the \bigtriangleup or \lor key.
	rv Ril i F	³ Selection	• Default:
		\mathcal{Q}	[]
	A2 1	уре	• Make a selection with the $ riangle$ or $ imes$ key.
	PV ALZE	^{SV} Selection	Available only when A2 option is added.
		\bigcirc	
$\langle \mathbf{o} \rangle$	A1 a	ction	• Make a selection with the $ riangle$ or $ riangle$ key.
(3)	Energized/D	e-energized	 Not available if " " is selected during
	₽V <i>┨╎</i> <u>╎</u> ┐	^{SV} Selection	A1 type selection.
		\bigcirc	
	A2 a	ction	• Make a selection with the \wedge or ∇ key.
	Energized/D	e-energized	• Not available if " " is selected during
	PV RELA	^{SV} Selection	A2 type selection.
		\Box	
	A1 hve	torosis	• Set the value with the \bigwedge or ∇ key
(4)		SV Value	• Not available if "" is selected during
		Value	A1 type selection.
		\mathcal{O}	
	A2 hys	teresis	• Set the value with the $ riangle$ or $ riangle$ key.
	PV RZHY	^{sv} Value	Not available if "" is selected during
			A2 type selection.
1	A1 action (dolay timor	
(5)	ATACIUT	leiay inner	• Set the value with the \triangle or \lor key.
	₽V # 189	^{sv} Value	A1 type selection
ļ			
	A2 action of	delav timer	• Set the value with the Λ or ∇ key
	· — ····· · ··· / ····		• Not available if "" is selected during
	₽V ₽2d¥	^{sv} Value	A2 type selection.
		\bigcirc	
	Direct/Reve	erse control	• Make a selection with the \triangle or $ abla$ kev.
	PV coni	SV Selection	・Default: HERF
I		\bigcirc	·



5.2 Main Setting Mode

To enter the Main setting mode, press the \bigcirc key. The SV can be increased or decreased with the \triangle or ∇ key.

Pressing the \bigcirc key registers the SV, and proceeds to the PV/SV Display mode.

Character	Name, Function, Setting range	Default value				
4	SV1	0 °C				
•	Sets SV1 (desired value).					
	Setting range: SV low limit to SV high limit, or					
	Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit value					

5.3 Sub Setting Mode

To enter the Sub setting mode, press the \bigcirc key while holding down the \triangle key. The set values can be increased or decreased with the \triangle or ∇ key. Pressing the Ω key registers the set value, and proceeds to the next setting item.

Character	Name, Function, Setting range	Default value					
85	AT/Auto-reset	AT/Auto-reset					
	 Selects AT Perform/Cancel (PID control) or 	Cancel					
	Auto-reset (offset correction) Perform/Cancel (PD or P control).						
	Not available for ON/OFF or PI control.						
	• Selection item: : AT/Auto-reset Cancel						
	יה בי : Al/Auto-reset Perform						
	 If AT Perform is selected, the AT indicator flashes, and the the DV/SV diaplay mode. 	e unit reverts to					
	When AT is finished, the AT indicator is turned off and P, I values are automatically set	, D, ARW					
	• During AT, none of the settings can be carried out.						
	 If AT is cancelled during the process, P, I, D, ARW values return to the previous values. 						
	• If the ① key (OUT/OFF Key) is pressed during AT, the Control output						
	OFF function initiates. Pressing the \oplus key again cancels the AT.						
	 AT will be forced to stop if it has not been completed with 	in 4 hours.					
	[Auto-reset]						
	• If Auto-reset Perform is selected, offset correction immed	iately starts,					
	(correction value is automatically set, and the AT indicator flashes) and						
	the unit reverts to the PV/SV display mode.						
	minutes after starting.						
	After auto-reset is completed, the AT indicator is turned off, and all						
	settings can be performed.	-					
P	OUT1 Proportional Band	10℃					
	 Sets OUT1 proportional band. 						
	• ON/OFF control when set to 0 or 0.0.						
	• Setting range: 0 to 1000° (0 to 2000° F)						
	DC input: 0.0 to 100.0%						

Character	Name, Function, Setting range Default value							
Р_Ь	OUT2 Proportional Band		1.0 times					
	Sets OUT2 proportional band.							
	OUT2 becomes ON/OFF control when set to 0.0.							
	Not available if Heating/Cooling control (option) is not added, or if OUT1							
	is in ON/OFF control.							
	Setting range: 0.0 to 10.0 times (Multiplied value of OUT1 proportional							
	band)						
1	Integral Time 200 sec							
	Sets the integral time.							
	Setting the value to 0 disables the fund	ction (PD control).						
	 Not available if OUT1 is in ON/OFF co 	ontrol						
	Setting range: 0 to 1000 seconds		I					
d	Derivative Time		50 sec					
	 Sets the derivative time. 							
	Setting the value to 0 disables the fund	ction (PI control).						
	Not available if OUT1 is in ON/OFF co	ontrol						
-	Setting range: 0 to 300 seconds		500/					
	Sets the ARW (anti-reset windup).							
	• Available only for PID control.							
	• Setting range: 0 to 100%							
<i>c</i>	Sets OLIT1 proportional cycle							
	Sets OUT 1 proportional cycle.							
	With the relay contact output type	if the propertional	N/OFF control.					
	decreased the frequency of the rel	av action increased	cycle time is					
	of the relay contact is shortened	ay action increases	s, and the me					
	Setting range: 1 to 120 seconds							
, ()	OUIT2 Propertional Cycle Balay contact substitute 20 coo							
	Sets OUT2 proportional cycle	Non-contact voltage	e output: 3 sec					
	• Not available for the current output for							
	Not available if Heating/Cooling control	ol (option) is not add	ed or if OUT2					
	is in ON/OFE control							
	• With the relay contact output type.	if the proportional	cvcle time is					
	decreased, the frequency of the relay action increases, and the life							
	of the relay contact is shortened.							
	Setting range: 1 to 120 seconds							
8 1	A1 Value		0 °C					
	• Sets the action point of Alarm 1 (A1) of	output.						
	Setting the value to 0 or 0.0 disable	s the function (exc	ept Process					
	high and Process low alarm).							
	Not available if No alarm action is sele	ected during A1 type	selection.					
	• Setting range: Refer to (Table 5.3-1) (o.22).						

Character	Name, Function, Setting range	Default value						
82	A2 Value	0°C						
	Sets the action point of Alarm 2 (A2) output.							
	• Setting the value to 0 or 0.0 disables the function (except Process							
	high and Process low alarm).							
	Not available if A2 output (option) is not added or if No alarm action is							
	selected during A2 type selection.							
	Setting range: Refer to (Table 5.3-1).							
Н,	Heater Burnout Alarm Value	0.0 A						
xx.x	• Sets the heater current value for Heater burnout alarm.							
(xx.x: CT	Setting the value to 0.0 disables the function.							
current	Character H and CT current value are indicated alternately of	n the PV display.						
value)	When OUT1 is ON, the CT current value is updated. When	OUT1 is OFF,						
Alternating	heater current value shows the same value as when OUT	1 was ON.						
display	• It is recommended to set approx. 80% of the heater current	nt value in						
	consideration of the voltage fluctuation.							
	• Upon returning to set limits, the alarm will stop.	ا ما م						
	• Available only when the Heater burnout alarm option is ac	ided.						
	• Setting range:							
	Rated current 30 A: 0.0 to 30 A Rated current 50 A: 0.0	to 10.0 A						
	Loop Break Alarm Time	0 min						
1271	• Sets the time to assess the Loop break alarm	0 11111						
	• Available only when I oon break alarm (ontion) is added							
	• Setting range: 0 to 200 minutes							
1.71.11	Loon Break Alarm Snan							
	• Sets the span to assess the Loop break alarm	0.0						
	• Available only when I oon break alarm (ontion) is added							
	• Setting range: 0 to 150° With a decimal point: 0.0 to 150°							
	DC input: 0 to 1500 (The placement of the decimal point							
	follows the selection.)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						

Loop Break Alarm

The alarm will be activated when the PV does not **rise** as much as the span or more within the time it takes to assess the Loop break alarm after the manipulated variable has reached 100% or the output high limit value. The alarm will also be activated when the PV does not **fall** as much as the span or more within the time it takes to assess the Loop break alarm after the manipulated variable has reached 0% or the output low limit value. When the control action is Direct (Cooling), read "**fall**" for "**rise**" and vice versa.

Setting Range of A1 and A2 Value (Table 5 3-1)

Alarm type	Setting range	
High limit alarm	–Input span to input span ℃ (°F)	(*1)
Low limit alarm	–Input span to input span ℃ (℉)	(*1)
High/Low limits alarm	0 to input span ℃ (℉)	(*1)
High/Low limit range alarm	0 to input span ℃ (℉)	(*1)
Process high alarm	Input range low limit to input range high limit	(*2)
Process low alarm	Input range low limit to input range high limit	(*2)
High limit alarm with standby	–Input span to input span ℃ (℉)	(*1)
Low limit alarm with standby	–Input span to input span ℃ (℉)	(*1)
High/Low limits alarm with standby	0 to input span ℃ (℉)	(*1)

When the input has a decimal point, the negative low limit value is –199.9, and the positive high limit value is 999.9.

(*1) For DC input, the input span is the same as the scaling span.

(*2) For DC input, input range low(or high) limit value is the same as scaling low(or high) limit value.

5.4 Auxiliary Function Setting Mode 1

To enter Auxiliary function setting mode 1, press the \bigcirc key for approx. 3 seconds while holding down the \bigtriangledown key.

The set value can be increased or decreased with the \triangle or ∇ key. Pressing the \square key registers the set value, and proceeds to the next setting item

Intracter Value, runction, setting range Default value Lock Set Value Lock Unlock • Locks the set value to prevent setting errors. The setting item to be locked differs depending on the selection. When selecting Lock, set the necessary items in the Unlock status, then select Lock 1, Lock 2 or Lock 3. • Selection item:	Character	Name Eulerien Setting range						
Lock Unlock • Locks the set value to prevent setting errors. The setting item to be locked differs depending on the selection. • When selecting Lock, set the necessary items in the Unlock status, then select Lock 1, Lock 2 or Lock 3. • Selection item: (Unlock) : All set values can be changed. Loc Z (Lock 2) : Only SV1 and SV2 can be changed. Loc Z (Lock 2) : Only SV1 and SV2 can be changed. Loc Z (Lock 2) : Only SV1 and SV2 can be changed. Loc Z (Lock 2) : Only SV1 and SV2 can be changed. Loc Z (Lock 3) : All set values except input type can be changed temporarily. However, changed values revert to their previous value after power-off because they are not saved in the non-volatile IC memory. Do not change any setting item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2 is changed, it will affect other setting items such as SV and Alarm value. Be sure to select Lock 3 when changing the set values frequently via communication function. (If the value set by the communication function is the same as the value before the setting, the value will not be written in non-volatile IC memory.) 5/H SV High Limit. 1370°C 5kt SV high limit. Setting range: SV low limit to input range high limit value DC input: SV low limit to scaling high limit value (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) 5/L SV Low Limit. Setting range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) 5/L Sets the sensor correction value. Setting range: -	Character	Name, Function, Setting range						
• Locks the set value to prevent setting errors. The setting item to be locked differs depending on the selection. • When selecting Lock, set the necessary items in the Unlock status, then select Lock 1, Lock 2 or Lock 3. • Selection item: (Unlock) : All set values can be changed. i ac i (Lock 1) : None of set values can be changed. i ac i (Lock 2) : Only SV1 and SV2 can be changed. i ac i (Lock 2) : Only SV1 and SV2 can be changed. i ac i (Lock 3) : All set values except input type can be changed temporarily. However, changed values revert to their previous value after power-off because they are not saved in the non-volatile IC memory. Do not change any setting item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2 is changed, it will affect other setting items such as SV and Alarm value. Be sure to select Lock 3 when changing the set values frequently via communication function. (If the value set by the communication function function. If the value before the setting, the value will not be written in non-volatile IC memory.) b/H SV High Limit • Setting range: SV low limit to input range high limit value (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) b/L SV Low Limit • Setting range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) b/L Sensor Correction 0.0°C	Loct		UNIOCK					
'When selecting Lock, set the necessary items in the Unlock status, then select Lock 1, Lock 2 or Lock 3. 'Selection item: (Unlock) : All set values can be changed. Lock 2) : Only SV1 and SV2 can be changed. Lock 3) : All set values except input type can be changed temporarily. However, changed values revert to their previous value after power-off because they are not saved in the non-volatile IC memory. Do not change any setting item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2. If any item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2. If any item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2. If any item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2. If any item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2. If any item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2. If any item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2. If any item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2. If any item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2. If any item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2. If any item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2. If any item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2. If any item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2. If any item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2. If any item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2. If any item in Auxiliary function function. (If the value set by the communication function function. (If the value set by the communication function is the same as the value before the setting, the value will not be written in non-volatile IC memory.) 'H SV High Limit 1370°C 'Sets SV high limit. Setting range: SV low limit to input range high limit value DC input: SV low limit to scaling high limit value DC input: SV low limit to scaling high limit value 'L SV Low Limit -200°C 'S		Locks the set value to prevent setting errors.						
• When selecting Lock, set the necessary items in the Unlock status, then select Lock 1, Lock 2 or Lock 3. • Selection item: (Unlock) : All set values can be changed. Loc 2 (Lock 1) : None of set values can be changed. Loc 2 (Lock 2) : Only SV1 and SV2 can be changed. Loc 2 (Lock 3) : All set values except input type can be changed temporarily. However, changed values revert to their previous value after power-off because they are not saved in the non-volatile IC memory. Do not change any setting item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2 is changed, it will affect other setting items such as SV and Alarm value. Be sure to select Lock 3 when changing the set values frequently via communication function. (If the value set by the communication function is the same as the value before the setting, the value will not be written in non-volatile IC memory.) '>H SV High Limit · Sets SV high limit. Setting range: SV low limit to input range high limit value DC input: SV low limit to scaling high limit value (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) '>L SV Low Limit 200°C '> Sets SV low limit. Setting range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) 'no Sensor Correction 0.0°C		The setting item to be locked differs depending on the selection.						
select Lock 1, Lock 2 or Lock 3. • Selection item: (Unlock) : All set values can be changed. Loc 2 (Lock 1) : None of set values can be changed. Loc 2 (Lock 2) : Only SV1 and SV2 can be changed. Loc 2 (Lock 3) : All set values except input type can be changed temporarily. However, changed values revert to their previous value after power-off because they are not saved in the non-volatile IC memory. Do not change any setting item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2. If any item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2 is changed, it will affect other setting items such as SV and Alarn value. Be sure to select Lock 3 when changing the set values frequently via communication function. (If the value before the setting, the value will not be written in non-volatile IC memory.) '>High Limit • Setting range: SV low limit to input range high limit value DC input: SV low limit to scaling high limit value C input: SV low limit to scaling high limit • Set SV low limit. • Sets SV low limit. • Sets SV low limit. • Setting range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit		When selecting Lock, set the necessary items in the Unloc	ck status, then					
Selection item: (Unlock) : All set values can be changed. L α ⊂ I (Lock 1) : None of set values can be changed. L α ⊂ Z (Lock 2) : Only SV1 and SV2 can be changed. L α ⊂ Z (Lock 3) : All set values except input type can be changed temporarily. However, changed values revert to their previous value after power-off because they are not saved in the non-volatile IC memory. Do not change any setting item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2. If any item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2 is changed, it will affect other setting items such as SV and Alarm value. Be sure to select Lock 3 when changing the set values frequently via communication function. (If the value set by the communication function is the same as the value before the setting, the value will not be written in non-volatile IC memory.) SH High Limit 1370°C SV High Limit 1370°C Sets SV high limit. Setting range: SV low limit to input range high limit value DC input: SV low limit to scaling high limit value (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) h SV Low Limit -200°C Sets SV low limit. Setting range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) h Sets the sensor correction value. 0.0°C		select Lock 1, Lock 2 or Lock 3.						
'' (Unlock) : All set values can be changed. Lac ' (Lock 1) : None of set values can be changed. Lac '' (Lock 2) : Only SV1 and SV2 can be changed. Lac '' (Lock 3) : All set values except input type can be changed temporarily. However, changed values revert to their previous value after power-off because they are not saved in the non-volatile IC memory. Do not change any setting item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2. If any item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2 is changed, it will affect other setting items such as SV and Alarm value. Be sure to select Lock 3 when changing the set values frequently via communication function. (If the value set by the communication function is the same as the value before the setting, the value will not be written in non-volatile IC memory.) '		Selection item:						
Image:		(Unlock) : All set values can be changed.						
Image: Section of the section of th		$L \square = i$ (Lock 1) : None of set values can be changed.						
SV High Limit 1370°C SV High Limit 1370°C SV Low Limit 200°C SV Low Limit 200°C SV Low Limit 0.0°C Set SV low limit. 0.0°C Set SV low limit. 0.0°C		$L \Box \Box \Box \Box'$ (Lock 2) : Only SV1 and SV2 can be changed.						
Image: Section 2.1.1 However, changed values revert to their previous value after power-off because they are not saved in the non-volatile IC memory. Do not change any setting item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2. If any item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2 is changed, it will affect other setting items such as SV and Alarm value. Be sure to select Lock 3 when changing the set values frequently via communication function. (If the value set by the communication function is the same as the value before the setting, the value will not be written in non-volatile IC memory.) SV High Limit 1370°C • Sets SV high limit. • Sets SV low limit to input range high limit value DC input: SV low limit to scaling high limit value (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) SV Low Limit -200°C • Sets SV low limit. • Sets of the decimal point follows the selection) Substruct the sensor correction value. 0.0°C • Sets the sensor correction value. 0.0°C		$\Box \Box \Box \Box \exists$ (Lock 3) : All set values except input type can be	changed					
Image: Second state in the power-on because they are not saved in the non-volatile IC memory. Do not change any setting item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2. If any item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2 is changed, it will affect other setting items such as SV and Alarm value. Be sure to select Lock 3 when changing the set values frequently via communication function. (If the value set by the communication function is the same as the value before the setting, the value will not be written in non-volatile IC memory.) SV High Limit 1370°C • Sets SV high limit. • Sets SV low limit to input range high limit value DC input: SV low limit to scaling high limit value (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) SV Low Limit -200°C • Sets SV low limit. • Sets ing range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit DC input: Scaling low limit value to SV high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) Sets the sensor correction value. 0.0°C • Setting range: -100.0 to 100.0°C (F) 0.0°C		temporarily. However, changed values rev	ert to their					
Image: Section of the information of th		the non-volatile IC momenty. Do not change	any sotting					
Auxiliary function setting mode 2 is changed, it will affect other setting items such as SV and Alarm value. Be sure to select Lock 3 when changing the set values frequently via communication function. (If the value set by the communication function is the same as the value before the setting, the value will not be written in non-volatile IC memory.) \L SV High Limit 1370°C • Sets SV high limit. • Setting range: SV low limit to input range high limit value DC input: SV low limit to scaling high limit value (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) \L SV Low Limit -200°C • Sets SV low limit. • Setting range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) \L_ Sensor Correction 0.0°C • Sets the sensor correction value. • Setting range: -100.0 to 100.0°C (F) 0.0°C		item in Auxiliary function setting mode 2 If	any item in					
Affect other setting items such as SV and Alarm value. Be sure to select Lock 3 when changing the set values frequently via communication function. (If the value set by the communication function is the same as the value before the setting, the value will not be written in non-volatile IC memory.) SV High Limit 1370°C • Sets SV high limit. • Setting range: SV low limit to input range high limit value DC input: SV low limit to scaling high limit value (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) SV Low Limit -200°C • Setting range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) Sets the sensor correction value. 0.0°C • Sets the sensor correction value. 0.0°C		Auxiliary function setting mode 2 is char	naed, it will					
Be sure to select Lock 3 when changing the set values frequently via communication function. (If the value set by the communication function is the same as the value before the setting, the value will not be written in non-volatile IC memory.) SV High Limit 1370°C • Sets SV high limit. • Setting range: SV low limit to input range high limit value DC input: SV low limit to scaling high limit value (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) SV Low Limit -200°C • Sets SV low limit. • Setting range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit DC input: Scaling low limit value to SV high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) Setting range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) Sets SV low limit. • Setting range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) Setting range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) Sets the sensor correction value. • Sets the sensor correction value. • Setting range: -100.0 to 100.0°C (F) DO in to 100.0°C (F)		affect other setting items such as SV and Al	arm value.					
frequently via communication function. (If the value set by the communication function is the same as the value before the setting, the value will not be written in non-volatile IC memory.) SV High Limit 1370°C • Sets SV high limit. • Sets SV high limit. • Setting range: SV low limit to input range high limit value DC input: SV low limit to scaling high limit value (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) '¬L SV Low Limit • Sets SV low limit. -200°C • Sets SV low limit. 0.0°C • Sets SV low limit. 0.0°C • Sets the sensor correction value. 0.0°C • Sets the sensor correction value. 0.0°C		Be sure to select Lock 3 when changing the set values						
SV High Limit 1370°C SET SV high limit. 1370°C Setting range: SV low limit to input range high limit value DC input: SV low limit to scaling high limit value (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) SV Low Limit -200°C Setting range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit DC input: SCaling low limit value to SV high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) Setting range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) Setting range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) Sets the sensor correction value. Sets the sensor correction value. Setting range: -100.0 to 100.0°C (F)		frequently via communication function. (If the value set by the						
Setting, the value will not be written in non-volatile IC memory.) SV High Limit 1370°C • Sets SV high limit. • Sets SV high limit. • Setting range: SV low limit to input range high limit value DC input: SV low limit to scaling high limit value (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) SV Low Limit -200°C • Sets SV low limit. • Sets SV low limit. • Sets SV low limit. -200°C • Sets SV low limit. • Sets ing range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit DC input: Scaling low limit value to SV high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) '> D Sensor Correction 0.0°C '> Sets the sensor correction value. • Sets the sensor correction value. 0.0°C		communication function is the same as the value before the						
SV High Limit 1370°C • Sets SV high limit. • Sets SV high limit. • Setting range: SV low limit to input range high limit value DC input: SV low limit to scaling high limit value (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) '¬! SV Low Limit • Sets SV low limit. -200°C • Sets SV low limit. -200°C • Setting range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit DC input: Scaling low limit value to SV high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) '¬ Sensor Correction • Sets the sensor correction value. 0.0°C • Setting range: -100.0 to 100.0°C (°F) Sensor for example.		setting, the value will not be written in n	on-volatile IC					
SV High Limit 1370°C • Sets SV high limit. • Sets SV high limit. • Setting range: SV low limit to input range high limit value DC input: SV low limit to scaling high limit value (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) 51 SV Low Limit • Sets SV low limit. • Setting range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit DC input: Scaling low limit value to SV high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) 52 Sensor Correction • Sets the sensor correction value. • Setting range: -100.0 to 100.0°C (°F)		memory.)						
 Sets SV high limit. Setting range: SV low limit to input range high limit value DC input: SV low limit to scaling high limit value (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) SV Low Limit SV Low Limit Sets SV low limit. Setting range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit DC input: Scaling low limit value to SV high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) Sensor Correction Sets the sensor correction value. Setting range: -100.0 to 100.0°C (°F) 	ら <i>H</i> []]	SV High Limit	1370°C					
 Setting range: SV low limit to input range high limit value DC input: SV low limit to scaling high limit value (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) SV Low Limit SV Low Limit Sets SV low limit. Setting range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit DC input: Scaling low limit value to SV high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) Sensor Correction Sets the sensor correction value. Setting range: -100.0 to 100.0°C (F) 		Sets SV high limit.						
SV Low Limit -200°C '¬! SV Low Limit -200°C • Sets SV low limit. • Sets SV low limit. • Setting range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit DC input: Scaling low limit value to SV high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) '¬ Sensor Correction 0.0°C • Sets the sensor correction value. • Setting range: -100.0 to 100.0°C (°F)		Setting range: SV low limit to input range high limit value DC input: SV low limit to cooling high limit value						
'\L SV Low Limit -200°C • Sets SV low limit. • Sets SV low limit. -200°C • Setting range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit DC input: Scaling low limit value to SV high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) '\L Sensor Correction 0.0°C • Sets the sensor correction value. • Setting range: -100.0 to 100.0°C (°F)		DC input: SV low limit to scaling high limit value (The placement of the desimal point follows the coloction)						
 Sets SV low limit. Sets SV low limit. Setting range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit DC input: Scaling low limit value to SV high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) Sensor Correction Sets the sensor correction value. Setting range: -100.0 to 100.0°C (°F) 	· · · ·····	SV Low Limit						
• Setts SV tow minit. • Setting range: Input range low limit value to SV high limit DC input: Scaling low limit value to SV high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) • \neg_{\Box} Sensor Correction • Sets the sensor correction value. • Setting range: -100.0 to 100.0°C (°F)	76	• Sets SV/ low limit	-2000					
Construction 0.0°C Sensor Correction 0.0°C • Sets the sensor correction value. • Setting range: -100.0 to 100.0°C (°F)		• Setting range. Input range low limit value to SV high limit						
(The placement of the decimal point follows the selection) '¬□ Sensor Correction • Sets the sensor correction value. • Setting range: -100.0 to 100.0°C (°F)		DC input: Scaling low limit value to SV high limit						
Sensor Correction 0.0℃ • Sets the sensor correction value. • Setting range: -100.0 to 100.0℃ (下)		(The placement of the decimal point follows the selection)						
 Sets the sensor correction value. Setting range: –100.0 to 100.0℃ (F) 	50	Sensor Correction	0.0°C					
• Setting range: –100.0 to 100.0°C (°F)	••••••	 Sets the sensor correction value. 						
		• Setting range: -100.0 to 100.0°C (°F)						
DC input: -1000 to 1000 (The placement of the decimal		DC input: -1000 to 1000 (The placement of	the decimal					
point follows the selection)		point follows the	selection)					

[Sensor Correction Function]

This corrects the input value from the sensor. When a sensor cannot be set at a location where control is desired, temperatures measured by the sensor may deviate from the temperature in the controlled location. When controlling with plural controllers, sometimes the measured temperatures (input value) do not concur due to difference in sensor accuracy or dispersion of load capacities.

In such a case, the control can be set at the desired temperature by adjusting the input value of sensors. However, it is effective within the input rated range regardless of the sensor correction value.

PV after sensor correction = Current PV + (Sensor correction value)

Character	Name, Function, Setting range	Default value				
الأمام	Communication Protocol	Shinko				
	 Selects the communication protocol. 	protocol				
	Available only when Serial communication (option) is adde	ed.				
	• Selection item : ニュニー (Shinko protocol),					
	nodH (MODBUS ASCII mode), nodr (MODBUS RT	U mode)				
cñna	Instrument Number	0				
	 Sets the instrument number of this unit. 					
	(The instrument number should be set individually when c	ommunicating				
	by connecting plural instruments in Serial communication.	Otherwise				
	communication is impossible.)					
	Available only when the Serial communication (option) is a Setting range: 0 to 05	added				
		0000 hms				
ללהם	Communication Speed 9600 bps					
	• Selects a communication speed equal to that of the host computer.					
	Otherwise communication is impossible.					
	• Selection item: $24(2400 \text{ bns})$ $4800 \text{ bns})$					
	= 35 (9600 bps), $= 32$ (19200 bps), $= 32$					
	Barity	Fven parity				
Entr	- Salasta the parity	Even parity				
	• Not available if Serial communication (option) is not adde	ad or if Shinko				
	protocol is selected during the Communication protocol selection					
	• Selection item: $\sigma\sigma\sigma E$ (No parity) $EHE\sigma$ (Even parity)	/)				
	$\sigma \sigma \sigma' \sigma'$ (Odd parity)	,,				
-, -	Ston Bit	1				
ירחם	Selects the stop bit	<u> </u>				
	Not available if Serial communication (option) is not added or if Shinko					
	protocol is selected during the Communication protocol selection.					
	• Selection item: 1: 1, 2: 2					

5.5 Auxiliary Function Setting Mode 2

To enter Auxiliary function setting mode 2, press the ∇ key for approx. 3 seconds while holding down the \triangle key.

The set value can be increased or decreased by pressing the \triangle or ∇ key. Pressing the \bigcirc key registers the set value, and proceeds to the next setting item. If Lock 3 is selected during Set value lock selection, first release Lock 3 to Unlock, then change each set value in Auxiliary function setting mode 2.

Characte	er	Name, I	unction	, Setting	g ra	nge	Defa	ult value
5E25		Input Type	K (-2	K (–200 to				
		 An input type from the 	ermocoup	le (10 typ	es),	RTD (2 types),	13	70°℃)
		current (2 types) and	voltage	(4 types)	an	d ℃/℉ can be se	lected	
		 When changing the 	ne input	from DC) vc	oltage to other in	puts,	remove
		the sensor connect	ed to the	contro	ller	first, then chang	e the	input. If
		the input is change	input	circuit				
		may break.						
Е СК		–200 to	1370 ℃	E F	Κ	-32	0 to	2500 °F
Е .С к	,	-199.9 to	400.0 ℃	12 F	Κ	-199.9	9 to	750.0 °F
J L J		-200 to	1000℃	JF	J	-32	0 to	1800 ℉
r CR	2	0 to	1760 ℃	r F	R		0 to	3200 °F
5 E S	5	0 to	1760 ℃	5 F	S	(0 to	3200 °F
ЬШСВ		0 to	1820 ℃	5 F	В		0 to	3300 °F

<i>Ε</i> ΕΕΕΕ		-200 to	300° ℃	EEF	E	-320 t	o 1500°F	
ГС т		-199.9	400.0 ℃	Г, F	Т	-199.9 to	o 750.0 °F	
		to						
n ΓΝ		-200 to	1300 ℃	n F	Ν	–320 t	o 2300°F	
<i>PL2E</i> PL	II	0 to	1390℃	PL 2F	PL-Ⅱ	0 t	o 2500°F	
<i>ε</i> Ε C(W/Re5-26)	0 to	2315 ℃	c F	C(W/Re5-26)	0 t	o 4200°F	
PT .C Pt	100	-199.9 to	850.0 ℃	PF F	Pt100	-199.9 t	o 999.9°F	
JPF.E JP	t100	-199.9 to	500.0 ℃	JPF,F	JPt100	-199.9 t	o 900.0°F	
Pres Pt	100	-200 to	850 ℃	PT_F	Pt100	–300 t	o 1500˚F	
JPFE JP	t100	-200 to	500 ℃	JPEE	JPt100	-300 t	o 900°F	
4 <i>208</i> 4 t	o 20 mA DC	-1999 to	9999					
UCUH Ot	o 20 mA DC	-1999 to	9999					
<u>じ</u> ど 0 t	o 1 V DC	-1999 to	9999					
<u>⊔_</u> ≥8 0 t	o 5 V DC	-1999 to	9999					
<i>i</i> ∐⊃8 1 t ⊓_/⊓// ∧/	05VDC	-1999 to	9999					
<i>ບ ເມ</i> ລິ 0 t		-1999 to	9999					
5568	Scaling F	ligh Limit				9	999	
	Sets sca	aling high lir	nit value.					
	Available Setting r	e only for th	ie DC inp	ut nit to Inr	ut range high	limit valu	0	
	• Setting i	(Tho r	nig iow in Nacamar	t of the	decimal point	follows the	e selection)	
1.711	Scaling I	aling Low Limit					_1999	
יי יר							1333	
	• Sets scaling low limit value. • Available only for the DC input							
	Setting range: Input range low limit to scaling high limit value							
	(The placement of the decimal point follows the selection)							
2000	Decimal	Point Place	9			N	lo decimal	
Selects the decimal point pl			ace.		p	oint		
	Available only for the DC in			out				
	Selection	Selection item:						
	LUU: No decimal point							
	$\Box \Box $							
FILE	PV Filter	Time Cons	stant			C	.0 sec	
	Sets PV	Sets PV filter time constant.						
	If the va	lue is set to	o large, i	t affects	the control rea	sult due to	the delay	
	of respo	of response.						
	Setting r	ange: 0.0 t	0 10.0 se	C			000/	
ol H				~··		1	00%	
	Sets the high limit value for OUT1.							
	Not available if OUT1 is in ON/OFF control							
	• Setting range: OUTTIOW IIMIT to TOU% (Relay contact output, non-contact voltage output)							
	OUT1 low limit to 105% (Current output)							
	OUT1 Low Limit					0	%	
	Sets low limit value for OUT1.							
	Not available if OUT1 is in ON/OFF control							
	Setting r	Setting range: 0% to OUT1 high limit (Relay contact output,						
		~		5	Non-contact	voltage o	utput)	
	-5% to OUT1 high limit (Current output)							

Character	Name, Function, Setting range	Default value					
<i>HY5</i>	OUT1 ON/OFF Hysteresis	1.0℃					
	 Sets ON/OFF hysteresis for OUT1. 						
	Available only when OUT1 is in ON/OFF control						
	• Setting range: 0.1 to 100.0 C(F) DC input: 1 to 1000 (The placement of						
	the decimal point follows	the selection.)					
cRcF	OUT2 Action Mode Air cooling						
	 Selects OUT2 cooling action from a choice of: Air cooling 	, oil cooling					
	and water cooling.	na/Coolina					
	control option is not added	ig/Cooling					
	Selection item:						
	$\exists t \in \Box$: Air cooling (linear characteristics)						
	Cil cooling (1.5th power of the linear characteristi	cs)					
	CAR : Water cooling (2nd power of the linear characteris	stics)					
oLH6	OUT2 High Limit	100%					
	 Sets the high limit value for OUT2. Not evaluable if OUT2 is in ON/OEE control or if the Heating 	a/Cooling					
	control option is not added	ig/Cooling					
	Setting range: OUT2 low limit to 100% (Relay contact output)						
	non-contact voltage output)						
	OUT2 low limit to 105% (Current output)						
alla	OUT2 Low Limit	0%					
0000	Sets the low limit value for OUT2.						
	 Not available if OUT2 is in ON/OFF control or if the Heatir 	ng/Cooling					
	control option is not added	ı t					
	Non-contact voltage	e output)					
	-5% to OUT2 high limit (Current output)	,					
db	Overlap/Dead Band	0.0°C					
	Sets the Overlap or Dead band for OUT1 and OUT2.						
	+ Set value: Dead band						
	 Set value: Overlap band 						
	Available only when the Heating/Cooling control option is added						
	• Setting range: –100.0 to 100.0℃ (°F)						
	DC input: -1000 to 1000 (The placement of the decimal						
	point follows the selection)						
<i>НУ</i> 56	OUT2 ON/OFF Hysteresis	1.0°C					
	Sets ON/OFF hysteresis for OUT2.						
	Available when OUT2 is in ON/OFF control and when the Heating/						
	• Setting range: 0.1 to 100 0° (°F)						
	\sim Setting range. 0.1 to 100.0 (r) DC input: 1 to 1000 (The placement of the decimal point						
	follows the selection						

	Name, Function, Setting range	Delault value						
RL IF	А1 Туре	No alarm						
	Selects Alarm 1 (A1) type. Action Action							
	(See Section 7.5 on pages 34, 35.)							
	Note: If A1 type is changed, the A1 value defaults to 0 (0.0).							
	Selection item:							
	$=$: No alarm action B^{-} Process high alarm							
	High limit alarm - Rh Process Iow a	larm						
	Low limit alarm H \tilde{u} : High limit alarm	with standby						
	H_{L} High/Low limits alarm L_{L} U: Low limit alarm	with standby						
	ージーロー: High/Low limit range alarm ガムニロ: High/Low limits	alarm with						
0. 70	A2 Type	No alarm						
RLCH	• Selects Alarm 2 (A2) type.	action						
	(See Section 7.5 on pages 34, 35.)							
	Available only when the A2 option is added							
	Note: If A2 type is changed, the A2 value defaults to 0	(0.0).						
	Therefore it is necessary to set it again.							
	Selection items are the same as those of A1 type.							
RILA	A1 Action Energized/De-energized Energized							
	Selects A1 action Energized/De-energized. (See Energized/De energized function on a 27)							
	• Not available if No alarm action is selected during A1 type selection							
	• Selection item: つロロレ (Energized), 「とどう (De-energized)							
82) A	A2 Action Energized/De-energized	Energized						
,,,_,_,,,	Selects A2 action Energized/De-energized.							
	(See Energized/De-energized function on p.27)							
	 Not available if No alarm action is selected during A2 type 	selection or						
	if A2 (option) is not added							
	 Selection items are the same as those of A1 action Energy Do operatized 	ized/						
πιμμ	A1 Hystoresis	1 0°C						
באו א	• Sate A1 hysteresis	1.0 0						
	 Octo A LINSTELESIS. Not available if No alarm action is selected during A1 type selection 							
	• Setting range: Thermocouple, RTD input: 0.1 to 100.0℃							
	DC input: 1 to 1000 (The placement of the	decimal point						
	follows the selection.)							
RSHR	A2 Hysteresis	1.0℃						
	Sets A2 hysteresis.							
	• Not available if No alarm action is selected during A2 type	selection or						
	If A2 (option) is not added	otting						
	• Setting range is the same as those of the AT hysteresis se							
X 189	AT Action Delay Timer	0 360						
	• Sets A Laction delay timer. When setting time has elanced after the input enters the a	larm output						
	when setting time has elapsed after the input enters the alarm output							
	Not available if No alarm action is selected during A1 type	selection						
	Setting range: 0 to 9999 seconds							
82HY 8 189	 DC input: 1 to 1000 (The placement of the offellows the selection.) A2 Hysteresis Sets A2 hysteresis. Not available if No alarm action is selected during A2 type if A2 (option) is not added Setting range is the same as those of the A1 hysteresis set A1 Action Delay Timer Sets A1 action delay timer. When setting time has elapsed after the input enters the a range, the alarm is activated. 	decimal point 1.0°C selection or etting. 0 sec larm output						

			Bollault Value			
8239	A2 Action Delay Timer 0 sec					
	 Sets A2 action delay timer. When setting time has elapsed after the range, the alarm is activated. Not available if No alarm action is seles or if A2 (option) is not added Setting range: 0 to 9999 seconds 	ne input enters the a acted during A2 type	larm output selection			
conf	Direct/Reverse Control Action		Reverse			
	Selects either Direct (Cooling) or Reve	erse (Heating)	(Heating)			
	control action. • Selection item: <i>出た品に</i> : Reverse (Heat <i>こっ</i> っと: Direct (Cooling	ting) control g) control				
86_6	AT Bias		20 ℃			
	 Sets the bias value when AT is performi (See Section 8.2 on pages 36, 37.) Not available for DC input Setting range: 0 to 50°C (0 to 100°F) With a decimal point: 0. 	ng. .0 to 50.0℃ (0.0 to 1	00.0°F)			
48.5	SVTC Bias		0			
	 SV adds SVTC bias value to the value transmission. Available only when Serial communication. Setting range: Converted value of ±2 DC input: Converted value of ±2 placement of the deciment of the deciment. However, the negative r -19.99 or -1.999. 	e received by the dig ation (option) is adde 0% of the input span 0% of the scaling sp al point follows the s minimum value is –1	ital ed pan (The selection.) 999, –199.9,			
EoUF	Output Status when Input	Outputs OFF (4mA (OUT2) low limit.	() or OUT1			
	 Selects the output status of OUT1 and input is Overscale or Underscale. Available only for Current output with I Selection item: Outputs OFF (4mA) or OUT1 Outputs a value between OFF (4000) OUT1 (OUT2) low limit value and depending on a deviation. 	I OUT2 (D⊡ option) DC input (OUT2) low limit. 4mA) and ON (20mA nd OUT1 (OUT2) high) or between h limit value,			
⊼8nU	OUT/OFF Key Function	Control	output OFF			
	 Selects whether the OUT/OFF Key is function" or for "Auto/Manual control fu Selection item: 。FFロ: Control output OFF function る吊っは; Auto/Manual control function 	used for "Control ou Inction".	tput OFF			

Alarm Action Energized/De-energized Function

[If the alarm action Energized is selected]

When the alarm output indicator is lit, the alarm output (terminals 15-16 or 17-18) is conducted (ON). When the alarm output indicator is unlit, the alarm output is not conducted (OFF). See (Fig. 5.5-1).

[If the alarm action De-energized is selected]

When the alarm output indicator is lit, the alarm output (terminals 15-16 or 17-18) is not conducted (OFF). When the alarm output indicator is unlit, the alarm output is conducted (ON). See (Fig. 5.5-2).

High limit alarm (When Energized is set)

High limit alarm (When De-energized is set)



5.6 Control Output OFF Function

- A function to pause the control action or turn the control output of the unused instrument of the plural units OFF even if the power to the instrument is supplied.
- Pressing the ① key (OUT/OFF Key) for approx. 1 sec from any mode turns the control output OFF.

[aFF] is indicated on the PV display while this function is working.

- Pressing the \bigcirc key again for approx. 1 sec cancels the Control output OFF function.
- Once the Control output OFF function is enabled, the function cannot be released even if the power to the instrument is turned OFF and ON again.
- To cancel the function, press the \bigcirc key again for approx. 1 second.

5.7 Auto/Manual Control Switching

- Select "Auto/Manual control function" during the "OUT/OFF Key function" selection in Auxiliary function setting mode 2.
- Press the key in the PV/SV display mode. Auto/Manual control can be switched.
- If the control action is changed from automatic to manual control, the MV on the SV display flashes. The control can be performed manually by increasing or decreasing the MV on the SV display with the \triangle or ∇ key.

By pressing the 0 key again, the unit reverts to the PV/SV display mode (automatic control).

- When the power supply to the instrument is turned ON, automatic control starts.
- When control is changed from automatic to manual and vice versa, the balancelessbumpless function works to prevent sudden change of MV.
- If Auto/Manual control function is selected, Control output OFF function is disabled.

5.8 MV Indication

- If the \bigcirc key is pressed for approx. 3 seconds in the PV/SV display mode, the MV will be indicated on the SV display. During MV indication, the 2nd decimal point from the right on the SV display flashes at a cycle of 500ms.
- By pressing the \bigcirc key again, the unit reverts to the PV/SV display mode.

6. Operation

After the controller is mounted to the control panel and wiring is completed, operate the controller following the procedures below.

(1) Turn the power supply to the JCM-33A ON.

With thermocouple and RTD input, sensor input characters and temperature unit are indicated on the PV display, and the input range high limit value is indicated on the SV display for approx. 3 seconds after the power is switched ON. See (Table 6-1). With the DC input, sensor input characters are indicated on the PV display, and scaling high limit value is indicated on the SV display for approx. 3 seconds after the power is switched ON. See (Table 6-1).

However, if the scaling high limit value has been changed during the Scaling high limit setting, the changed value is indicated on the SV display.

During this time, all outputs and the LED indicators are in OFF status.

After that, control starts indicating the PV on the PV display and SV1 on the SV display. When the Control output OFF function is working, [aFF] is indicated on the PV display.

Sensor input		°C	۴			
Sensor input	PV display	SV display	PV display	SV display		
K	EEE	סרבו	E	2500		
N	E .C	4000	E F	7500		
J	JE	1000	F	1800		
R	r	1760	F	3200		
S	5	1760	Ъ F	3200		
В	БШЕ	1820	b F	3300		
E	ΕΞΕ	800	E	1500		
Т	Γ <u></u>	4000	<i>Г</i> ∏ . <i>F</i>	7500		
N	n [[1300	n F	2300		
PL-Ⅱ	PLZE	1390	PL2F	2500		
C (W/Re5-26)	c [][[23 /5	c F	4200		
D+100	PF <u>F</u>	8500	PF F	9999		
PITOU	PFEE	850	PT_F	1500		
ID+100	JPF.E	5000	JPF.F	9000		
JPIIOU	JPFE	500	JPEF	900		
4 to 20 mA DC	4208					
0 to 20 mA DC	0208					
0 to 1 V DC	0 18					
0 to 5 V DC	0		mit value			
1 to 5 V DC	1					
0 to 10 V DC	0 108	-				

(Table 6-1)

(2) Input each set value.

Input each set value, referring to "5. Setup".

(3) Turn the load circuit power ON.

Control action starts so as to keep the control target at the SV.

7. Action Explanation

7.1 OUT1 Action



: Turns ON (lit) or OFF (unlit).

7.2 Heater Burnout Alarm Action (Option)



Heater burnout alarm output terminals differs depending on the added options.

When A2 output (option) is added, use terminals 8 and 9 for the Heater burnout alarm.

When Heating/Cooling control (option) is added, use terminals 17 and 18 for the Heater burnout alarm.

7.3 OUT1 ON/OFF Control Action

	Heat	Heating (reverse) action			ooling (direct) ac	tion
Control	ON	Hysteresis			Hysteresis	ON
action	OFF	2	SV	2	SV SV	OFF
Relay contact output R/ □	нб С С С		нб с© г⊘	н С С С С		н С С С С С С
Non-contact voltage output S/ □	+ 6 12V DC - 7		+ 6 _{0V DC} - 7	+ 6 0V DC - 7		+ 6 12V DC - 7
Current output A/ □	+ 6 20mA DC - 7		+ 6 4mA DC - 7	+ 6 4mA DC - 7		+ 6 20mA DC - 7
Indicator (OUT1)Green	Lit	*****	Unlit	Unlit		Lit

: Turns ON (lit) or OFF (unlit).

7.4 OUT2 (Heating/Cooling Control) Action (Option)



: Turns ON (lit) or OFF (unlit).

- ---- : Represents Heating control action.
- - - : Represents Cooling control action.

When Setting Dead Band



: Turns ON (lit) or OFF (unlit).

----- : Represents Heating control action.

- - - : Represents Cooling control action.

When Setting Overlap Band



: Turns ON (lit) or OFF (unlit).

------ : Represents Heating control action.

- - - - : Represents Cooling control action.

7.5 A1 and A2 Actions



	High/Low limits alarm with standby					
Alarm action	OFF A1 value	A1 hysteresis				
Alarm output						

: A1 output terminals 15 and 16 are closed (ON).

EXXX: A1 output terminals 15 and 16 are closed (ON) or opened (OFF).

: A1 output terminals 15 and 16 are opened (OFF).

: Standby functions.

For A2 output, terminals 17 and 18 are used.

The A1 and A2 indicators light when their output terminals are closed (ON), and go off when their output terminals are opened (OFF).

8. Control Action Explanations

8.1 PID

(1) Proportional Band (P)

Proportional action is the action which the control output varies in proportion to the deviation between the SV and the PV.

If the proportional band is narrowed, even if the output changes by a slight variation of the PV, better control results can be obtained as the offset decreases.

However, if the proportional band is narrowed too much, even slight disturbances may cause variation in the PV, control action changes to ON/OFF action and the so-called hunting phenomenon occurs.

Therefore, when the PV comes to the balanced position near the SV and a constant temperature is maintained, the most suitable value is selected by gradually narrowing the proportional band while observing the control results.

(2) Integral Time (I)

Integral action is used to eliminate offset. When the integral time is shortened, the returning speed to the set point is accelerated. However, the cycle of oscillation is also accelerated and control becomes unstable.

(3) Derivative Time (D)

Derivative action is used to restore the change in the PV according to the rate-of-change. It reduces the amplitude of overshoot and undershoot width.

If the derivative time is shortened, the restoring value becomes small, and if the derivative time is extended, an excessive returning phenomenon may occur and the control system may oscillate.

8.2 AT of This Controller

In order to decide each value of P, I, D and ARW automatically, the AT process should be made to fluctuate to obtain an optimal value.

For DC input, the AT process will fluctuate around the SV regardless of the 3 conditions below.

Νotice

- Perform the AT during the trial run.
- During AT, none of the setting items can be set.
- If power failure occurs during AT, the AT stops.
- Sometimes the AT process will not fluctuate if AT is performed at or near room temperature. Therefore AT might not finish normally.

[1] In the case of a large difference between the SV and PV as the temperature is rising.

When AT bias is set to 20° C, the AT process will fluctuate at the temperature 20° C lower than the SV.



- (1) Calculating PID constant
- (2) PID constant calculated
- (3) Controlled by the PID constant set by AT
- (4) AT bias value

[2] In the case of stable control or when control temperature is within SV \pm 20°C The AT process will fluctuate around the SV.



[3] In the case of a large difference between the SV and PV as the temperature is falling When AT bias is set to 20°C, the AT process will fluctuate at the temperature 20°C higher than the SV.



8.3 Auto-reset (Offset Correction)

Auto-reset is performed to correct the offset at the point at which PV indication is stabilized within the proportional band during the PD action.

Since the corrected value is internally memorized, it is not necessary to perform the auto-reset again as long as the process is the same.

However, when OUT1 proportional band is set to 0 or 0.0, the corrected value is cleared. Auto-reset is performed



9. Specifications

9.1 Stand	lard Specifica	ations
Mountir	ng	: Flush
Setting		: Membrane sheet key
Display		
	PV display SV display	: Red LED 4 digits, character size, 14.3 x 8 (H x W) mm : Green LED 4 digits, character size, 10 x 5.5 (H x W) mm
Accurac	cy (Setting, Ir	ndication)
	Thermocoup	le : Within $\pm 0.2\%$ of each input span ± 1 digit or
		within $\pm 2^{\circ}$ (4°F), whichever is greater However, R, S input, 0 to 200°C (0 to 400°F): Within $\pm 6^{\circ}$ C(12°F) B input, 0 to 300°C (0 to 600°F): Accuracy is not guaranteed. K, J, E, T, N input, less than 0°C (32°F): Within $\pm 0.4\%$ of each input span ± 1 digit
	RTD	: Within $\pm 0.1\%$ of each input span ± 1 digit or
		within $\pm 1 \cup (2F)$, whichever is greater
Innutor	voltage, Cur	rent: within $\pm 0.2\%$ of each input span ± 1 digit
Input Sa	ampling perio	Ju : 250 ms
mput	Thermocoup	Io·K I P S B F T N PI-II C (W/Ro5-26)
	mennocoup	External resistance 100 O or less however for B 40 O or less
	RTD	• Pt100 .IPt100 .3-wire system
		Allowable input lead wire resistance, 10 Ω or less per wire
	Current	: 0 to 20 mA DC. 4 to 20 mA DC
		Input impedance, 50 Ω
		[50 Ω shunt resistor (sold separately) must be connected
		between input terminals.]
		Allowable input current, 50 mA or less [When 50 Ω shunt
		resistor (sold separately) is used]
	Voltage	: 0 to 1 V DC;
		Input impedance, 1 M Ω or more
		Allowable input voltage, 5 V or less
		Allowable signal source resistance, 2 k Ω or less
		0 to 5 V DC, 1 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC;
		Input impedance, 100 k Ω or more
		Allowable input voltage, 15 V or less
• • •		Allowable signal source resistance, 100 Ω or less
Control	output (OUI	1)
	Relay contac	CE : TATD
		Control capacity: 3 A 250 V AC (resistive load)
		Floctrical life: 100,000 cycles
	Non-contact	voltage (For SSR drive):
		12^{+2} // DC May 40 mA (short aircuit protected)
		Number of units when connecting Shinko SSR in parallel:
		SA-400 series: 5 units
	Current	· 4 to 20 mA DC
	Sanon	Load resistance. Max 550 Q
A1 outp	out	
W	hen A1 action	is set as Energized, the alarm action point is set by the \pm deviation
fro	om the SV (ex	cept Process alarm).
14/	//	\sim

When the input goes outside the range, the output turns ON or OFF (in the case of High/Low limit range alarm).

When the alarm action is set as De-energized, the output acts conversely.

Setting accuracy Action Hysteresis	: The same as the Indication accuracy : ON/OFF action : Thermocouple, RTD input: 0.1 to 100.0°C (°F) Voltage, Current input: 1 to 1000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection)				
Output	: Relay contact, 1a Control capacity: 3 A 250 V AC (resistive load) Electrical life: 100,000 cycles				
Control action • PID control (with • PI control: When • PD control (with at • P control (with at • ON/OFF control: OUT1 proportional	AT function) derivative time is set to 0 auto-reset function): When integral time is set to 0 ito-reset function): When integral and derivative times are set to 0 When OUT1 proportional band is set to 0 band (P): Thermocouple: 0 to 1000°C (0 to 2000°F) RTD: 0.0 to 999.9°C (0.0 to 999.9°F) Voltage, Current: 0.0 to 100.0% [ON/OFF control when set to 0°C(°F), 0.0°C(°F) or 0.0%]				
Integral time (I):	0 to 1000 sec (off when set to 0)				
Derivative time (D)	: 0 to 300 sec (off when set to 0)				
OUT1 proportional	cycle: 1 to 120 sec (Not available for the current output)				
ARW:	U to 100% Thermoscuple, BTD input: 0.1 to 100.0°C (°F)				
OUT Thysteresis:	Voltage, Current input: 1 to 1000 (The placement				
	of the decimal point follows the selection)				
Supply voltage:	100 to 240 V AC 50/60 Hz, 24 V AC/DC 50/60 Hz				
Allowable voltage flue	ctuation range:				
	100 to 240 V AC: 85 to 264 V AC				
Ambient temperature	24 V AC/DC: 20 to 28 V AC/DC				
Ambient temperature	35 to 85% RH (non-condensing)				
Altitudo:	2 000 m or less				
Power consumption	2,000 m of less Approx 8 VA				
Circuit insulation con	figuration:				
	Electrically insulated				
Ground					
@	D				
③ Power source					
4-					
5-					
©_OUT1_A	$13 - \frac{3}{5} - \frac{13}{5} - \frac{13}$				
• When OLIT1 is non-	contact voltage or current output, and when OLIT2 is				

 When OUT1 is non-contact voltage or current output, and when OUT2 is Non-contact voltage or current output, A is not electrically insulated from B.

• When OUT1 is non-contact voltage or current output, A is not electrically insulated from C, and A is not electrically insulated from D. When OUT2 is non-contact voltage or current output, B is not electrically insulated from C, and B is not electrically insulated from D.

Insulation resistance

10 M Ω or more, at 500 V DC for other combinations except the above mentioned

Dielectric strength

Between input terminal and ground terminal, Between input terminal and power terminal, Between output terminal and ground terminal, Between output terminal and power terminal, Between power terminal and ground terminal, Between power terminal and ground terminal, 1.5 kV AC for 1 minute 1.5 kV AC for 1 minute

Weight: Approx. 300 g

External dimensions: 72 x 72 x 100 mm (W x H x D)

Material: Case: Flame-resistant resin

Color: Case: Black

Attached function

[Sensor correction function]

[Set value lock function]

[Burnout]

When the thermocouple or RTD input is burnt out, OUT1 is turned OFF (for ______ current output type, OUT1 low limit value) and the PV display flashes "_____".

[Self-diagnosis]

The CPU is monitored by a watchdog timer, and if an abnormal status is found on the CPU, the controller is switched to warm-up status.

[Automatic cold junction temperature compensation](Thermocouple input type) This detects the temperature at the connecting terminal between the thermocouple and the instrument, and always maintains it at the same status as if the reference junction location temperature was at $0^{\circ}C$ ($32^{\circ}F$).

[Power failure countermeasure]

The setting data is backed up in non-volatile IC memory.

[Indication and output when input is abnormal]

		Output status				
Output status		OL	JT1	OUT2		
when input abnormal (*1)	Contents and Indication	Direct action	Reverse action	Direct action	Reverse action	
on	Overscale Measured value has exceeded Indication range	ON (20 mA) or OUT1 high limit value (*2)	OFF(4 mA) or OUT1 low	OFF(4 mA) or OUT2 low	ON(20 mA) or OUT2 high limit value (*2)	
oFF	" " flashes.	" flashes. OFF (4mA) or OUT1 low limit value		limit value	or OUT2 low limit value	
on 🛄	Underscale Measured value has dropped below Indication	OFF (4mA) or	ON (20 mA) or OUT1 high limit value (*2)	ON (20 mA) or OUT2 high limit value (*2)	OFF(4 mA) or	
oFF	range low limit value. " " flashes.	limit value	OFF(4 mA) or OUT1 low limit value	OFF(4 mA) or OUT2 low limit value	limit value	

(*1) This is only available for DC input and when OUT1 is current output type.

If OUT1 is not current output, the output status will be the same one as when $\square FF \square$ is selected during "Output status when input abnormal".

For manual control, the preset MV (manipulated variable) is outputted.

(*2) Outputs a value between OFF (4 mA) and ON (20 mA) or between OUT1 (or OUT2) low limit value and OUT1 (or OUT2) high limit value, depending on deviation.

Thermocouple, RTD input

	, .		
Input	Input range	Indication range	Control range
кт	–199.9 to 400.0℃	–199.9 to 450.0℃	–205.0 to 450.0℃
Λ, Ι	–199.9 to 750.0°F	–199.9 to 850.0°F	–209.0 to 850.0°F
	–199.9 to 850.0℃	–199.9 to 900.0℃	–210.0 to 900.0℃
D+100	–200 to 850°C	–210 to 900℃	–210 to 900°C
PIIOU	–199.9 to 999.9°F	−199.9 to 999.9 °F	–211.0 to 1099.9°F
	−300 to 1500 °F	–318 to 1600°F	−318 to 1600 °F
	–199.9 to 500.0℃	–199.9 to 550.0℃	–206.0 to 550.0℃
JPt100	–200 to 500℃	–207 to 550℃	–207 to 550℃
	–199.9 to 900.0°F	−199.9 to 999.9 °F	−211.0 to 999.9 °F
	–300 to 900 °F	–312 to 1000°F	−312 to 1000 °F

Indication range and Control range for thermocouple inputs other than the above: Input range low limit value -50° C (100^{\circ}F) to Input range high limit value $+50^{\circ}$ C (100[°]F)

DC input (DC voltage, current input)

Indication range : [Scaling low limit value – Scaling span x 1%] to [Scaling high limit value + Scaling span x 10%] However, if the input value is out of the range –1999 to 9999, the PV display flashes " " or "____".

- **Control range** : [Scaling low limit value – Scaling span x 1%] to [Scaling high] limit value + Scaling span x 10%]
- DC input disconnection: When DC input is disconnected, the PV display flashes
 - " for 4 to 20 mA DC and 1 to 5 V DC inputs, and " for 0 to 1 V DC input.

For 0 to 20 mA DC, 0 to 5 V DC and 0 to 10 V DC inputs, the PV display indicates the value corresponding with 0 mA or 0 V input.

[Warm-up indication]

With thermocouple and RTD input, for approx. 3 seconds after the power is switched ON, sensor input characters and temperature unit are indicated on the PV display, and the input range high limit value is indicated on the SV display. With the DC input, for approx. 3 seconds after the power is switched ON, sensor input characters are indicated on the PV display, and scaling high limit value is indicated on the SV display.

(However, if the scaling high limit value has been changed during the Scaling high limit setting, the changed value will be indicated on the SV display.)

[Auto/Manual control switching]

If "Auto/Manual control function" is selected during OUT/OFF Key function selection, automatic control can be switched to manual control and vice versa by pressing the \bigcirc key (OUT/OFF Key) in the PV/SV display mode.

If the control action is changed from automatic to manual control, the MV on the SV display flashes.

The control can be performed manually by increasing or decreasing the MV on the SV display with the \triangle or ∇ key.

By pressing the ① key again, the unit reverts to the PV/SV display mode (automatic control)

When the power supply to the instrument is turned ON, automatic control starts. When the control action is changed from automatic to manual control and vice versa, the balanceless-bumpless function works to prevent sudden change of MV.

Accessories:

Instruction manual: 1 copy Screw type mounting brackets: 1 set CT (current transformer) CTL-6S-H [W (5 A, 10 A, 20 A) option]: 1 piece

CTL-12-S36-10L1U [W (50 A) option]: 1 piece Terminal cover: 1 piece (when TC option is added)

9.2 Optional Specifications

Alarm 2 (option code: A2)

When A2 action is set as Energized, the alarm action point is set by the \pm deviation from the SV (except Process alarm).

When the input goes outside the range, the output turns ON or OFF (in the case of High/Low limit range alarm).

When the alarm action is set as De-energized, the output acts conversely.

When A2 and LA options are added together, they utilize common output terminals. Setting accuracy: The same as the Indication accuracy

Action:	ON/OFF action
Hysteresis:	Thermocouple, RTD input: 0.1 to 100.0℃ (°F)
-	Voltage, Current input: 1 to 1000 (The placement of the decimal
	point follows the selection.)
Output:	Relay contact, 1a
-	Control capacity: 3 A 250 V AC (resistive load)
	Electrical life: 100,000 cycles
Heater burnout	t alarm (option code: W)

Watches the heater current with CT (current transformer), and detects the heater burnout.

Heater burnout alarm is activated when sensor is burnt out or when indication is Overscale or Underscale.

This option cannot be added to the current output type.

Heater rated current: 5 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A,Must be specified.Setting accuracy:Within ±5% of heater rated currentAction:ON/OFF actionOutput:Relay contact, 1a

Control capacity: 3 A 250 V AC (resistive load)

Electrical life: 100,000 cycles

Heating/Cooling control (OUT2) (option code: DR, DS, DA)

OUT2 proportional band: 0.0 to 10.0 times OUT1 proportional band

(ON/OFF control when set to 0.0)

OUT2 integral time: The same as that of OUT1

OUT2 derivative time: The same as that of OUT1

OUT2 proportional cycle: 1 to 120 seconds

Overlap/Dead band:

Thermocouple, RTD input: −100.0 to 100.0°C (°F)

DC voltage, current input: -1000 to 1000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)

OUT2 ON/OFF hysteresis

Thermocouple, RTD input: 0.1 to 100.0°C (°F)

DC voltage, current input: 1 to 1000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)

Control output (OUT2) (for SSR drive):

Relay contact output: 1a

Control capacity: 3 A 250 V AC (resistive load)

1 A 250 V AC (inductive load $\cos\phi=0.4$)

Electrical life: 100,000 cycles

Non-contact voltage output (for SSR drive):

 12^{+2}_{0} V DC Max 40 mA (short circuit protected)

Current output: 4 to 20 mA DC

Load resistance, Max 550 $\,\Omega$

OUT2 action mode selection:

One cooling mode can be selected by keypad from the following. Air cooling (Linear characteristics)

Oil cooling (1.5th power of the linear characteristics)

Water cooling (2nd power of the linear characteristics)

Serial communication (option code: C5)

The following operations are performed from an external computer.

- (1) Reading and setting of the SV, PID and various set values
- (2) Reading of the PV and action status (3) Function change

Communication interface: EIA RS-485

Communication method : Half-duplex communication

Synchronization method: Start-stop synchronization

Communication speed:2400/4800/9600/19200 bps (Selectable by keypad)Parity:Even/Odd/No parity (Selectable by keypad)Stop bit:1 or 2 (Selectable by keypad)

Data format:

Communication protocol	Shinko protocol	MODBUS ASCII	MODBUS RTU
Start bit	1	1	1
Data bit	7	7	8
Parity	Even	Selectable (Even)	Selectable (No parity)
Stop bit	1	Selectable (1)	Selectable (1)

Data bit is automatically selected upon selecting the communication protocol.

() shows basic set value.

Digital external setting:

Receives digital set value from Shinko programmable controller (with SVTC option). [Set value lock of the JCM-33A must be set to Lock 3.]

When SV data from Shinko programmable controller is larger than SV high limit or smaller than SV low limit, the JCM-33A ignores the value and controls with the SV high limit or SV low limit.

Loop break alarm (option code: LA)

Detects the breaking status on the loop such as heater burnout, sensor burnout or actuator trouble.

If [LA] and [A2] options are added together, they utilize the same output terminals. Setting range : Loop break alarm time: 0 to 200 minutes

Loop break alarm span:

Thermocouple, RTD input: 0 to 150°C (°F), 0.0 to 150.0°C (°F), DC voltage, current input: 0 to 1500 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)

Output: Relay contact, 1a, 3 A 250 V AC (Resistive load) Electrical life: 100,000 cycles

Insulated power output (option code: P24)

Output voltage: 24±3 V DC (when load current is 30mA) Ripple voltage: Within 200 mV (when load current is 30mA) Maximum load current: 30 mA

Terminal cover (option code: TC)

Electrical shock protection terminal cover

Drip-proof/Dust-proof (option code: IP)

Drip-proof/Dust-proof specification, IP54 (only for the front panel)

9.3 Option Combinations

	A2	LA	W	D	P24	C5	TC	IP
Combination 1	0	0	0	—	I	0	0	0
Combination 2	0	0	-	0	-	0	0	0
Combination 3	-	_	0	0	_	0	0	0
Combination 4	0	0	I	—	0	0	0	0
Combination 5	0	0	0	_	-	Ι	0	0
Combination 6	0	0	I	0	-		0	0
Combination 7	Ι	-	0	0	-	Ι	0	0
Combination 8	0	0	_	_	0	_	0	0

D: DR, DS, DA

O: Available -: Unavailable

10. Troubleshooting

If any malfunctions occur, refer to the following items after checking that power is being supplied to the controller.

Warning

Turn the power supply to the instrument off before wiring or checking. Working on or touching the terminal with the power switched on may result in severe injury or death due to Electric Shock.

Indication

Problem	Presumed cause and solution
The PV display is indicating [<i>□FF</i> □].	 Control output OFF function is working. Press the ① key (OUT/OFF Key) for approx. 1 second to release the function.
[] is flashing on the PV display.	 Burnout of thermocouple, RTD or disconnection of DC voltage (0 to 1 V DC) Replace each sensor. How to check sensor burnout [Thermocouple] If the input terminals of the instrument are shorted, and if approximate room temperature is indicated, the instrument is likely to be operating normally, however, the sensor may be burnt out. [RTD] If approximate 100 Ω resistance is connected to the input terminal between A-B of the instrument and between B-B is shorted, and if a value around 0°C (32°F) is indicated, the instrument is likely to be operating normally, however, the sensor may be burnt out. [DC voltage (0 to 1 V DC)] If the input terminals of the instrument are shorted, and if scaling low limit value is indicated, the instrument is likely to be operating normally, however, the signal wire may be disconnected. Check whether the input terminal of thermocouple, RTD or DC voltage (0 to 1 V DC) is securely mounted to the controller terminals. Ensure that the sensor terminals are securely connected to the controller terminals.
[] is flashing on the PV display.	 The input signal wire for DC voltage (1 to 5 V DC) or current (4 to 20 mA DC) may be disconnected. Replace each input signal. How to check input signal wire disconnection [Voltage (1 to 5 V DC)] If the input to the input terminal of this controller is 1 V DC, and if scaling low limit value is indicated, the controller is likely to be operating normally, however, the signal wire may be disconnected. [Current (4 to 20 mA DC)] If the input to the input terminal of this controller is 4 mA DC, and if scaling low limit value is indicated, the controller is likely to be operating normally, however, the signal wire may be disconnected.

Problem	Presumed cause and solution
[] is flashing	• Check whether the input signal wire for voltage (1 to 5 V DC)
on the PV display	or current (4 to 20 mA DC) is securely connected to the input
on the r v display.	terminal of this controller.
	Ensure that the input signal wire is connected to the
	controller input terminals securely.
	 Check whether the polarity of thermocouple or compensating
	lead wire is correct.
	Check whether codes (A, B, B) of RTD agree with the
	controller input terminals.
	Ensure that they are wired properly.
The value set during	• Check whether the input signal wire for voltage (0 to 5 V DC,
the Scaling low limit	0 to 10 V DC) or current (0 to 20 mA DC) is disconnected.
setting remains on the	Replace each individual input signal wire.
PV display.	How to check input signal wire disconnection
	[Voltage (0 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC)]
	and if a value (converted value from Scaling high low limit
	setting) corresponding to 1 V DC is indicated the controller
	is likely to be operating normally, however, the signal wire
	may be disconnected.
	[Current (0 to 20 mA DC)]
	If the input to the input terminals of this controller is 4 mA DC,
	and if a value (converted value from Scaling high, low limit
	setting) corresponding to 4 mA DC is indicated, the controller
	is likely to be operating normally, nowever, the signal wire
	• Check whether the input terminals for voltage (0 to 5 V DC
	0 to 10 V DC) or current (0 to 20 mA DC) are securely
	connected to the controller input terminals.
	Ensure that the signal wire is securely connected to the
	controller input terminals.
The indication of the PV	• Check whether sensor input or temperature unit ($^{\circ}C$ or $^{\circ}F$)
display is irregular or	setting is correct.
unstable.	Select the sensor input and the temperature unit properly.
	• Sensor correcting value is unsuitable. Set it to a suitable value.
	Check whether the sensor specification is correct. Set the sensor specification properly.
	• AC may be leaking into the sensor circuit
	Use an undrounded type sensor
	• There may be equipment that interferes with or makes noise
	near the controller.
	Keep equipment that interferes with or makes noise away
	from the controller.
[Err] is indicated	The internal memory is defective.
on the PV display.	Please contact our main office or dealers.

Key Operation

Problem	Presumed cause and solution
Settings (SV, P, I, D,	Set value lock (Lock 1 or Lock 2) is selected.
proportional cycle, alarm	Release the lock.
value, etc.) are	 During AT or auto-reset.
impossible. The value	Cancel AT if required.
does <u>not</u> change by the	Auto-reset will end 4 minutes after starting.
\triangle , \vee keys.	
The setting indication	 SV high limit or SV low limit may be set at the point where
does not change within	the value does not change.
the rated input range	Set it again while in Auxiliary function setting mode 1.
even if the $ riangle$, $ imes$	
keys are pressed, and	
new values are unable	
to be set.	

Control

Problem	Presumed cause and solution
Temperature does not	The sensor is out of order.
rise.	Replace the sensor.
	 Check whether sensor or control output terminals are
	securely connected to the input or output terminals of the
	instrument.
	 Ensure that the wiring of sensor and control output terminals
	are correct.
The control output	 OUT1 low limit value is set to 100% or higher in Auxiliary
remains in an ON	function setting mode 2.
status.	Set it to a suitable value.
The control output	 OUT1 high limit value is set to 0% or less in Auxiliary
remains in an OFF	function setting mode 2.
status.	Set it to a suitable value.

For all other malfunctions, please contact our main office or dealers.

11. Character Table

Photocopiable Material

[Main Setting Mode]

Character	Setting item	Default value	Data
5	SV1	0°C	

[Sub Setting Mode]

Character	Setting item		Default value	Data
<i>R</i> /	AT/Auto-reset	AT/	Auto-reset Cancel	
P	OUT1 proportional band		10℃	
P_b[]	OUT2 proportional band		1.0 times	
	Integral time		200 sec	
d	Derivative time		50 sec	
17	ARW		50%	
Character	Setting item		Default value	Data
<i>c</i>	OUT1 proportional cycle		30 sec or 3 sec	
c_b	OUT2 proportional cycle		30 sec or 3 sec	
R I	A1 value		0°C	
82	A2 value		0 °C	
H	Heater burnout alarm value		0.0 A	
	Loop break alarm time		0 minutes	
LP_H	Loop break alarm span		0°C	

[Auxiliary Function Setting Mode 1]

Character	Setting item	Default value	Data
Loct	Set value lock	Unlock	
5 <i>H</i>	SV high limit	1370℃	
52	SV low limit	–200° ℃	
50 O	Sensor correction	0.0°C	
6746	Communication protocol	Shinko protocol	
cīna	Instrument number	0	
c ñ h P	Communication speed	9600 bps	
c ñ Pr	Parity	Even parity	
677	Stop bit	1	

Character	Setting item	Default value	Data
5525		$K = -200 \text{ to } 1370^{\circ}\text{C}$	Data
57.8	Scaling high limit	9999	
551	Scaling low limit	_1000	
		No docimal point	
5!!!	Decimal point place		
	OUT1 high limit	100%	
		0%	
		070 1.0°C	
	OUT ON/OFF Hysteresis		
	OUT2 action mode		
		100%	
		0%	
	Overlap/Dead band	0.0C	
םרבה	OUT2 ON/OFF hysteresis	1.00	
	A1 type	No alarm action	
HLCH	A2 type	No alarm action	
HILN	A1 action Energized/De-energized	Energized	
Helln	A2 action Energized/De-energized	Energized	
8 189	A1 hysteresis	1.0℃	
8289	A2 hysteresis	1.0℃	
8 189	A1 action delay timer	0 seconds	
8249	A2 action delay timer	0 seconds	
conf	Direct (Cooling)/Reverse (Heating)	Reverse	
	action	(Heating) action	
RF_6	AT bias	20℃	
58_5	SVTC bias	0	
EoUF	Output status when input abnormal	Outputs OFF(4 mA)	
		or OUT1(OUT2)	
		low limit.	
nRnU	OUT/OFF Key function	Control output	
		OFF function	

[Auxiliary Function Setting Mode 2]

***** Inquiries *****

For any inquiries about this unit, please contact our agency or the vendor where you purchased the unit after checking the following.

	[Example]
• Model	JCM-33A-R/M
Input type	K
• Option	A2, C5
Serial number	No. xxxxxxxx

In addition to the above, please let us know the details of the malfunction, or discrepancy, and the operating conditions.

SHINKO TECHNOS CO., LTD. OVERSEAS DIVISION

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