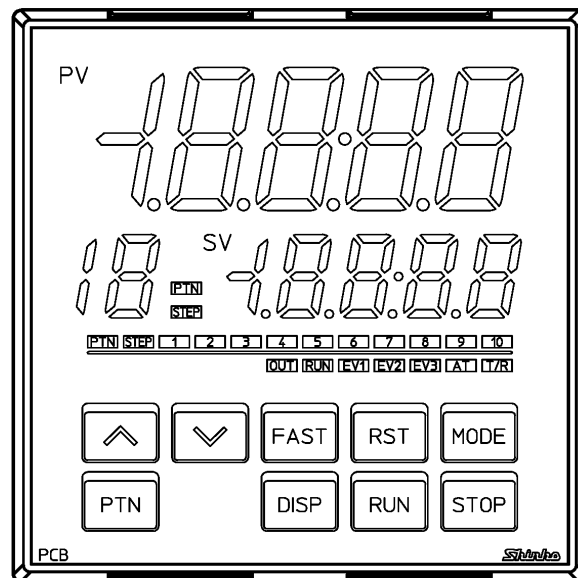# PROGRAMMABLE CONTROLLER
PCB1
INSTRUCTION MANUAL

Shinko

Preface

Thank you for purchasing our programmable controller PCB1. This manual contains instructions for the mounting, functions, operations and notes when operating the PCB1. To prevent accidents arising from the misuse of this controller, please ensure the operator receives this manual.

Abbreviations used in this manual

Abbreviation	Term
PV	Process variable
SV	Desired value
MV	Output manipulated variable
OUT1	Control output OUT1
OUT2	Control output OUT2
AT	Auto-tuning

Characters used in this manual (⬚: No character is indicated)

Indication	⌐	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	C	F
Number, ℃/℉	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	℃	℉
Indication	A	b	c	d	E	F	G	H	I	J	k	L	m
Alphabet	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
Indication	n	o	P	q	r	S	T	U	Y	X	Y	Z	
Alphabet	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z

Notes

• This instrument should be used in accordance with the specifications described in the manual.
   If it is not used according to the specifications, it may malfunction or cause a fire.
• Be sure to follow the warnings, cautions and notices. If they are not observed, serious injury or malfunction may occur.
• The contents of this instruction manual are subject to change without notice.
• Care has been taken to ensure that the contents of this instruction manual are correct, but if there are any doubts, mistakes or questions, please inform our sales department.
• This instrument is designed to be installed through the control panel indoors. If it is not, measures must be taken to ensure that the operator cannot touch power terminals or other high voltage sections.
• Any unauthorized transfer or copying of this document, in part or in whole, is prohibited.
• Shinko Technos Co., Ltd. is not liable for any damage or secondary damage(s) incurred as a result of using this product, including any indirect damage.

Safety Precautions (Be sure to read these precautions before using our products.)

The safety precautions are classified into categories: "Warning" and "Caution". Depending on circumstances, procedures indicated by ⚠ Caution may result in serious consequences, so be sure to follow the directions for usage.

⚠ **Warning**   Procedures which may lead to dangerous conditions and cause death or serious injury, if not carried out properly.

⚠ **Caution**   Procedures which may lead to dangerous conditions and cause superficial to medium injury or physical damage or may degrade or damage the product, if not carried out properly.

⚠ Warning

- To prevent an electrical shock or fire, only Shinko or other qualified service personnel may handle the inner assembly.
- To prevent an electrical shock, fire or damage to the instrument, parts replacement may only be undertaken by Shinko or other qualified service personnel.

⚠ Safety Precautions

- To ensure safe and correct use, thoroughly read and understand this manual before using this instrument.
- This instrument is intended to be used for industrial machinery, machine tools and measuring equipment. Verify correct usage after purpose-of-use consultation with our agency or main office. (Never use this instrument for medical purposes with which human lives are involved.)
- External protection devices such as protective equipment against excessive temperature rise, etc. must be installed, as malfunction of this product could result in serious damage to the system or injury to personnel. Proper periodic maintenance is also required.
- This instrument must be used under the conditions and environment described in this manual. Shinko Technos Co., Ltd. does not accept liability for any injury, loss of life or damage occurring due to the instrument being used under conditions not otherwise stated in this manual.

Warning on Model Label

⚠ Caution

Failure to handle this instrument properly may result in minor or moderate injury or property damage due to fire, malfunction, malfunction, or electric shock. Please read this manual before using the product to ensure that you fully understand the product.

⚠ Caution with Respect to Export Trade Control Ordinance

To avoid this instrument from being used as a component in, or as being utilized in the manufacture of weapons of mass destruction (i.e. military applications, military equipment, etc.), please investigate the end users and the final use of this instrument. In the case of resale, ensure that this instrument is not illegally exported.

1. Installation Precautions

⚠ Caution

This instrument is intended to be used under the following environmental conditions (IEC61010-1): Overvoltage category Ⅱ, Pollution degree 2
Ensure the mounting location corresponds to the following conditions:
• A minimum of dust, and an absence of corrosive gases
• No flammable, explosive gases
• No mechanical vibrations or shocks
• No exposure to direct sunlight, an ambient temperature of -10 to 55℃ (14 to 131℉) that does not change rapidly, and no icing
• An ambient non-condensing humidity of 35 to 85 %RH
• No large capacity electromagnetic switches or cables through which large current is flowing
• No water, oil or chemicals or where the vapors of these substances can come into direct contact with the unit
• Please note that the ambient temperature of this unit – not the ambient temperature of the control panel – must not exceed 55℃ (131℉) if mounted through the face of a control panel, otherwise the life of the electronic components (especially electrolytic capacitors) may be shortened.
Note: Avoid setting this instrument directly on or near flammable material even though the case of this instrument is made of flame-resistant resin.

2. Wiring Precautions

⚠ Caution

• Do not leave wire remnants in the instrument, as they could cause a fire or malfunction.
• Use the solderless terminal with an insulation sleeve in which the M3 screw fits when wiring the instrument.
• The terminal block of this instrument is designed to be wired from the left side. The lead wire must be inserted from the left side of the terminal, and fastened with the terminal screw.
• Tighten the terminal screw using the specified torque. If excessive force is applied to the screw when tightening, the terminal screw or case may be damaged.
• Do not pull or bend the lead wire on the terminal side when wiring or after wiring, as it could cause malfunction.
• This instrument does not have a built-in power switch, circuit breaker and fuse. It is necessary to install a-power switch, circuit breaker and fuse near the controller.
 (Recommended fuse: Time-lag fuse, rated voltage 250 V AC, rated current 2 A)
• For a 24 V AC/DC power source, do not confuse polarity when using direct current (DC).
• Do not apply a commercial power source to the sensor which is connected to the input terminal nor allow the power source to come into contact with the sensor.
• Use a thermocouple and compensating lead wire according to the sensor input specifications of this controller.
• Use the 3-wire RTD according to the sensor input specifications of this controller.
• For DC voltage input, (+) side input terminal number of 0 to 5 V DC, 1 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC differs from that of 0 to 1 V DC.

Terminal Number	DC Voltage Input
21	(+) side of 0 to 5 V DC, 1 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC
22	(+) side of 0 to 1 V DC

• When using a relay contact output type, externally use a relay according to the capacity of the load to protect the built-in relay contact.
• When wiring, keep input wires (thermocouple, RTD, etc.) away from the AC power sources or load wires.

3. Operation and Maintenance Precautions

⚠ Caution

- It is recommended that AT be performed on the trial run.
- Do not touch live terminals. This may cause electrical shock or problems in operation.
- Turn the power supply to the instrument OFF before retightening the terminal or cleaning.
  Working on or touching the terminal with the power switched ON may result in severe injury or death due to electrical shock.
- Use a soft, dry cloth when cleaning the instrument.
  (Alcohol based substances may tarnish or deface the unit.)
- As the display section is vulnerable, be careful not to put pressure on, scratch or strike it with a hard object.

4. Compliance with Safety Standards

⚠ Caution

- Always install the recommended fuse described in this manual externally.
- If the instrument is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the instrument may be impaired.
- Use a device with reinforced insulation or double insulation for the external circuit connected to this product.
- When using this product as a UL certified product, use a power supply conforming to Class 2 or LIM for the external circuit connected to the product.

Contents

1. Model

1.1 Model

PCB1	☐	☐	0-	☐	☐		
Control	R					Relay contact output	
output	S					Non-contact voltage output	
OUT1	A					Direct current output	
Power supply	0					100 to 240 V AC	
voltage	1					24 V AC/DC	
Input		0				Multi-range	
Option 1				0			Option 1 not needed.
				1		EV2(DR) (*1)	Event output EV2, or Heating/Cooling control output OUT2 Relay contact output
				2		DS	Heating/Cooling control output OUT2 Non-contact voltage output
				3		DA	Heating/Cooling control output OUT2 Direct current output
				4		P24	Insulated power output
				5		EV3(DR) (*1), (*2)	Event output EV3 + Event output EV2, or Heating/Cooling control output OUT2 Relay contact output
				6		EV3DS (*2)	Event output EV3 + Heating/Cooling control output OUT2 Non-contact voltage output
				7		EV3DA (*2)	Event output EV3 + Heating/Cooling control output OUT2 Direct current output
Option 2					0		Option 2 not needed.
					1	C5W(20A) (*3)	Serial communication + Heater burnout alarm output + Event input (*4)
					2	C5W(100A) (*3)	Serial communication + Heater burnout alarm output + Event input (*4)
					3	EIW(20A) (*3)	Event input + Heater burnout alarm output
					4	EIW(100A) (*3)	Event input + Heater burnout alarm output
					5	EIT (*2)	Event input + Transmission output (4 – 20 mA DC)
					6	C5	Serial communication RS-485 + Event input (*4)
					7	W(20A) (*3)	Heater burnout alarm output
					8	W(100A) (*3)	Heater burnout alarm output
					9	EI	Event input + Event output EV3

(*1) When 'Heating/Cooling control Relay contact output' is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation], it works as the DR option.
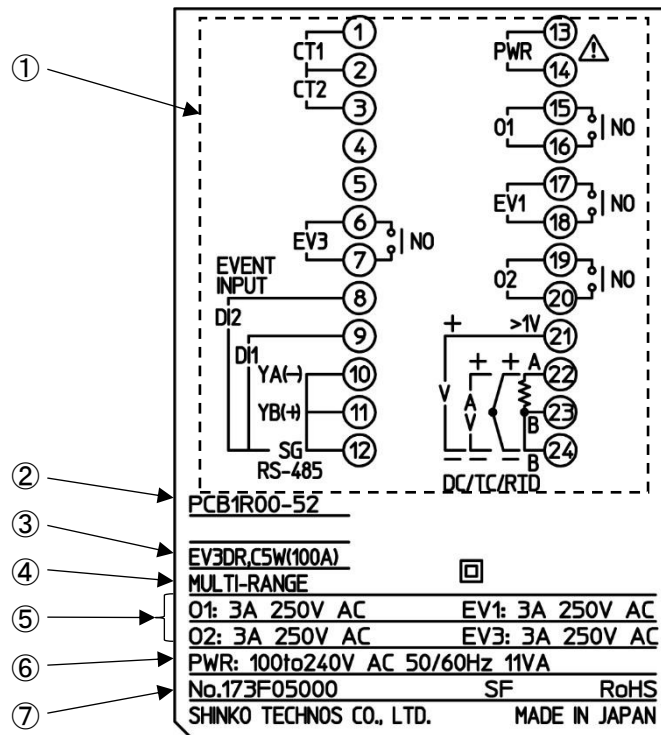
(*2) The EV3D☐ option and EIT option cannot be ordered together.

(*3) When control output OUT1 is Relay contact output or Non-contact voltage output, the C5W, EIW or W option can be ordered.

(*4) 'SV digital transmission' or 'SV digital reception' can be selected in [Communication protocol].

1.2 How to Read the Model Label

The model label is attached to the right side of the case.

(Fig. 1.2-1)

No.	Description	Example
①	Terminal arrangement	Terminal arrangement of PCB1R00-52 (*1)
②	Model	PCB1R00-52
③	Option	EV3DR (Event output EV3 + Event output EV2, or Heating/Cooling control output OUT2 Relay contact output) C5W(100A) [Serial communication + Heater burnout alarm output (100 A) + Event input] (*2)
④	Input	MULTI-RANGE (Multi-range input)
⑤	Control output, Event output	O1: 3 A 250 V AC (Control output OUT1) EV1: 3 A 250 V AC (Event output EV1) O2: 3 A 250 V AC (Control output OUT2) EV3: 3 A 250 V AC (Event output EV3)
⑥	Power supply, Power consumption	100 to 240 V AC 50/60 Hz, 11 VA
⑦	Serial number	No. 173F05000

(*1) Terminal arrangement diagram differs depending on the model.

(*2) For Heater burnout alarm output (C5W, EIW, W options), CT rated current is entered in bracket ( ).

2. Names and Functions of Controller
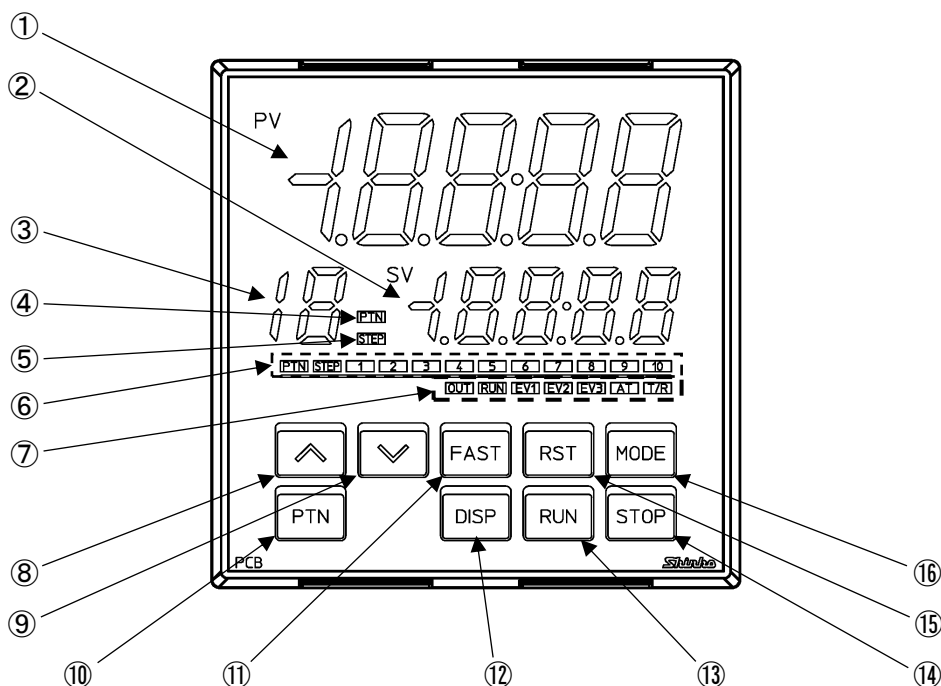
(Fig. 2-1)

Display, Indicator

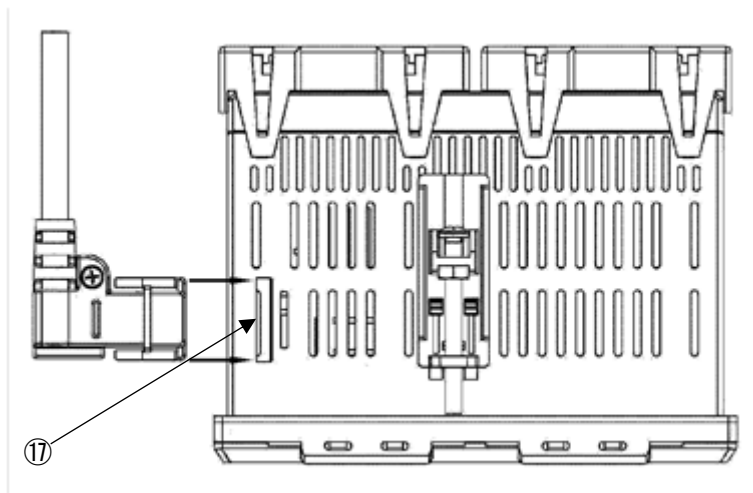| No.	Name	Description
①	**PV Display (Red)**	Indicates process variable (PV) in RUN mode. Indicates setting characters in Setting mode. Flashes during Wait action or program control HOLD in program control.
②	**SV Display (Green)**	Indicates the desired value (SV), Output manipulated variable (MV), or Remaining time (TIME) in RUN mode. Retains display indication at power OFF. Indicates the set values in setting mode.
③	**PTN/STEP Display (Orange)**	Indicates the pattern number or step number. Each time the DISP key is pressed, the PTN/STEP Display (③), and the PTN/STEP indicator (⑥) alternately indicate the pattern number and step number. Flashes during Wait action or when the step number is indicated. If 'SV digital reception' is selected in [Communication protocol], ⌐ is indicated.
④	**PTN indicator (Orange)**	Lights up when the pattern number is indicated on the PTN/STEP Display.
⑤	**STEP indicator (Orange)**	Lights up when the step number is indicated on the PTN/STEP Display.
⑥	**PTN/STEP indicator (Green)**	LED for the pattern number or step number lights up. If the PTN/STEP Display (③) indicates the pattern number, the PTN/STEP indicator (⑥) lights up its step number. If the PTN/STEP Display indicates the step number, the PTN/STEP indicator lights up its pattern number. Each time the DISP key is pressed, the PTN/STEP indicator and the PTN/STEP Display alternately indicate the pattern number and step number.

Action Indicator

No.	Name	Description
⑦	**OUT (Green)**	Lights up when control output OUT1 is ON. For direct current output, flashes corresponding to the MV in 125 ms cycles.
	RUN (Orange)	Lights up during program control RUN. Flashes during program control HOLD or Fixed value control.
	EV1 (Red)	Lights up when Event output EV1 is ON.
	EV2 (Red)	Lights up when Event output EV2 [(EV2, EV3(DR) options] is ON. Lights up when control output OUT2 [Cooling output (EV2, DS, DA or EV3D☐ option)] is ON. For direct current output (DA, EV3DA options), flashes corresponding to the MV in 125 ms cycles.
	EV3 (Red)	Lights up when Event output EV3 (EV3D☐, EI options) is ON.
	AT (Orange)	Flashes while AT is performing.
	T/R (Orange)	Lights up during Serial communication (C5W, C5 options) TX (transmitting) output.

Key

| No.	Name	Description
⑧	**UP key**	In setting mode, increases the numerical value. By pressing for approx. 1 second during program control RUN, time progress pauses, and Fixed value control continues with the step SV at that time (program control HOLD function).
⑨	**DOWN key**	In setting mode, decreases the numerical value.
⑩	**PTN key (Pattern key)**	During program control STOP (in Standby), selects program pattern number to perform or to set. By pressing during program control RUN, moves to Monitor mode. In Monitor mode, switches the indication items.
⑪	**FAST key**	In setting mode, makes the numeric value change faster. During program control RUN, makes step time progress 60 times faster.
⑫	**DISP key (Display key)**	During RUN mode, the PTN/STEP display and PTN/STEP indicator alternately indicates the pattern number and step number. In setting mode, registers the setting data, and moves back to the previous setting item.
⑬	**RUN key**	Performs program control, or cancels program control HOLD while program control is held. By pressing for approx. 1 second during program control RUN, stops performing step, and proceeds to the next step (Advance function).
⑭	**STOP key**	Stops program control by pressing for approx. 1 second during program control RUN. Cancels pattern end output.
⑮	**RST key (Reset key)**	In setting mode, registers the setting data, and moves to RUN mode.
⑯	**MODE key**	In setting mode, registers the setting data, and moves to the next setting item.

Tool cable
CMD-001

Top view of the case

(Fig. 2-2)

Connector

No.	Name	Description
⑰	**Tool cable connector**	By connecting the Tool cable (CMD-001, sold separately), the following operations can be conducted from an external computer, using the Monitoring software SWM-PCB101M. Tool cable connector is at the top of the instrument. • Reading and writing of step SV, step time, PID and various set values • Reading of PV and action status • Function change

3. Mounting to the Control Panel
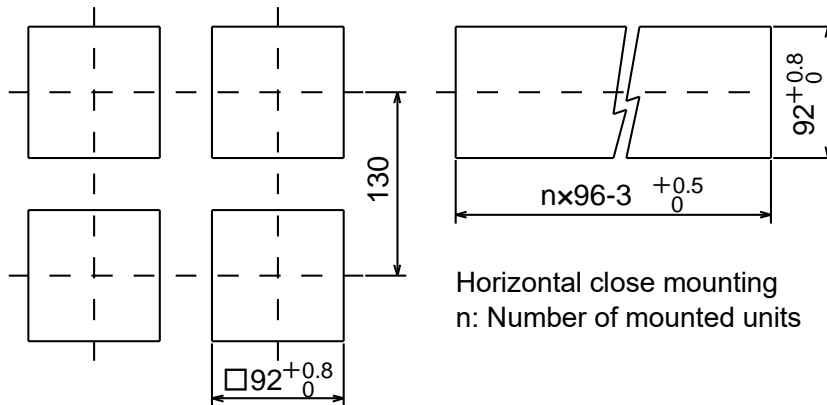
3.1 External Dimensions (Scale: mm)
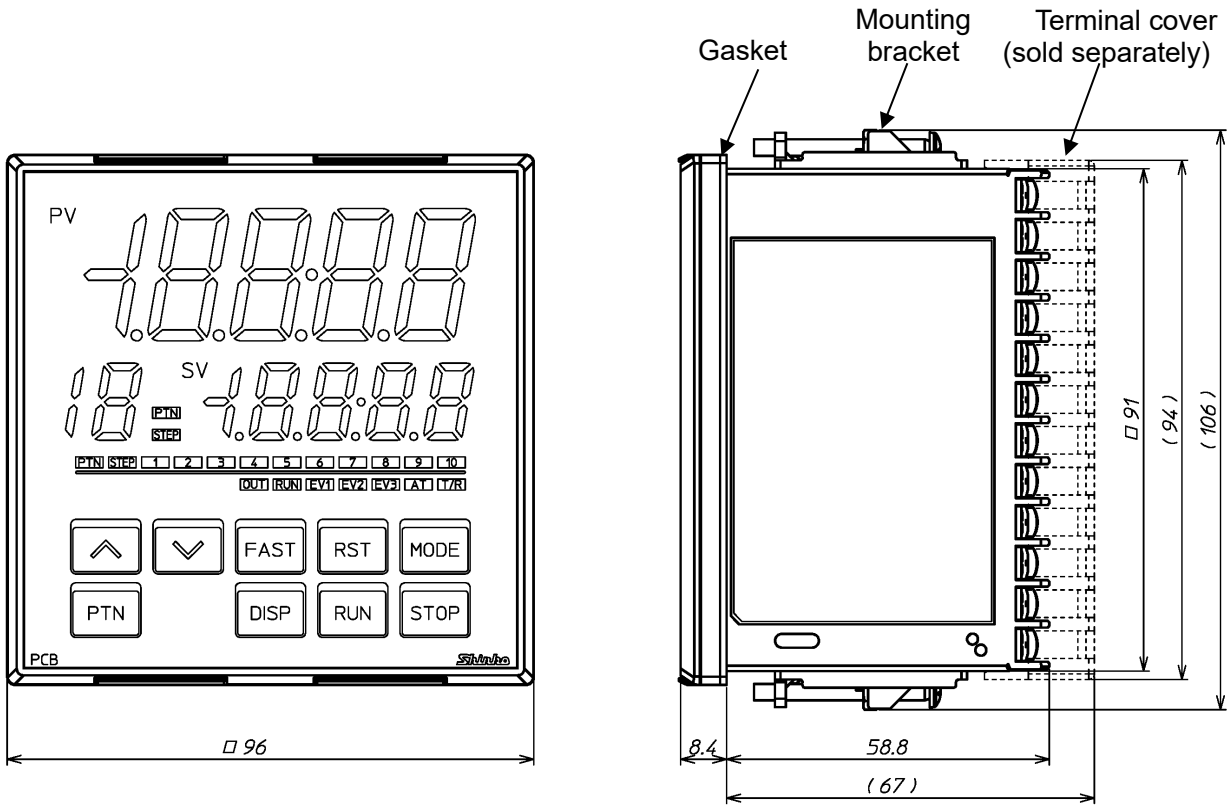
(   ): Size when mounting brackets or terminal cover (sold separately) are mounted.

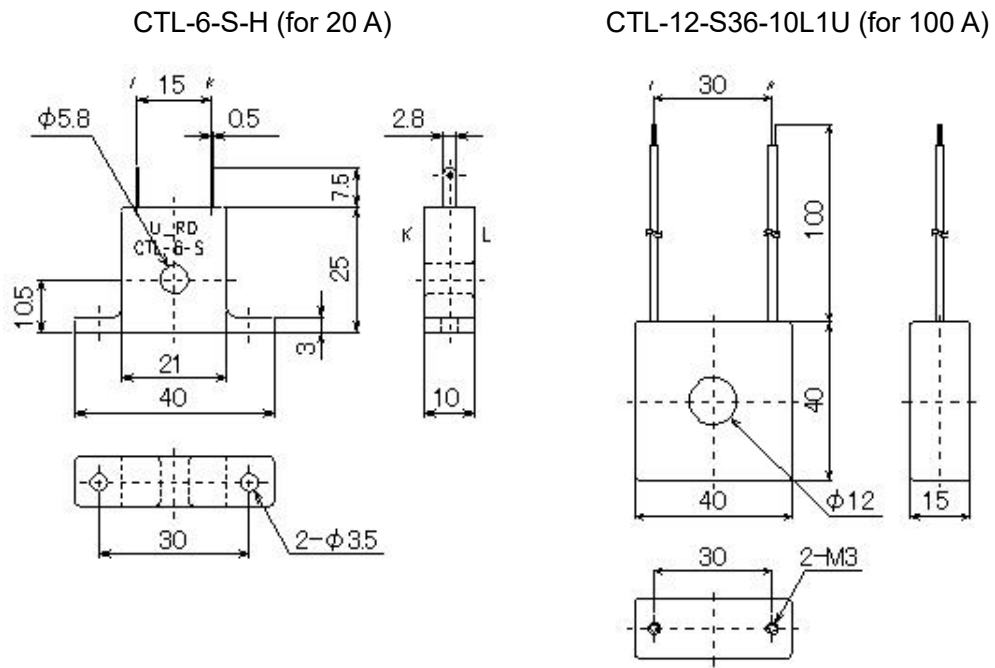(Fig. 3.1-1)

3.2 Panel Cutout (Scale: mm)

> ## ⚠ Caution
>
> **If horizontal close mounting is used for the controller, IP66 specification (Drip-proof/Dust-proof) may be compromised, and all warranties will be invalidated.**

Horizontal close mounting
n: Number of mounted units

(Fig. 3.2-1)

3.3 CT (Current Transformer) External Dimensions (Scale: mm)

CTL-6-S-H (for 20 A)   CTL-12-S36-10L1U (for 100 A)

(Fig. 3.3-1)

3.4　Mounting to, and Removal from, the Control Panel

> ## ⚠ Caution
>
> **As the case of the PCB1 is made of resin, do not use excessive force while tightening screws, or the case and mounting brackets could be damaged.**
> **The torque should be 0.1 N•m.**

3.4.1　How to Mount the Unit

Mount the controller vertically to the flat, rigid panel to ensure it adheres to the Drip-proof/Dust-proof specification (IP66).

If the horizontal close mounting is used for the controller, IP66 specification (Drip-proof/Dust-proof) may be compromised, and all warranties will be invalidated.

Mountable panel thickness: 1 to 7 mm

(1)　Insert the controller from the front side of the control panel. (Fig. 3.4.1-1)

　　If the Drip-proof/Dust-proof specification (IP66) is not necessary, the gasket may be removed.
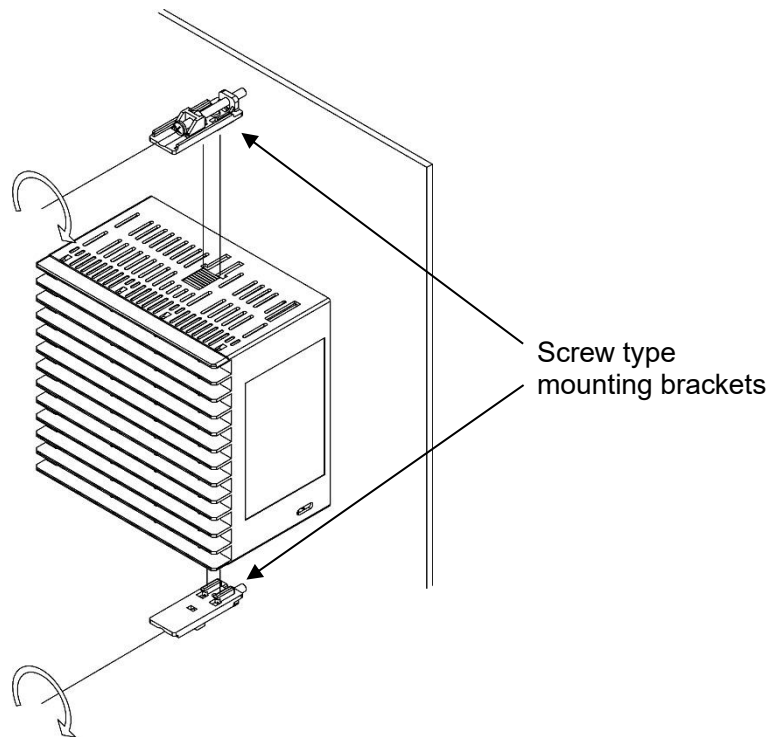
　　(Please keep in mind the warranty is void if gasket is removed).

Gasket
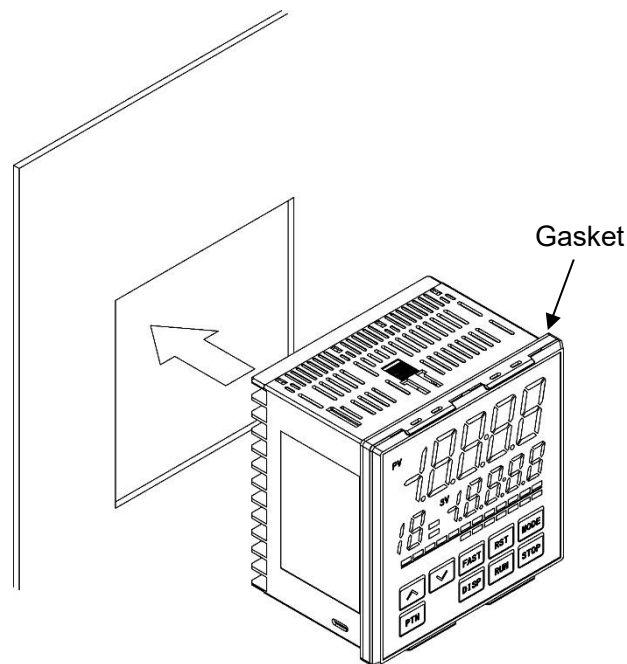
(Fig. 3.4.1-1)

(2) Attach the mounting brackets into the slots at the top and bottom of the case, and secure the controller in place with the screws. (Fig. 3.4.1-2)

The torque is 0.1 N•m.

Screw type mounting brackets

(Fig. 3.4.1-2)

3.4.2   How to Remove the Mounting Brackets and Unit

(1) Turn the power to the unit OFF, and disconnect all wires before removing the unit.

(2) Loosen the screws of the mounting brackets, and remove the mounting brackets.

(3) Pull the unit out from the front of the control panel.

4. Wiring

> ## ⚠ Warning
>
> **Turn the power supply to the instrument off before wiring or checking.**
> **Working on or touching the terminal with the power switched on may result in severe injury**
> **or death due to electrical shock.**

> ## ⚠ Caution
>
> - Do not leave wire remnants in the instrument, as they could cause a fire or malfunction.
> - Use the solderless terminal with an insulation sleeve in which the M3 screw fits when wiring the instrument.
> - The terminal block of this instrument is designed to be wired from the left side. The lead wire must be inserted from the left side of the terminal, and fastened with the terminal screw.
> - Tighten the terminal screw using the specified torque. If excessive force is applied to the screw when tightening, the terminal screw or case may be damaged.
> - Do not pull or bend the lead wire on the terminal side when wiring or after wiring, as it could cause malfunction.
> - This instrument does not have a built-in power switch, circuit breaker and fuse. It is necessary to install a-power switch, circuit breaker and fuse near the controller.
>   (Recommended fuse: Time-lag fuse, rated voltage 250 V AC, rated current 2 A)
> - For a 24 V AC/DC power source, do not confuse polarity when using direct current (DC).
> - Do not apply a commercial power source to the sensor which is connected to the input terminal nor allow the power source to come into contact with the sensor.
> - Use a thermocouple and compensating lead wire according to the sensor input specifications of this controller.
> - Use the 3-wire RTD according to the sensor input specifications of this controller.
> - For DC voltage input, (+) side input terminal number of 0 to 5 V DC, 1 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC differs from that of 0 to 1 V DC.
>
> | Terminal Number | DC Voltage Input |
> |---|---|
> | 21 | (+) side of 0 to 5 V DC, 1 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC |
> | 22 | (+) side of 0 to 1 V DC |
>
> - When using a relay contact output type, externally use a relay according to the capacity of the load to protect the built-in relay contact.
> - When wiring, keep input wires (thermocouple, RTD, etc.) away from the AC power sources or load wires.

4.1 Terminal Arrangement
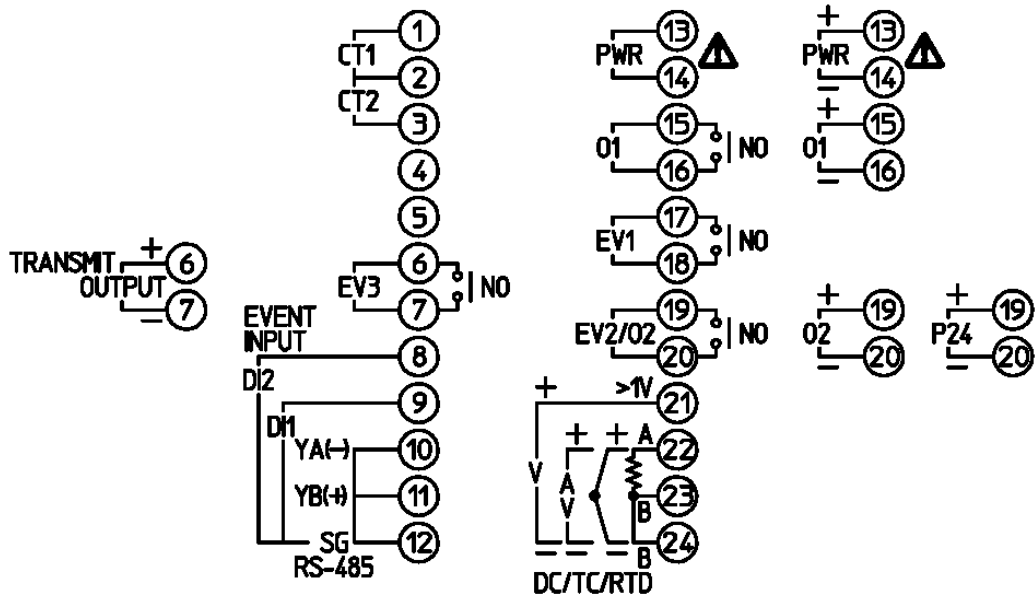
(Fig. 4.1-1)

Terminal Code	Description
PWR	Supply voltage 100 to 240 V AC or 24 V AC/DC **(For 24 V DC, ensure polarity is correct.)**
O1	Control output OUT1
EV1	Event output EV1
EV2	Event output EV2 [EV2, EV3(DR) options]
O2	Control output OUT2 (EV2, DS, DA, EV3D□ options)
P24	Insulated power output 24 V DC (P24 option)
TC	Thermocouple input
RTD	RTD input
DC	Direct current, DC voltage input
CT1	CT (current transformer) input 1 (C5W, EIW, W options)
CT2	CT (current transformer) input 2 (C5W, EIW, W options)
RS-485	Serial communication RS-485 (C5W, C5 options)
EVENT INPUT	Event input DI1 (C5W, EIW, EIT, C5, EI options)
	Event input DI2 (C5W, EIW, EIT, C5, EI options)
EV3	Event output EV3 (EV3D□, EI options)
TRANSMIT OUTPUT	Transmission output (EIT option)

4.2 Lead Wire Solderless Terminal

Use a solderless terminal with an insulation sleeve in which an M3 screw fits as shown below.
The torque should be 0.63 N•m.

| Solderless Terminal	Manufacturer	Model	Tightening Torque
Y-type	NICHIFU TERMINAL INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.	TMEX1.25Y-3	0.63 N·m
Y-type	J.S.T.MFG.CO.,LTD.	VD1.25-B3A	0.63 N·m
Ring-type	NICHIFU TERMINAL INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.	TMEX1.25-3	0.63 N·m
Ring-type	J.S.T.MFG.CO.,LTD.	V1.25-3	0.63 N·m
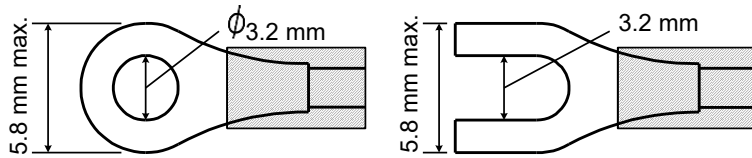
(Fig. 4.2-1)

4.3 When Using a Terminal Cover

When using a terminal cover (sold separately), make sure the longer side is on the back left and right side of the case.

Pass the wires from terminal numbers 13 to 24 between terminal covers.
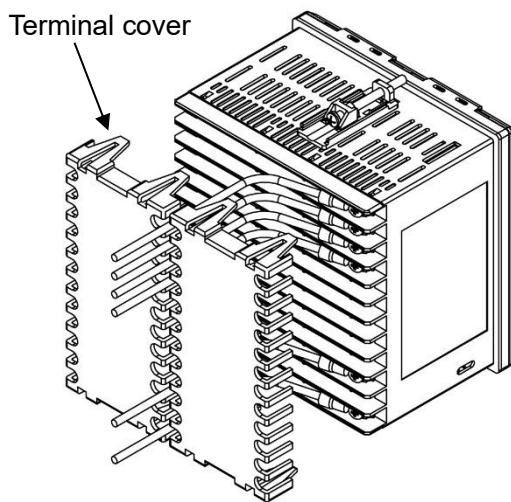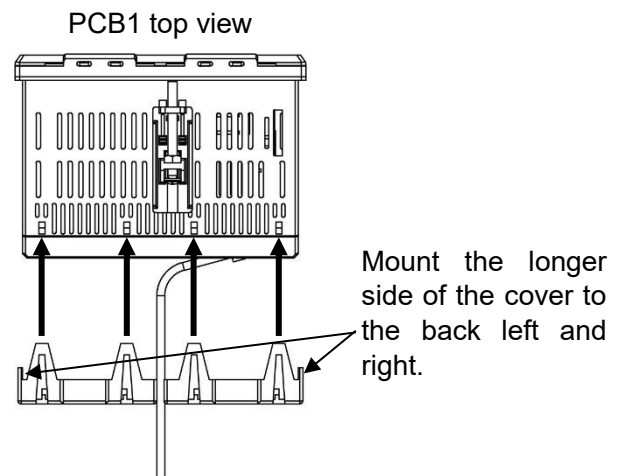
(Fig. 4.3-1)　　　　　(Fig. 4.3-2)

4.4 Wiring

For the terminal arrangement, refer to Section '4.1 Terminal Arrangement' (p.17).

4.4.1 Power Supply

Power supply voltage is 100 to 240 V AC or 24 V AC/DC.

For a 24 V AC/DC power source, ensure polarity is correct when using direct current (DC).

100 to 240 V AC, 24 V AC	24 V DC
PWR ⑬ ⑭ ⚠	+ ⑬ PWR − ⑭ ⚠

4.4.2 Control Output OUT1 and OUT2

When EV2, DS, DA or EV3D☐ option is ordered, control output OUT2 is available.

Specifications of Control output OUT1 and OUT2 are shown below.

Relay contact	1a
	Control capacity: 3 A 250 V AC (resistive load),
	1 A 250 V AC (inductive load cosϕ=0.4)
	Electrical life: 100,000 cycles
	Minimum applicable load: 10 mA 5 V DC
Non-contact voltage (for SSR drive)	12 V DC±15%
	Max. 40 mA (short circuit protected)
Direct current	4 to 20 mA DC
	Load resistance: Max. 550 Ω

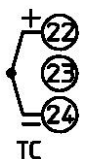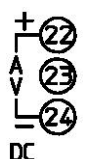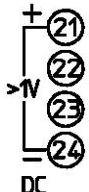| Relay contact	Non-contact voltage, Direct current
O1 ⑮ ⑯ | NO	+ ⑮ O1 − ⑯
EV2/O2 ⑲ ⑳ | NO	+ ⑲ O2 − ⑳

Number of Shinko SSR units when connected in parallel (for Non-contact voltage output):
- SA-400 series: 5 units
- SA-500 series: 2 units

4.4.3 Input

Each input wiring is shown below.

Note: For DC voltage input, (+) side input terminal number of 0 to 5 V DC, 1 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC differs from that of 0 to 1 V DC.

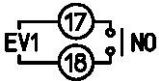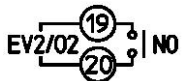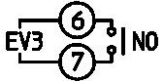| Thermocouple	RTD	Direct current, DC voltage (0 to 1 V)	DC voltage (0 to 5 V, 1 to 5 V, 0 to 10 V)

4.4.4 Event Output EV1, EV2 and EV3

Event output EV1 is a standard feature.
Event output EV2 is available when EV2 or EV3(DR) option is ordered.
Event output EV3 is available when EV3D□ or EI option is ordered.
Specifications of Event output EV1, EV2 and EV3 are shown below.

Relay contact	1a
	Control capacity: 3 A 250 V AC (resistive load)
	1 A 250 V AC (inductive load $\cos\phi$=0.4)
	Electrical life: 100,000 cycles
	Minimum applicable load: 10 mA 5 V DC
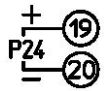
Event Output EV1	Event Output EV2	Event Output EV3

4.4.5 Insulated Power Output

If P24 option is ordered, the Insulated power output is available.
Specifications of Insulated power output are shown below.

Output voltage	24±3 V DC (When load current is 30 mA DC)
Ripple voltage	Within 200 mV DC (When load current is 30 mA DC)
Max. load current	30 mA DC

Insulated Power Output

4.4.6   Serial Communication

If the C5W or C5 option is ordered, Serial communication is available.

Serial Communication

YA(-) ⑩
YB(+) ⑪
SG ⑫
RS-485
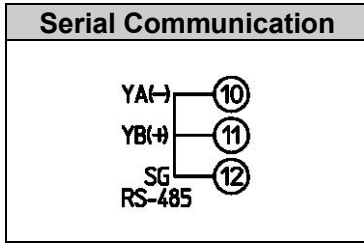
(1) Serial Communication

• When using USB communication cable CMC-001-1 (sold separately)

(Fig. 4.4.6-1)

• When using communication converter IF-400 (sold separately)

(Fig. 4.4.6-2)

(2) SV digital transmission

If 'SV digital transmission' is selected in [Communication protocol]:
Step SV can be digitally transmitted to the connected Shinko indicating controllers with the communication function (C5 option).
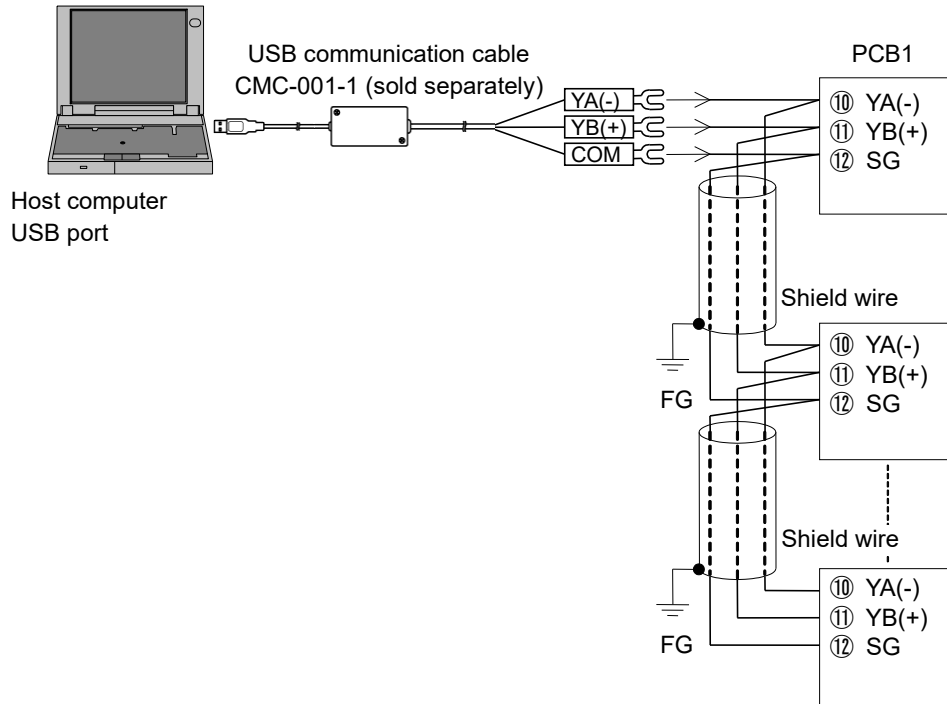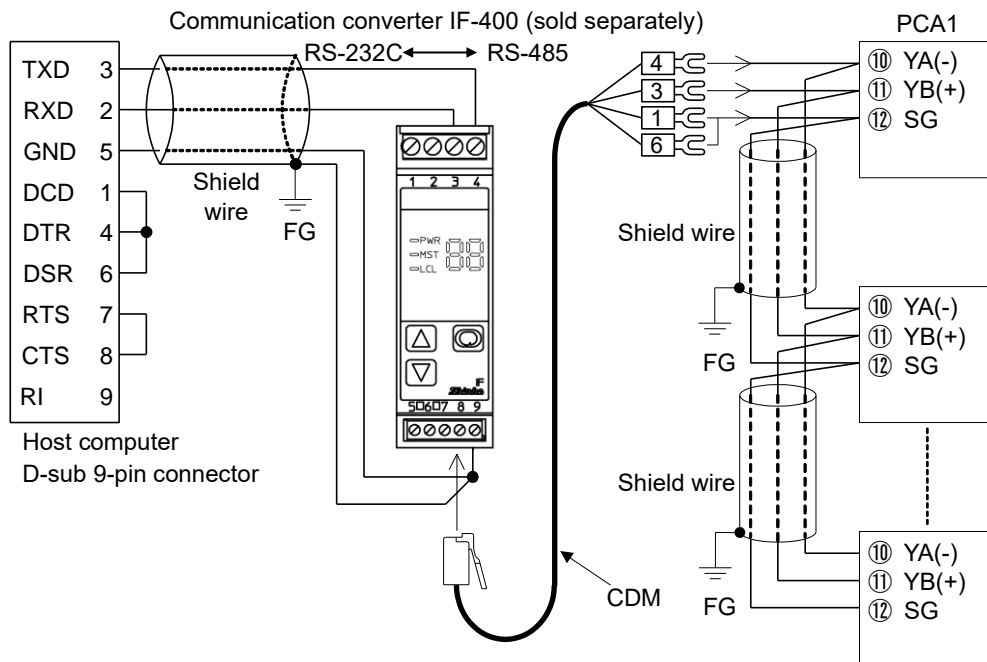
If 'SV digital reception' is selected in [Communication protocol]:
Step SV can be received via SVTC command from the connected Shinko programmable controllers PCA1 or PCB1 (on which 'SV digital transmission' should be selected in [Communication protocol]).

Update cycle: 250 ms

Wiring

For the PCB1 and controllers with the communication function, connect YA (-) to YA (-), YB (+) to YB (+), SG to SG terminal respectively.
Up to 31 units can be connected.

Wiring example of PCB1 and controllers with communication function
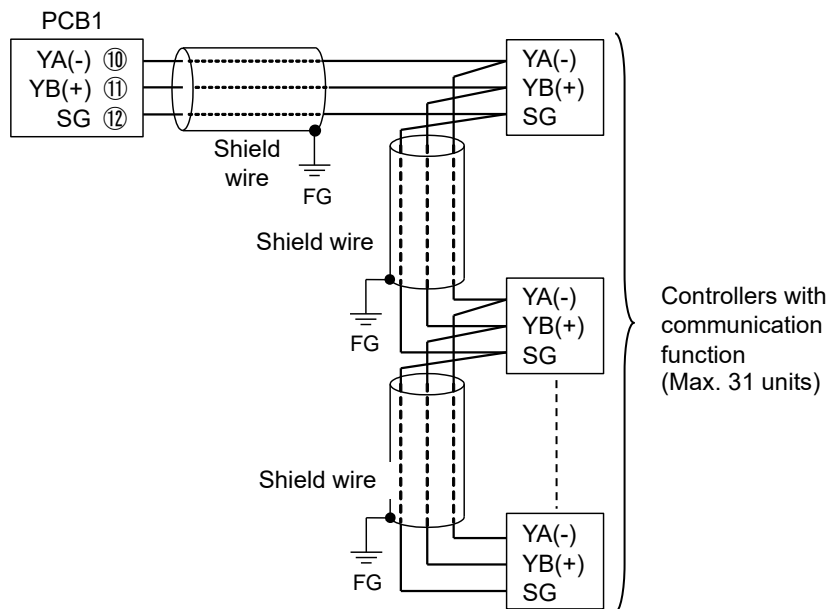
(Fig. 4.4.6-3)

Shield wire

Connect only one end of the shield to the FG to avoid a ground loop. If both ends of the shield wire are connected to the FG, the circuit will be closed, resulting in a ground loop. This may cause noise. Be sure to ground the FG.
Recommended cable: OTSC-VB 2PX0.5SQ (made by Onamba Co., Ltd.) or equivalent (Use a twisted pair cable.)

4.4.7 CT Input 1 and CT Input 2

Current Transformer (CT) input is available when Heater burnout alarm output (C5W, EIW, W options) is ordered.

Cannot be used for detecting heater current under phase control.

| Current Transformer (CT) Input 1 |
| Current Transformer (CT) Input 2 |

CT1 ①
CT1 ②
CT2 ③

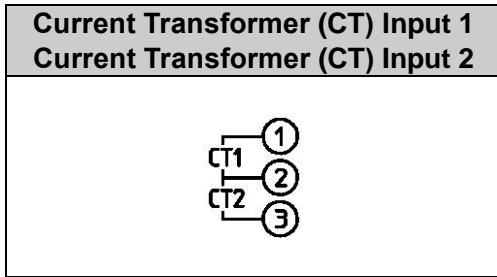Use the CT (current transformer) provided, and pass one lead wire of the heater circuit into the hole of the CT. (Fig. 4.4.7-1)
When wiring, keep the CT wire away from AC sources or load wires to avoid the external interference.

① CT1 input
② terminals

CT

Heater   Power supply
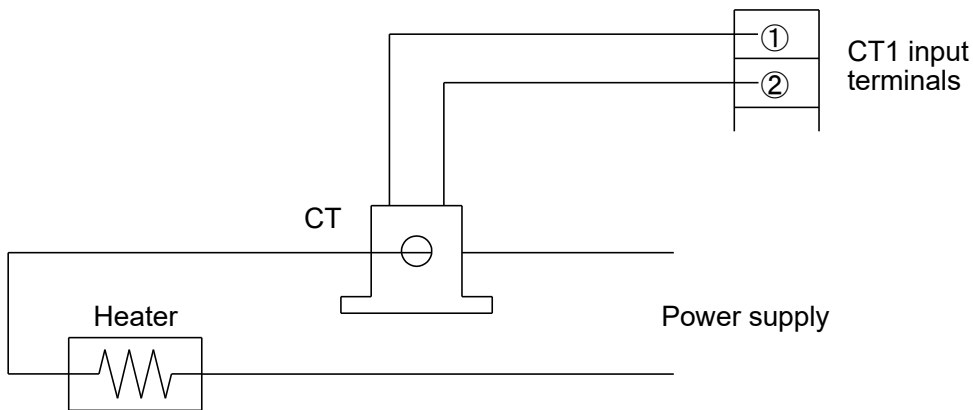
(Fig. 4.4.7-1)

When using 3-phase, pass any 2 lead wires of R, S, T into the CT, and connect them to CT1 (①-②) and CT2 (②-③) terminals. (Fig. 4.4.7-2)

① CT1 input terminal
②
③ CT2 input terminal

Heater   CT1

R

S   Power supply

CT2

T

(Fig. 4.4.7-2)

- 24 -
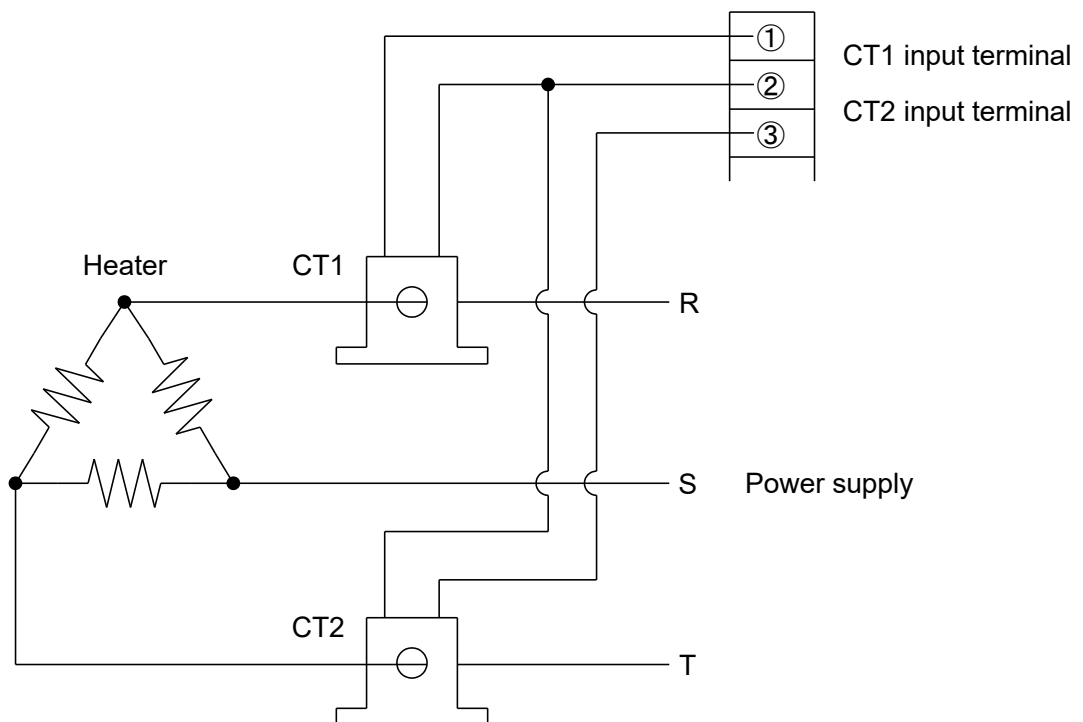
4.4.8 Transmission Output

If the EIT option is ordered, Transmission output is available.

Specifications of Transmission output are shown below.

Resolution	12000
Output	4 to 20 mA DC Load resistance: Max. 550 Ω
Output accuracy	Within ±0.3% of Transmission output span
Response time	400 ms + Input sampling period (0%→90%)

Transmission Output

Converting the value (PV, SV or MV transmission) to analog signal every 125 ms,

outputs the value in current. (Factory default: PV transmission)

Outputs Transmission output low limit value if Transmission output high limit and low limit value

are the same.

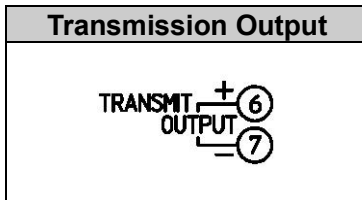If SV or MV transmission is selected, 4 mA is output while in program control STOP (in Standby).

4.4.9 Event Input DI1 and DI2

When C5W, EIW, EIT, C5 or EI option is ordered, Event input DI1 or Event input DI2 is available.

Specifications of Event input are shown below.

Circuit current when closed	Approx. 16 mA

Event Input DI1,
Event input DI2
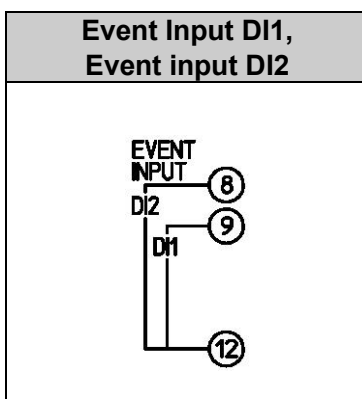
Signal edge action from OFF to ON / ON to OFF is engaged. However, when the power is turned
ON, level action is used except the Program control Advance function.
If the same item – except 'Pattern number selection' – is selected in [Event input DI1 allocation] and
[Event input DI2 allocation], OR calculation [if any one is ON (Closed), the function activates] begins.

An action changed by Event input DI☐ has priority.

If 'Pattern number selection' is selected in [Event input DI1/DI2 allocation], Patterns 2 to 4 can be selected by ON (Closed) or OFF (Open) status of Event input DI1 and DI2.

Pattern numbers selected by Event input have priority over pattern numbers selected by keypad operation.

To select pattern numbers by keypad, make sure all Event inputs are in OFF (Open) status.

• When 'Pattern number selection' is selected only for Event input DI1:

Pattern number	*	2
Event input DI1	OFF (Open)	ON (Closed)

   * This number will be selected by keypad operation.

• When 'Pattern number selection' is selected for both Event input DI1 and DI2:

Pattern number	*	2	3	4
Event input DI1	OFF (Open)	ON (Closed)	OFF (Open)	ON (Closed)
Event input DI2	OFF (Open)	OFF (Open)	ON (Closed)	ON (Closed)

   * This number will be selected by keypad operation.

5. Outline of Key Operation and Each Mode

5.1   Outline of Key Operation

RUN Mode

Program control STOP (in Standby)	Program control RUN

RUN key (*1) →

STOP key (1 sec) ←

PTN key →

Monitor Mode (*2)

MV indication — PTN key → Remaining time indication — PTN key →

Setting Mode

MODE key → Pattern setting mode (*3) — MODE key — RST key →

MODE key (3 sec) → Event setting mode (*3) — MODE key — RST key →

⋀ + MODE keys → Control parameter setting mode (*3) — MODE key — RST key →

⋀ + ⋁ keys (3 sec) → Wait parameter setting mode (*3) — MODE key — RST key →

⋁ + MODE keys (3 sec) → Engineering setting mode 1 (*3) — MODE key — RST key →

⋀ + ⋁ + MODE keys (3 sec) → Engineering setting mode 2 (*3) — MODE key — RST key →

⋀ + ⋁ + STOP keys (3 sec) → Data clear (*4)   Automatically returns to RUN mode after data clear.

(*1) Select a pattern number with the PTN key, and press the RUN key. Program control will start.
(*2) Effective during Program control RUN.
(*3) If the MODE key is pressed, settings or selections are registered, and moves to the next setting item.
    If the MODE key is pressed at the last setting item in each setting mode, the unit returns to the 1st setting item.
    If the DISP key is pressed, settings or selections are registered, and moves back to the previous setting item.
    If the DISP key is pressed at the 1st setting item in each setting mode, the unit moves back to the last setting item.
(*4) Effective during program control STOP (in Standby).

(Fig. 5.1-1)

Modes

Mode	Description
RUN mode	If power is turned ON, the unit enters RUN mode. Starts from program control STOP (in Standby) or Program control RUN, depending on the status at power OFF. Indication differs depending on the status below.

Mode		Description
RUN mode	Program control STOP (in Standby)	The PV Display indicates PV. When the PTN indicator and STEP of the PTN/STEP indicator is lit, the PTN/STEP Display indicates the pattern number. While the PTN of the PTN/STEP indicator is lit, the PTN indicator, the STEP indicator and the PTN/STEP Display are unlit. Other Displays and indicators are unlit.
	Program control RUN	The PV Display indicates PV. The SV Display indicates SV, MV or remaining time. The PTN indicator or STEP indicator lights up. While the PTN indicator is lit, the PTN/STEP Display indicates the pattern number. STEP of the PTN/STEP indicator lights up. While the STEP indicator is lit, the PTN/STEP Display indicates the step number. PTN of the PTN/STEP indicator lights up. Action indicators light up depending on the operation status.
Monitor mode		By pressing the PTN key during program control RUN, the unit enters Monitor mode. The PV Display indicates PV, and the SV Display indicates MV. Each time the PTN key is pressed, SV, MV or remaining time is indicated.
Setting mode	Pattern setting mode	Sets the following: Step SV, Step time, PID block number, number of repetitions, pattern link.
	Event setting mode	Sets the following: EV□ alarm value, Time signal TS1 output OFF time, Time signal TS1 output ON time
	Control parameter setting mode	Sets the following: AT Perform/Cancel, OUT1 proportional band, Integral time, Derivative time, ARW, OUT2 proportional band (When EV2, DS, DA or EV3D□ option is ordered), Direct/Reverse action, Loop break alarm, etc.
	Wait parameter setting mode	Sets the following: Wait value, Wait function Enabled/Disabled for each step
	Engineering setting mode 1	Sets the following: Set value lock, Sensor correction, PV filter time constant, Communication parameters (When C5W or C5 option is ordered)
	Engineering setting mode 2	Sets the following: Input type, Scaling high limit, Scaling low limit, Event output EV□ allocation, Step time unit, Power restore action, etc.
Data clear		By pressing the ⧠, ⧠ and STOP keys (in that order) together for approx. 3 seconds during program control STOP (in Standby), Data clear Yes/No appears. To clear data, select YES, and press the MODE key. The PV Display indicates ⎐⎐⎐ for approx. 3 seconds, and all data reverts to their factory default values.

5.2 Registering Settings and Selections

· How to increase/decrease setting values

To increase or decrease the set value (numeric value), use the ⌃ or ⌄ key.

If the ⌃ or ⌄ key is pressed with the FAST key simultaneously, makes the numeric value change faster.

To switch the selection items, use the ⌃ or ⌄ key.

· How to register setting data or selection data

To register the settings or selections, use the MODE or DISP key.

If the MODE key is pressed, the set values (numerical values) or selected item are registered, and moves to the next setting item.

If the MODE key is pressed at the last setting item, the unit returns to the 1st setting item.

If the DISP key is pressed, the set values (numerical values) or selected item are registered, and moves back to the previous setting item.

If the DISP key is pressed at the 1st setting item, the unit moves back to the last setting item.

· How to return to RUN mode

To return to RUN mode, use the RST key.

If the RST key is pressed, the set values (numerical values) or selected item will be registered, and the unit will revert to RUN mode.

5.3 How to Read Setting Items

Step 1 SV will be used for the explanation.

Explanation of setting items:

· **Upper left:** PV Display: Indicates setting characters.

· **Lower left:** PTN/STEP Display, SV Display

      The PTN/STEP Display indicates the pattern number or step number. Indication differs depending on the setting item.

      The SV Display indicates factory default value.

· **Right side:** Indicates the setting item or selection item, explanation of its function and setting range (or selection items).

PV Display	Setting item name, function, setting range (or selection item)

r E n P
1 □□□0
	Step 1 SV
	• Sets Step 1 SV.
	  Step SV is the value at the end of the step.
	• Setting range:
	  Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit

PTN/STEP Display   SV Display
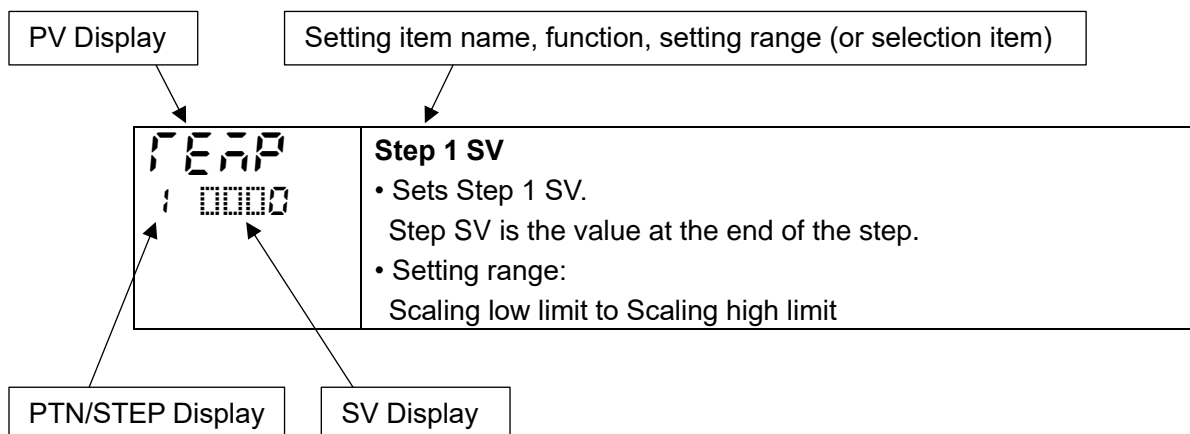
6. Initial Settings

Setup (setting the Input type, Scaling high limit, Scaling low limit, Event output EV1 allocation, Step time unit, Power restore action, Direct/Reverse action, etc.) should be done before using this controller, according to the user's conditions.
Perform setup (or initial settings) in Engineering setting mode 2 and Control parameter setting mode.

Initial setting items and their factory default values are shown below in (Table 6-1).

If the user's specification is the same as the factory default value of this instrument, or if user's instrument has already been installed in a system after initial settings are finished, initial settings are not necessary.
Proceed to Section "7. Basic Settings and Operation" (p.38).
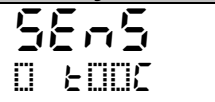
(Table 6-1)

Initial Setting Item	Factory Default
Engineering setting mode 2	
Input type	K -200 to 1370℃
Scaling high limit	1370℃
Scaling low limit	-200℃
Decimal point place	No decimal point
Event output EV1 allocation	No event
Step time unit	Hours : Minutes
Power restore action	Stops after power is restored.
Step SV when program control starts	0℃
Program control start type	PV start
Control parameter setting mode	
OUT1 proportional cycle	Relay contact output: 30 sec
	Non-contact voltage output: 3 sec
Direct/Reverse action	Reverse action

The following shows the procedure for initial settings.

(1) Enter Engineering setting mode 2.
In RUN mode, press ⟨∧⟩, ⟨∨⟩ and ⟨MODE⟩ keys (in that order) together for approx. 3 seconds.
The unit will enter Engineering setting mode 2.

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
`5En5` `0 ╘☐☐╘`	**Input type** • Selects an input type from thermocouple (10 types), RTD (2 types), direct current (2 types) and DC voltage (4 type), and the unit ℃/℉. • **When changing the input from DC voltage to other inputs, remove the sensor connected to this controller first, then change the input. If the input is changed with the sensor connected, the input circuit may break.** • When changing an input type, refer to Section "9.6 Items to be Initialized by Changing Settings" (p.109). • Selection item: <table><tr><td>╘☐☐╘</td><td>K</td><td>-200 to 1370 ℃</td></tr><tr><td>╘☐☐╘</td><td>K</td><td>-200.0 to 400.0 ℃</td></tr></table>

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range		
	ꞯꝏꝏ℃	J	-200 to 1000 ℃
	ꞃꝏꝏ℃	R	0 to 1760 ℃
	Ꝑꝏꝏ℃	S	0 to 1760 ℃
	ꝏꝏꝏ℃	B	0 to 1820 ℃
	Ꝑꝏꝏ℃	E	-200 to 800 ℃
	ꞁꝏꝏ℃	T	-200.0 to 400.0 ℃
	ꞃꝏꝏ℃	N	-200 to 1300 ℃
	PL2℃	PL-Ⅱ	0 to 1390 ℃
	ꞓꝏꝏ℃	C(W/Re5-26)	0 to 2315 ℃
	Pꞃꝏ℃	Pt100	-200.0 to 850.0 ℃
	JPꞁ℃	JPt100	-200.0 to 500.0 ℃
	Pꞃꝏ℃	Pt100	-200 to 850 ℃
	JPꞁ℃	JPt100	-200 to 500 ℃
	ꞁꝏꝏF	K	-328 to 2498 ℉
	ꞁꝏꝏF	K	-328.0 to 752.0 ℉
	ꞯꝏꝏF	J	-328 to 1832 ℉
	ꞃꝏꝏF	R	32 to 3200 ℉
	ꝐꝏꝏF	S	32 to 3200 ℉
	ꝏꝏꝏF	B	32 to 3308 ℉
	ꝐꝏꝏF	E	-328 to 1472 ℉
	ꞁꝏꝏF	T	-328.0 to 752.0 ℉
	ꞃꝏꝏF	N	-328 to 2372 ℉
	PL2F	PL-Ⅱ	32 to 2534 ℉
	ꞓꝏꝏF	C(W/Re5-26)	32 to 4199 ℉
	PꞃꝏF	Pt100	-328.0 to 1562.0 ℉
	JPꞁF	JPt100	-328.0 to 932.0 ℉
	PꞃꝏF	Pt100	-328 to 1562 ℉
	JPꞁF	JPt100	-328 to 932 ℉
	420A	4 to 20 mA	-2000 to 10000
	020A	0 to 20 mA	-2000 to 10000
	001ʊ	0 to 1 V	-2000 to 10000
	005ʊ	0 to 5 V	-2000 to 10000
	105ʊ	1 to 5 V	-2000 to 10000
	010ʊ	0 to 10 V	-2000 to 10000
SꞃLH □ 1370	**Scaling high limit** • Sets scaling high limit value. • Setting range: Scaling low limit to Input range high limit DC voltage, current inputs: -2000 to 10000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)		
SꞃLL □ -200	**Scaling low limit** • Sets scaling low limit value. • Setting range: Input range low limit to Scaling high limit DC voltage, current inputs: -2000 to 10000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)		

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range	
dP□□ □ □□□□	**Decimal point place** • Selects decimal point place. • Selection item:	
	□□□□	No decimal point
	□□□□	1 digit after decimal point
	□□□□	2 digits after decimal point
	□□□□	3 digits after decimal point
	Available only when DC voltage or current input is selected in [Input type].	
EVo1 □ □□□□	**Event output EV1 allocation** • Selects Event output EV1 from the table below. • If Event output EV1 is changed, some setting items will be initialized. Refer to Section "9.6 Items to be Initialized by Changing Settings" (p.109). • Selection item:	
	□□□□	No event
	□□□ 1	Alarm output, High limit alarm
	□□□2	Alarm output, Low limit alarm
	□□□3	Alarm output, High/Low limits alarm
	□□□4	Alarm output, High/Low limits independent alarm
	□□□5	Alarm output, High/Low limit range alarm
	□□□6	Alarm output, High/Low limit range independent alarm
	□□□7	Alarm output, Process high alarm
	□□□8	Alarm output, Process low alarm
	□□□9	Alarm output, High limit with standby alarm
	□□ 10	Alarm output, Low limit with standby alarm
	□□ 1 1	Alarm output, High/Low limits with standby alarm
	□□ 12	Alarm output, High/Low limits with standby independent alarm
	□□ 13	Heater burnout alarm output (when C5W, EIW or W option is ordered): Detects load current value with CT (current transformer), and turns ON if it is lower than heater burnout alarm value.
	□□ 14	Loop break alarm output: Sets Loop break alarm time and band. • **About the Loop break alarm:** **When the control action is Reverse (Heating) control:** If the PV does not reach the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm (after the MV has reached 100% or the OUT1 high limit value), the alarm output will be turned ON. Likewise, if the PV does not drop to the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm (after the MV has reached 0% or the OUT1 low limit value), the alarm output will be turned ON. **When the control action is Direct (Cooling) control:** If the PV does not drop to the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm (after the MV has reached 100% or the OUT1 high limit value), the alarm output will be turned ON.

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
	Likewise, if the PV does not reach the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm (after the MV has reached 0% or the OUT1 low limit value), the alarm output will be turned ON. • **When EV2 option (If "⬚02⬚ Heating/Cooling control output" is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation]) is ordered, or when DS, DA or EV3D☐ option is ordered.** **When the control action is Reverse (Heating) control:** After OUT1 MV has reached 100% or the OUT1 high limit value, or after OUT2 MV has reached 0% or -(OUT2 low limit value), if the PV does not reach the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm, the alarm output will be turned ON. Likewise, after OUT1 MV has reached 0% or the OUT1 low limit value, or after OUT2 MV has reached -100% or -(OUT2 high limit value), if the PV does not drop to the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm, the alarm output will be turned ON. **When the control action is Direct (Cooling) control:** After OUT1 MV has reached 100% or the OUT1 high limit value, or after OUT2 MV has reached 0% or -(OUT2 low limit value), if the PV does not drop to the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm, the alarm output will be turned ON. Likewise, after OUT1 MV has reached 0% or the OUT1 low limit value, or after OUT2 MV has reached -100% or -(OUT2 high limit value), if the PV does not reach the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm, the alarm output will be turned ON.
⬚0 15	Time signal output: 　Turns ON during program control RUN, by setting Time signal output OFF time and ON time within total time in one pattern.
⬚0 16	Output during AT: Turns ON during AT.
⬚0 17	Pattern end output: 　Turns ON after Program control ends, and remains ON during the time set in [Pattern end output time].
⬚0 18	Output by communication command: Communication command　8004H　B0　EV1 output　0: OFF, 1: ON 　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　B1　EV2 output　0: OFF, 1: ON 　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　B2　EV3 output　0: OFF, 1: ON
⬚0 19	RUN output: Turns ON during program control RUN.
	When ⬚00 1 (High limit alarm) to ⬚0 12 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) or ⬚0 15 (Time signal output) is selected, one alarm can be set to one event output. When ⬚0 13 (Heater burnout alarm output), ⬚0 14 (Loop break alarm output) or ⬚0 16 (Output during AT) to ⬚0 19 (RUN output) are selected, each output is common to multiple event outputs.

• **Alarm output**

EV1 alarm output actions are shown below.

• **High limit alarm**
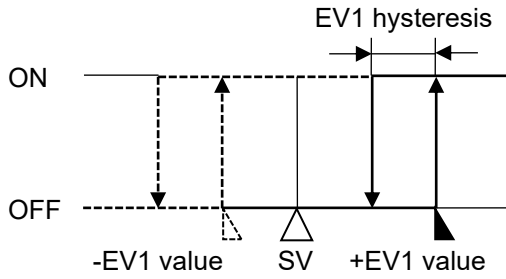
(Fig. 6-1)

• **Low limit alarm**
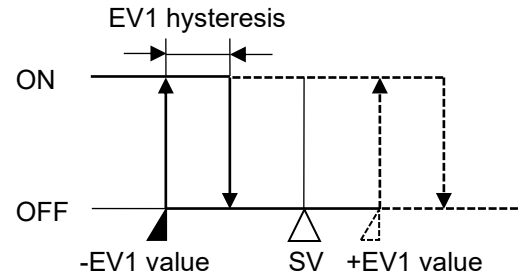
(Fig. 6-2)

• **High/Low limits alarm**
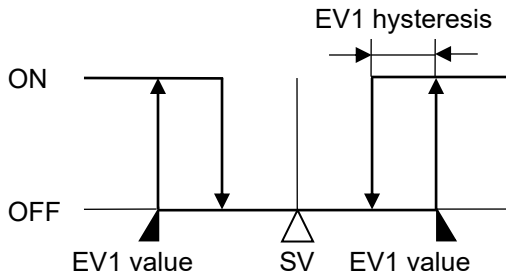
(Fig. 6-3)

• **High/Low limits independent alarm**
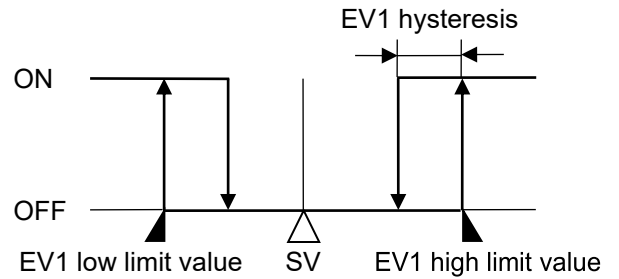
(Fig. 6-4)

• **High/Low limit range alarm**
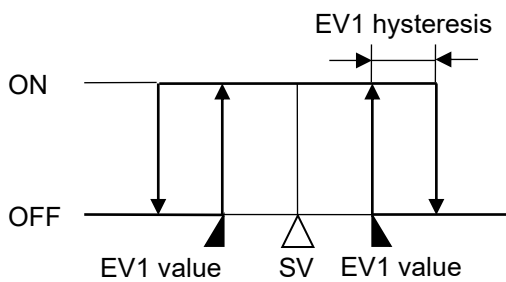
(Fig. 6-5)

• **High/Low limit range independent alarm**
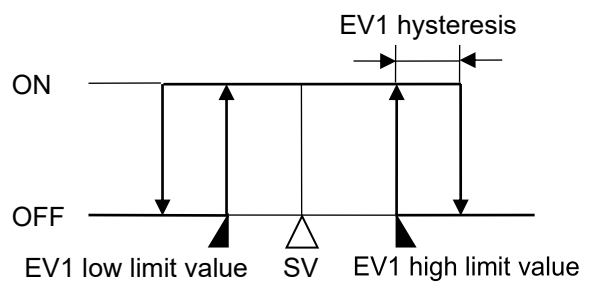
(Fig. 6-6)

• **Process high alarm**
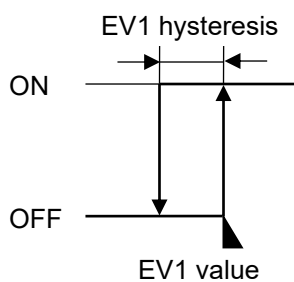
(Fig. 6-7)

• **Process low alarm**
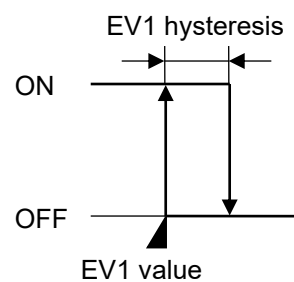
(Fig. 6-8)

- **High limit with standby alarm**
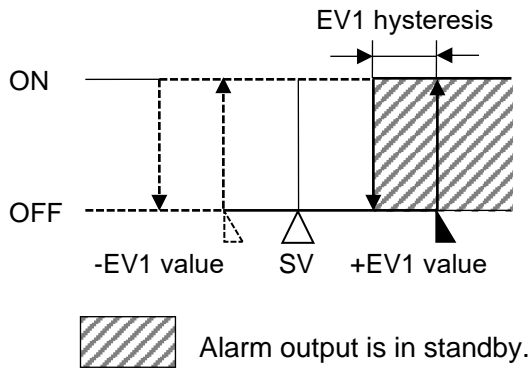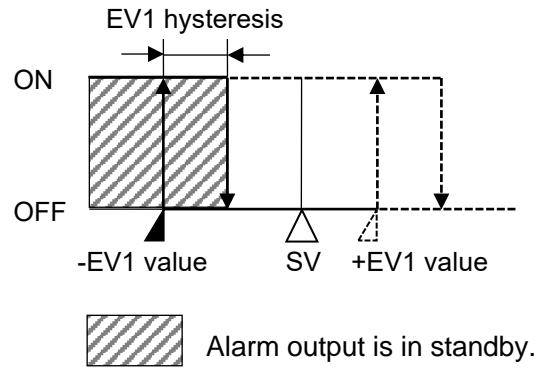
EV1 hysteresis

ON

OFF

-EV1 value   SV   +EV1 value

▨ Alarm output is in standby.

(Fig. 6-9)

- **Low limit with standby alarm**

EV1 hysteresis

ON

OFF

-EV1 value   SV   +EV1 value

▨ Alarm output is in standby.

(Fig. 6-10)

- **High/Low limits with standby alarm**

EV1 hysteresis

ON

OFF

EV1 value   SV   EV1 value

▨ Alarm output is in standby.

(Fig. 6-11)

- **High/Low limits with standby independent alarm**

EV1 hysteresis

ON

OFF

EV1 low limit value   SV   EV1 high limit value

▨ Alarm output is in standby.
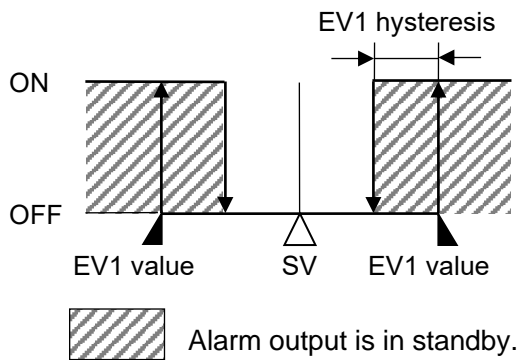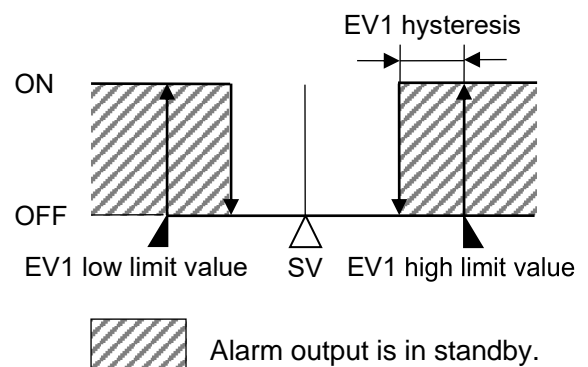
(Fig. 6-12)

• **Time signal output**

Time signal output OFF time and Time signal output ON time are set within total time in one pattern.

After program control starts, Time signal output turns ON during Time signal output ON time after Time signal output OFF time has elapsed.

During Wait action or program control HOLD, progress time of Time signal output stops.
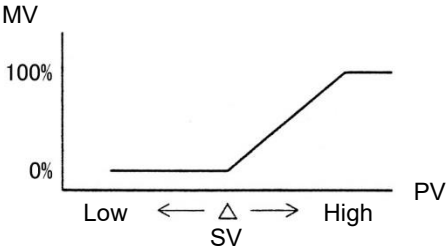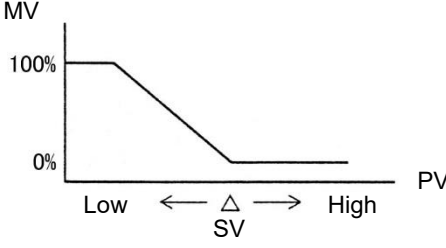
When step time is changed during program control RUN, Time signal output timing is re-calculated using the changed pattern time.

Example of program pattern setting

Pattern 1						
Step number		1	2	3	4	5
Step SV		500	500	1000	1000	0
Step time		0:30	1:00	0:40	1:00	2:00
Time signal output	ON OFF					

Program control RUN   ON after 1 hour   OFF after 50 minutes

(e.g.) Time signal output setting
Time signal output OFF time: 1 hour
Time signal output ON time: 50 minutes

(Fig. 6-13)

Explanation of Time signal output

In the above program pattern example, Time signal output turns ON one hour after program control RUN starts (30 minutes after the unit entered Step 2). Time signal output turns OFF 50 minutes after Time signal output turned ON (20 minutes after the unit entered Step 3).

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range	
Press the MODE key multiple times until the following characters appear.		
ⴈ_5ⵔ ⵔ ⴈⵑ ⴖⵔ	**Step time unit** • Selects the Step time unit. • Selection item:	
	ⴈⵑ ⴖⵔ	Hours : Minutes
	5Ecⵔ	Minutes : Seconds

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Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range	
P-EF □ SFoP	**Power restore action** • If the power fails during program control RUN, the controller can be operated depending on the selection in [Power restore action]. • Selection item:	
	SFoP	**Stops after power is restored:** After power is restored, stops current program control, and returns to the program control STOP (in Standby).
	conF	**Continues after power is restored:** After power is restored, continues (resumes) previous program control.
	HoLd	**Suspends after power is restored** After power is restored, suspends (on hold) current program control, and performs Fixed value control using the step SV at the time of suspension. Pressing the RUN key cancels suspension, and Program control resumes.
S_SU □ □□□□	**Step SV when program control starts** • Sets step SV when program control starts. • Setting range: Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)	
S_SL □ PU□□	**Program control start type** • Program control start type can be selected. • Selection item:	
	PU□□	**PV start** Only when program control starts, the step SV and step time are advanced to the PV, then program control starts.
	PU-□	**PVR start** When program control starts and in pattern repeating, the step SV and step time are advanced to the PV, then program control starts.
	SU□□	**SV start** Program control starts from the value set in [Step SV when program control starts].
Press the RST key. The unit returns to RUN mode.		

(2) Enter Control parameter setting mode.

In RUN mode, press the ⌃ and MODE keys (in that order) together. The unit enters Control parameter setting mode.

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
AT□□ □ ----	**AT Perform/Cancel** Do not perform AT during initial settings.

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
Press the MODE key multiple times until the following characters appear.	

⊏ꞏꞏꞏ
ꞏ ꞏꞏꞏꞏ3
	OUT1 proportional cycle
	• Sets OUT1 proportional cycle.
	• For the relay contact output type, if the proportional cycle time is decreased, the frequency of the relay action increases, and the life of the relay contact is shortened.
	  Factory default value differs depending on the output type as follows:
	    Relay contact output type: 30 seconds
	    Non-contact voltage output type: 3 seconds
	    Direct current output type: Not available
	• Setting range:
	  0.5, 1 to 120 seconds
	  Available when OUT1 is relay contact output or non-contact voltage output.

Press the MODE key multiple times until the following characters appear.	

⊏σ∩⌐
ꞏ HEA⌐
	Direct/Reverse action
	• Selects either Direct (Cooling) or Reverse (Heating) control action.
	 Direct action:
	  In Direct action, MV is increased when PV is higher than SV (positive deviation). Refrigerators perform Direct action.
	
	(Fig. 6-14)
	
	 Reverse action:
	  In Reverse action, MV is increased when SV is higher than PV (negative deviation).
	  Electric furnaces perform Reverse action.
	
	(Fig. 6-15)
	
	• Selection item:
	<table><tr><td>HEA⌐</td><td>Reverse action</td></tr><tr><td>⊏σσL</td><td>Direct action</td></tr></table>

Press the RST key. The unit returns to RUN mode.	

At this stage, the initial settings are complete.
Refer to Sections '7. Basic Settings and Operation (p.38)' and '8. Explanation of Setting Items (p.44)'.

7. Basic Settings and Operation

7.1 Procedure of Basic Settings and Operation

```
                    ┌─────────────────────┐
                    │     Power ON        │
                    └─────────────────────┘
                               │
  Program pattern              ▼
  setting            ╭─────────────────────╮
                     │   Pattern setting   │        Sets program pattern.
                     │     (pp.44 - 48)    │
                     ╰─────────────────────╯
                               │
  PID block, Wait              │
  value setting                ▼
                     ╭─────────────────────╮
                     │ Control parameters  │        Sets PID, ARW, etc.
                     │     (pp.55 - 64)    │
                     ╰─────────────────────╯
                               │
                               ▼
                     ╭─────────────────────╮        Sets Wait value, and Wait function
                     │   Wait parameters   │        Enabled/Disabled for each step.
                     │     (pp.65 - 68)    │
                     ╰─────────────────────╯
                               │
                               ▼
                    ┌─────────────────────┐         Turn the load power ON, and
                    │   Test operation    │         perform test operation.
                    └─────────────────────┘
                               │
                               ▼
                     ╭─────────────────────╮
                     │     AT Perform      │         Performs AT.
                     │    (pp.104 - 106)   │
                     ╰─────────────────────╯
                               │
                               ▼
                    ┌─────────────────────┐
                    │        RUN          │
                    └─────────────────────┘
```
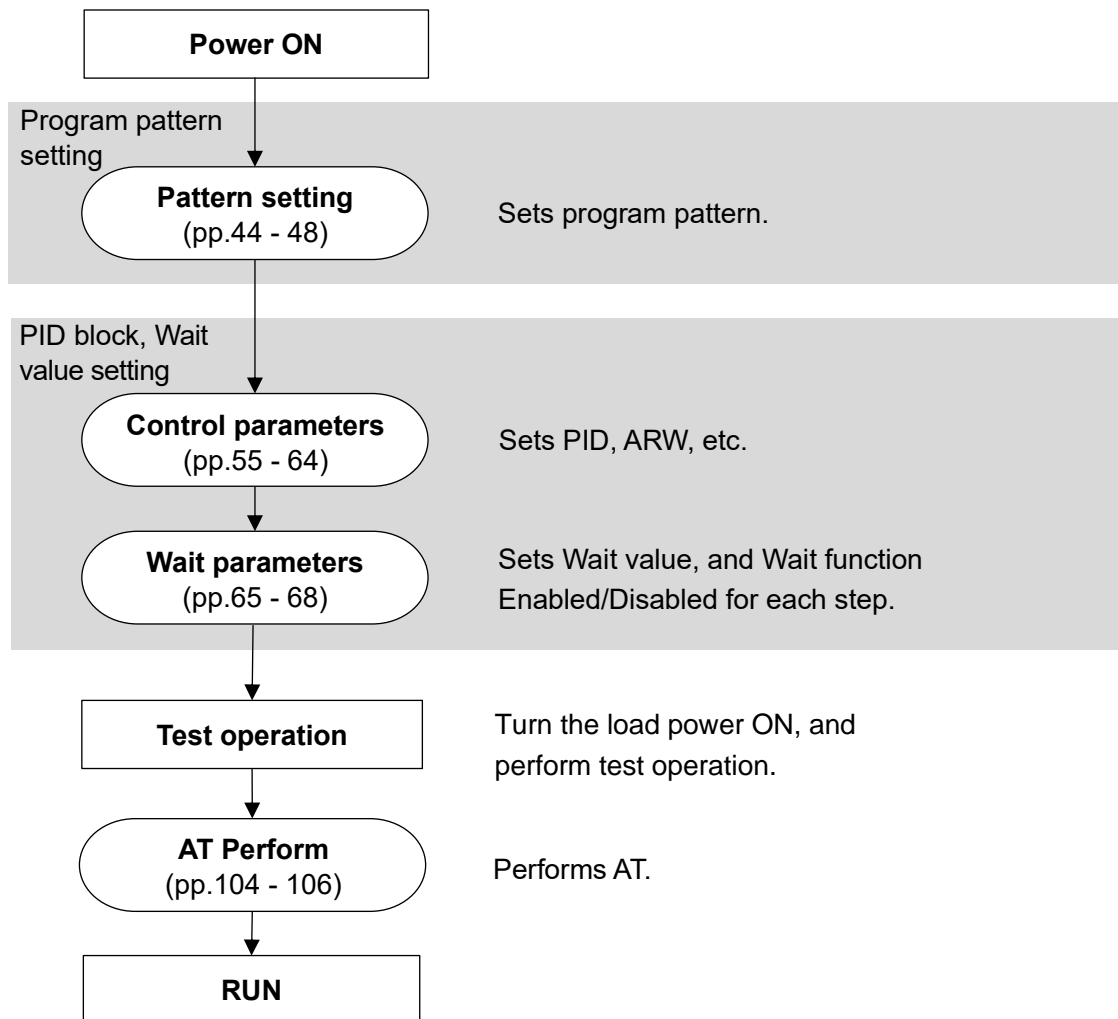
(Fig. 7.1-1)

7.2 Program Pattern Setting

• Example of Program Pattern Setting

Pattern 1					
Step number	1	2	3	4	5

Step SV	500	500	1000	1000	0
Step time	0:30	1:00	0:40	1:00	2:00
PID block number	2	2	3	3	2
Wait function Enabled/Disabled	Enabled	Disabled	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled
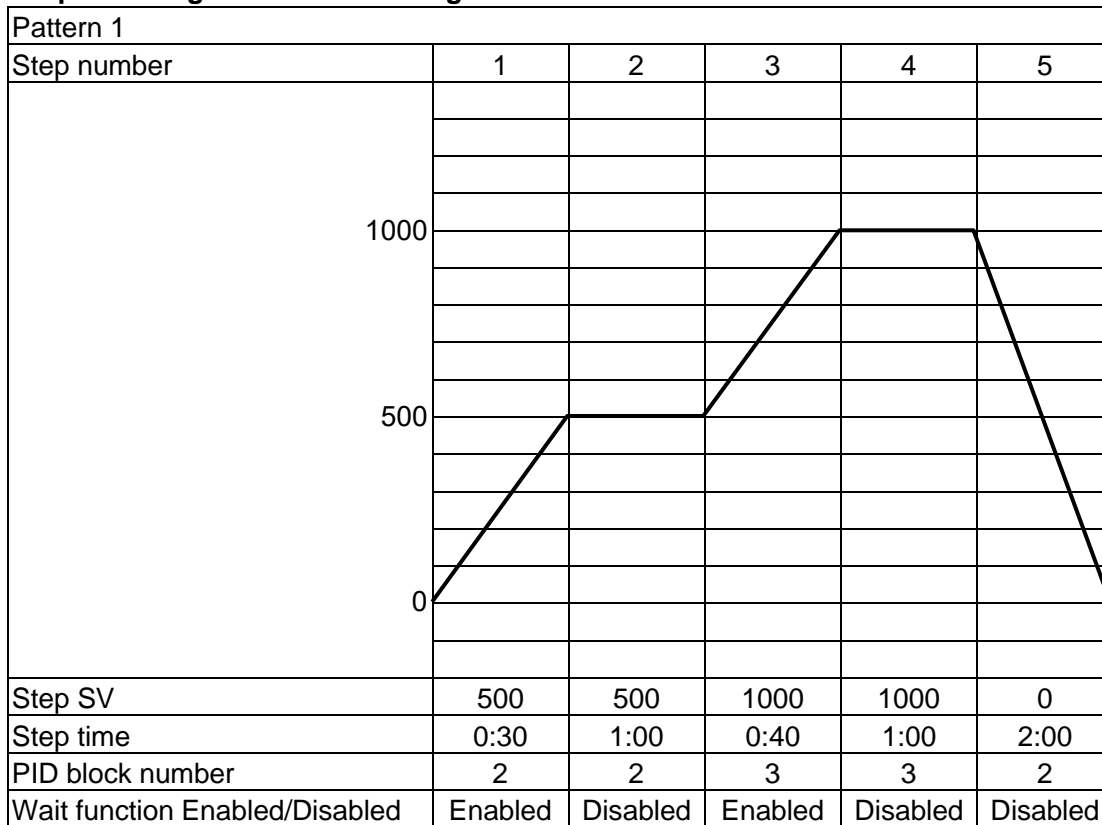
(Fig. 7.2-1)

Explanation of Program Pattern

> Step 1: After program control starts, control is performed so that SV gradually rises from 0℃ to 500℃ in 30 minutes.
> Step 2: Control is performed to keep the SV at 500℃ for 1 hour.
> Step 3: Control is performed so that SV gradually rises from 500℃ to 1000℃ for 40 minutes.
> Step 4: Control is performed to keep the SV at 1000℃ for 1 hour.
> Step 5: Control is performed so that SV gradually falls from 1000℃ to 0℃ in 2 hours.

• Example of PID Block Setting

If program pattern is not set for a step, its PID block number becomes 1 (factory default).

We highly recommend that you leave the factory defaults of PID block 1 as they are, and

set the values from Block 2.

Control parameters such as PID, ARW are common to all patterns.

Block number	OUT1 proportional band	Integral time	Derivative time	ARW	OUT2 proportional band
1	10℃	200 sec	50 sec	50%	10℃
2	10℃ (*)	200 sec (*)	50 sec (*)	50% (*)	10℃ (*)
3	10℃ (*)	200 sec (*)	50 sec (*)	50% (*)	10℃ (*)

(*) Setting items in PID block are determined after performing AT. So, they are currently factory default values.
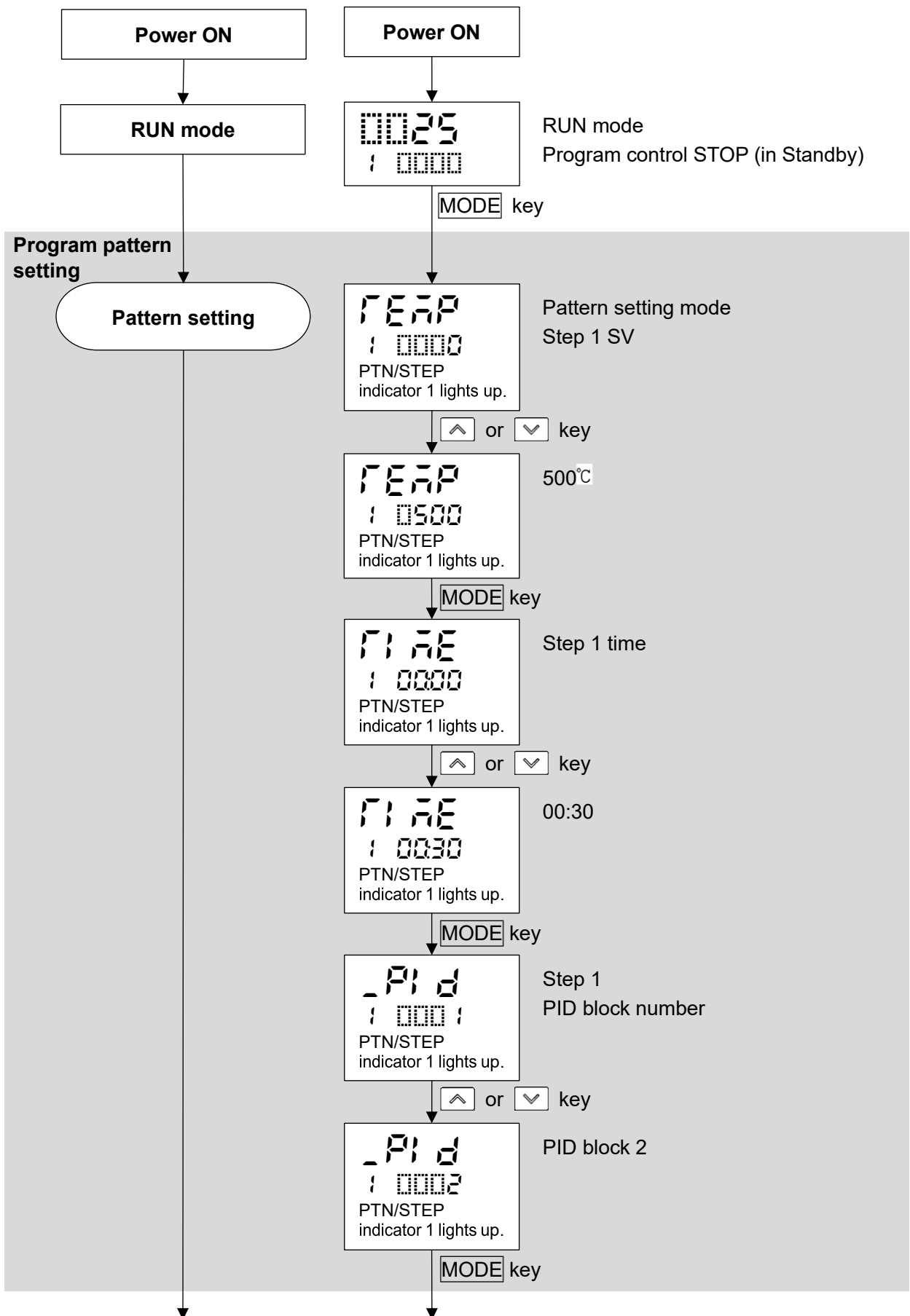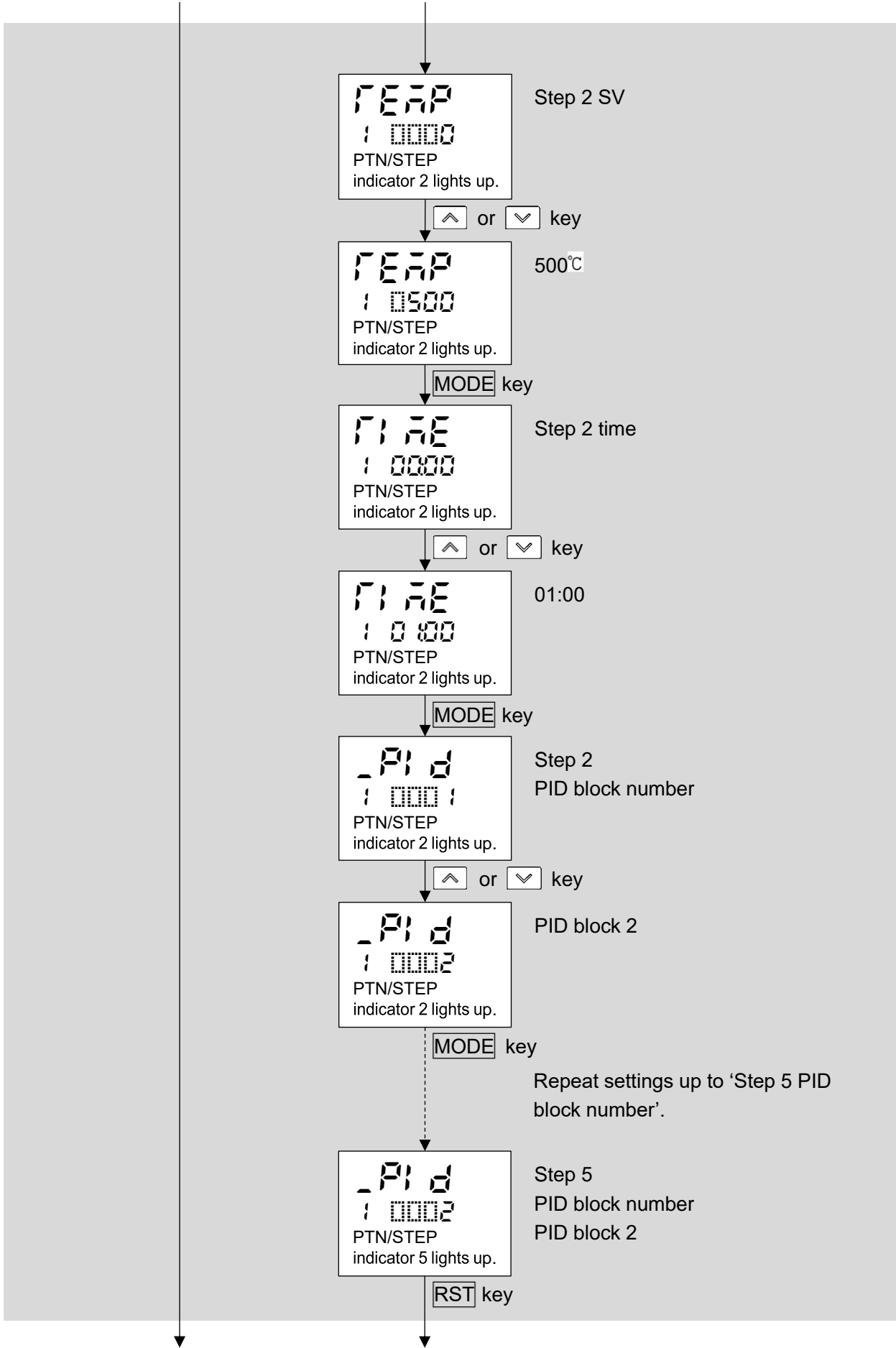
• Example of Wait Value Setting

Wait value: 10℃

Wait value is common to all steps of each pattern.

The operation method is described below, based on the program pattern, PID block and wait value settings.

Power ON	Power ON	

```
       ┌──────────┐
       │ 0025 │   RUN mode
       │ 1 0000 │   Program control STOP (in Standby)
       └──────────┘
```
MODE key

Program pattern setting

(Pattern setting)

```
       ┌──────────┐
       │ rEAP │   Pattern setting mode
       │ 1 0000 │   Step 1 SV
       └──────────┘
       PTN/STEP
       indicator 1 lights up.
```
∧ or ∨ key

```
       ┌──────────┐
       │ rEAP │   500℃
       │ 1 0500 │
       └──────────┘
       PTN/STEP
       indicator 1 lights up.
```
MODE key

```
       ┌──────────┐
       │ TiAE │   Step 1 time
       │ 1 0000 │
       └──────────┘
       PTN/STEP
       indicator 1 lights up.
```
∧ or ∨ key

```
       ┌──────────┐
       │ TiAE │   00:30
       │ 1 0030 │
       └──────────┘
       PTN/STEP
       indicator 1 lights up.
```
MODE key

```
       ┌──────────┐
       │ _PId │   Step 1
       │ 1 0001 │   PID block number
       └──────────┘
       PTN/STEP
       indicator 1 lights up.
```
∧ or ∨ key

```
       ┌──────────┐
       │ _PId │   PID block 2
       │ 1 0002 │
       └──────────┘
       PTN/STEP
       indicator 1 lights up.
```
MODE key

```
┌──────────────┐
│  ┌ E ┌ P      │    Step 2 SV
│   1 ░░░0      │
│ PTN/STEP      │
│ indicator 2 lights up. │
└──────────────┘
```

∧ or ∨ key

```
┌──────────────┐
│  ┌ E ┌ P      │    500℃
│   1 ░500      │
│ PTN/STEP      │
│ indicator 2 lights up. │
└──────────────┘
```

MODE key

```
┌──────────────┐
│  ┌ i ┌ E      │    Step 2 time
│   1 0░░0      │
│ PTN/STEP      │
│ indicator 2 lights up. │
└──────────────┘
```

∧ or ∨ key

```
┌──────────────┐
│  ┌ i ┌ E      │    01:00
│   1 0 ░0      │
│ PTN/STEP      │
│ indicator 2 lights up. │
└──────────────┘
```

MODE key

```
┌──────────────┐
│  _ P i d      │    Step 2
│   1 ░░░1      │    PID block number
│ PTN/STEP      │
│ indicator 2 lights up. │
└──────────────┘
```

∧ or ∨ key

```
┌──────────────┐
│  _ P i d      │    PID block 2
│   1 ░░░2      │
│ PTN/STEP      │
│ indicator 2 lights up. │
└──────────────┘
```

MODE key

Repeat settings up to 'Step 5 PID block number'.

```
┌──────────────┐
│  _ P i d      │    Step 5
│   1 ░░░2      │    PID block number
│ PTN/STEP      │    PID block 2
│ indicator 5 lights up. │
└──────────────┘
```

RST key

RUN mode	`0025` `1 0000`	RUN mode Program control STOP (in Standby)

⌃ + ⌄ keys (3 sec)

Wait value setting

(**Wait parameter**) | `WAIT`
`1 0000` | Wait parameter setting mode
Wait value

⌃ or ⌄ key

`WAIT`
`1 0010` | 10℃

MODE key

`WAIT`
`1 ----`
PTN/STEP indicator 1 lights up. | Step 1
Wait function Enabled/Disabled

⌃ or ⌄ key

`WAIT`
`1 USED`
PTN/STEP indicator 1 lights up. | Wait function Enabled

MODE key

Repeat settings up to 'Step 5 Wait function Enabled/Disabled'.

`WAIT`
`1 USED`
PTN/STEP indicator 5 lights up. | Step 5
Wait function Enabled/Disabled
Wait function Enabled

RST key

At this stage, settings are complete.

RUN mode | `0025`
`1 0000` | RUN mode
Program control STOP (in Standby)

PTN key

```
  ┌──────────┐
  │   0025   │      Select a pattern number to perform.
  │  1 0000  │      Press the PTN key to select a pattern.
  └──────────┘
       │ RUN key    Turn the load power ON, and press the
       │            RUN key for test operation.
       ▼
┌──────────────┐  ┌──────────┐    Test operation starts (Program control
│Test operation│  │   0025   │    RUN).
└──────────────┘  │  1 0025  │    (e.g.) Perform AT at Step 2 as its step
                  │ PTN/STEP │    SV is constant.
                  │indicator 1 lights up.│  Press the RUN key for approx. 1 sec.
                  └──────────┘
                       │ RUN key (1 sec)
                       ▼
                  ┌──────────┐    Moves to Step 2.
                  │   0500   │
                  │  1 0500  │
                  │ PTN/STEP │
                  │indicator 2 lights up.│
                  └──────────┘
                       │ ︿ + MODE keys
                       ▼
 ┌──────────────┐  ┌──────────┐    AT Perform/Cancel
 │  AT Perform  │  │   Ar00   │
 └──────────────┘  │  1 ----  │
                   │ PTN/STEP │
                   │indicator 2 lights up.│
                   └──────────┘
                       │ ︿ or ﹀ key
                       ▼
                   ┌──────────┐    AT Perform
                   │   Ar00   │
                   │  1 Ar00  │
                   │ PTN/STEP │
                   │indicator 2 lights up.│
                   └──────────┘
                       │ RST key
                       ▼
                   ┌──────────┐    RUN mode
                   │   0500   │    During AT Perform, the AT indicator
                   │  1 0500  │    flashes. After AT is finished, the AT
                   │ PTN/STEP │    indicator turns off.
                   │indicator 2 lights up.│  As PID block 3 is selected for Step 4,
                   └──────────┘    perform AT for Step 4.
                       │
                       ▼
┌──────────────┐   ┌──────────┐    Program control END
│   RUN mode   │   │   0025   │    Returns to RUN mode [Program
└──────────────┘   │  1 0000  │    control STOP (in Standby)].
                   └──────────┘
                       │ RUN key
                       ▼
┌──────────────┐   ┌──────────┐    Program control starts (Program
│     RUN      │   │   0025   │    control RUN).
└──────────────┘   │  1 0025  │
                   │ PTN/STEP │
                   │indicator 1 lights up.│
                   └──────────┘
```

8. Explanation of Setting Items

Setting items for the following mode will be described:

Pattern setting mode, Event setting mode, Control parameter setting mode, Wait parameter setting mode, Engineering setting mode 1, Engineering setting mode 2.

8.1 Setting Items in Pattern Setting Mode

In Pattern setting mode, the following items are set:

Step SV, Step time, PID block number, Number of repetitions, pattern link

Settings are performed for the pattern selected at the time of entering Pattern setting mode.
During program control RUN, settings are possible only for the currently performing pattern.
If 'Pattern link Enabled' is selected in [Pattern link]: Even if the performing pattern is changed from 1 to 2 during pattern setting mode, Pattern 1 will be remained, and the pattern number will not be updated until the unit reverts to RUN mode.
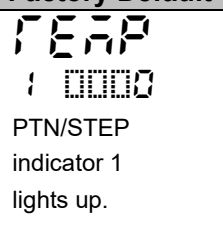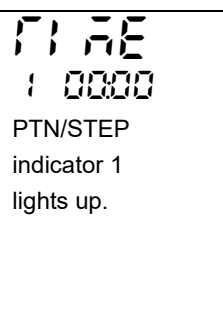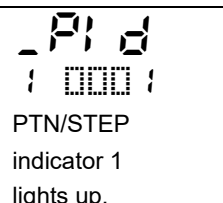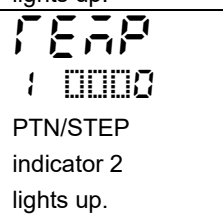
• Before entering Pattern setting mode

Select a pattern number with the PTN key before entering Pattern setting mode.
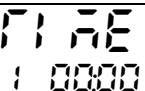
• To enter Pattern setting mode

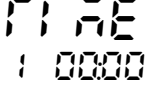In RUN mode, press the MODE key. The unit enters Pattern setting mode.

Pattern 1 is used for the explanation of setting items in Pattern setting mode.

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range

ΓΕΛΠ
1 0000
PTN/STEP indicator 1 lights up.
	Step 1 SV
	• Sets Step 1 SV.
	  Step SV is a value (SV) at the end of the step.
	• Setting range:
	  Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit

ΠΛΕ
1 00.00
PTN/STEP indicator 1 lights up.
	Step 1 time
	• Sets Step 1 time.
	  Step time is the processing time of the step.
	• Setting range:
	  – – – –, 00:00 to 99.59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].)
	  If the ⌄ key is pressed at 00:00, – – – – will appear.
	  If – – – – is set, Fixed value control will be performed using Step 1 SV.

_ΠΙ d 1 0001 PTN/STEP indicator 1 lights up.	**Step 1 PID block number** • Selects PID block number used for Step 1. • Selection item: 1 to 10

ΓΕΛΠ
1 0000
PTN/STEP indicator 2 lights up.
	Step 2 SV
	• Sets Step 2 SV.
	  Step SV is a value (SV) at the end of the step.
	• Setting range:
	  Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range

⎡⎺⎺⎺⎺⎤ 𝗧𝗜𝗠𝗘
 1 0000
 PTN/STEP indicator 2 lights up.
	Step 2 time
	 • Sets Step 2 time.
	   Step time is the processing time of the step.
	 • Setting range:
	   ‐‐‐‐, 00:00 to 99.59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].)
	   If the �∨ key is pressed at 00:00, ‐‐‐‐ will appear.
	   If ‐‐‐‐ is set, Fixed value control will be performed using Step 2 SV.

_𝗣𝗜𝗱 1 0001 PTN/STEP indicator 2 lights up.	**Step 2 PID block number** • Selects PID block number used for Step 2. • Selection item: 1 to 10

𝗧𝗘𝗠𝗣
 1 0000
 PTN/STEP indicator 3 lights up.
	Step 3 SV
	 • Sets Step 3 SV.
	   Step SV is a value (SV) at the end of the step.
	 • Setting range:
	   Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit

𝗧𝗜𝗠𝗘
 1 0000
 PTN/STEP indicator 3 lights up.
	Step 3 time
	 • Sets Step 3 time.
	   Step time is the processing time of the step.
	 • Setting range:
	   ‐‐‐‐, 00:00 to 99.59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].)
	   If the �∨ key is pressed at 00:00, ‐‐‐‐ will appear.
	   If ‐‐‐‐ is set, Fixed value control will be performed using Step 3 SV.

_𝗣𝗜𝗱 1 0001 PTN/STEP indicator 3 lights up.	**Step 3 PID block number** • Selects PID block number used for Step 3. • Selection item: 1 to 10

𝗧𝗘𝗠𝗣
 1 0000
 PTN/STEP indicator 4 lights up.
	Step 4 SV
	 • Sets Step 4 SV.
	   Step SV is a value (SV) at the end of the step.
	 • Setting range:
	   Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit

𝗧𝗜𝗠𝗘
 1 0000
 PTN/STEP indicator 4 lights up.
	Step 4 time
	 • Sets Step 4 time.
	   Step time is the processing time of the step.
	 • Setting range:
	   ‐‐‐‐, 00:00 to 99.59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].)
	   If the �∨ key is pressed at 00:00, ‐‐‐‐ will appear.
	   If ‐‐‐‐ is set, Fixed value control will be performed using Step 4 SV.

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
_PId 1 □□□1 PTN/STEP indicator 4 lights up.	**Step 4 PID block number** • Selects PID block number used for Step 4. • Selection item: 1 to 10

rEmP
1 □□□0
PTN/STEP indicator 5 lights up.
	Step 5 SV
	• Sets Step 5 SV.
	  Step SV is a value (SV) at the end of the step.
	• Setting range:
	  Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit

TimE
1 0000
PTN/STEP indicator 5 lights up.
	Step 5 time
	• Sets Step 5 time.
	  Step time is the processing time of the step.
	• Setting range:
	  ----, 00:00 to 99.59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].)
	  If the $\boxed{\vee}$ key is pressed at 00:00, ---- will appear.
	  If ---- is set, Fixed value control will be performed using Step 5 SV.

_PId 1 □□□1 PTN/STEP indicator 5 lights up.	**Step 5 PID block number** • Selects PID block number used for Step 5. • Selection item: 1 to 10

rEmP
1 □□□0
PTN/STEP indicator 6 lights up.
	Step 6 SV
	• Sets Step 6 SV.
	  Step SV is a value (SV) at the end of the step.
	• Setting range:
	  Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit

TimE
1 0000
PTN/STEP indicator 6 lights up.
	Step 6 time
	• Sets Step 6 time.
	  Step time is the processing time of the step.
	• Setting range:
	  ----, 00:00 to 99.59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].)
	  If the $\boxed{\vee}$ key is pressed at 00:00, ---- will appear.
	  If ---- is set, Fixed value control will be performed using Step 6 SV.

_PId 1 □□□1 PTN/STEP indicator 6 lights up.	**Step 6 PID block number** • Selects PID block number used for Step 6. • Selection item: 1 to 10

rEmP
1 □□□0
PTN/STEP indicator 7 lights up.
	Step 7 SV
	• Sets Step 7 SV.
	  Step SV is a value (SV) at the end of the step.
	• Setting range:
	  Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range

⌐ ⌐E
1 00.00
 	
PTN/STEP
indicator 7
lights up.
	Step 7 time
	• Sets Step 7 time.
	  Step time is the processing time of the step.
	• Setting range:
	  – – – –, 00:00 to 99.59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].)
	  If the ∨ key is pressed at 00:00, – – – – will appear.
	  If – – – – is set, Fixed value control will be performed using Step 7 SV.

_PI d 1 0001 PTN/STEP indicator 7 lights up.	**Step 7 PID block number** • Selects PID block number used for Step 7. • Selection item: 1 to 10

⌐E⌐P
1 0000
 	
PTN/STEP
indicator 8
lights up.
	Step 8 SV
	• Sets Step 8 SV.
	  Step SV is a value (SV) at the end of the step.
	• Setting range:
	  Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit

⌐ ⌐E
1 00.00
 	
PTN/STEP
indicator 8
lights up.
	Step 8 time
	• Sets Step 8 time.
	  Step time is the processing time of the step.
	• Setting range:
	  – – – –, 00:00 to 99.59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].)
	  If the ∨ key is pressed at 00:00, – – – – will appear.
	  If – – – – is set, Fixed value control will be performed using Step 8 SV.

_PI d 1 0001 PTN/STEP indicator 8 lights up.	**Step 8 PID block number** • Selects PID block number used for Step 8. • Selection item: 1 to 10

⌐E⌐P
1 0000
 	
PTN/STEP
indicator 9
lights up.
	Step 9 SV
	• Sets Step 9
	  SV.
	  Step SV is a value (SV) at the end of the step.
	• Setting range:
	  Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit

⌐ ⌐E
1 00.00
 	
PTN/STEP
indicator 9
lights up.
	Step 9 time
	• Sets Step 9 time.
	  Step time is the processing time of the step.
	• Setting range:
	  – – – –, 00:00 to 99.59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].)
	  If the ∨ key is pressed at 00:00, – – – – will appear.
	  If – – – – is set, Fixed value control will be performed using Step 9 SV.

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
_PId 1 0001 PTN/STEP indicator 9 lights up.	**Step 9 PID block number** • Selects PID block number used for Step 9. • Selection item: 1 to 10

rEMP
1 0000
PTN/STEP indicator 10 lights up.
	Step 10 SV
	• Sets Step 10 SV.
	  Step SV is a value (SV) at the end of the step.
	• Setting range:
	  Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit

TIME
1 00:00
PTN/STEP indicator 10 lights up.
	Step 10 time
	• Sets Step 10 time.
	  Step time is the processing time of the step.
	• Setting range:
	  − − − −, 00:00 to 99.59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].)
	  If the ⋁ key is pressed at 00:00, − − − − will appear.
	  If − − − − is set, Fixed value control will be performed using Step 10 SV.

_PId 1 0001 PTN/STEP indicator 10 lights up.	**Step 10 PID block number** • Selects PID block number used for Step 10. • Selection item: 1 to 10
rEPT 1 0000 PTN/STEP indicator turns off.	**Number of repetitions** • Sets the number of repetitions for the selected Pattern 1 • Setting range: 0 to 10000
cHln 1 − − − − PTN/STEP indicator turns off.	**Pattern link** • Selects whether to link Pattern 2 to currently selected pattern 1. If Pattern 10 is selected, Pattern 1 can be linked, and selects whether to link Pattern 1. Randomly selected pattern numbers (Pattern 1 and Pattern 5) cannot be linked. For repetitions of linked pattern, the whole linked pattern will be repeated as many times as set in [Number of repetitions]. (e.g.) If patterns 1 and 2 are linked, and if the number of repetitions of pattern 1 is set to 2 times, the whole linked pattern (Patterns 1 and 2) will be repeated twice. • Selection item: <table><tr><td>− − − −</td><td>Pattern link Disabled</td></tr><tr><td>cHln</td><td>Pattern link Enabled</td></tr></table>

At this stage, settings for Pattern setting mode are complete.

Press the RST key. The unit reverts to RUN mode.

8.2 Setting Items in Event Setting Mode

Setting items in Event Setting Mode differs depending on the selection in [Event output EV□ allocation].
If 001 (High limit alarm) to 012 (High/Low limits alarm with standby independent alarm) are selected in [Event output EV□ allocation], EV□ alarm value will be set.
If 015 (Time signal output) is selected in [Event output EV□ allocation], TS□ output OFF time and TS□ output ON time can be set.

Settings are performed for the pattern number selected at the time of entering Event setting mode.
Setting values are common to all steps in each pattern.

During program control RUN, only the performing pattern can be set.
If 'Pattern link Enabled' is selected in [Pattern link]: Even if the performing pattern is changed from 1 to 2 during Event setting mode, Pattern 1 will be remained, and pattern number will not be updated until the unit reverts to RUN mode.

• Alarm output
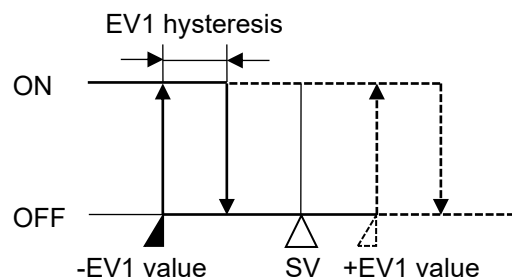
EV1 alarm output actions are shown below.
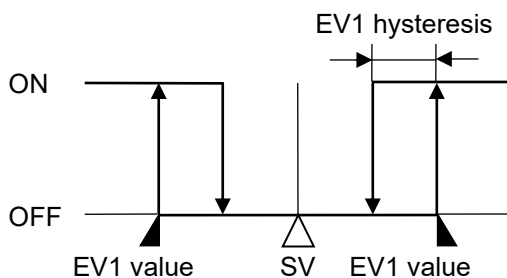EV1 alarm output will be substituted by EV2 or EV3 alarm output.

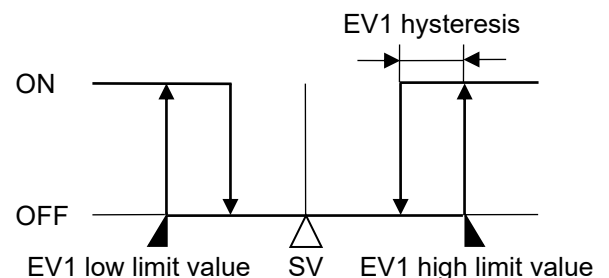### • High limit alarm
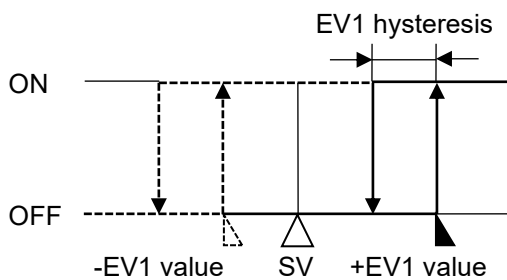
(Fig. 8.2-1)

• Low limit alarm

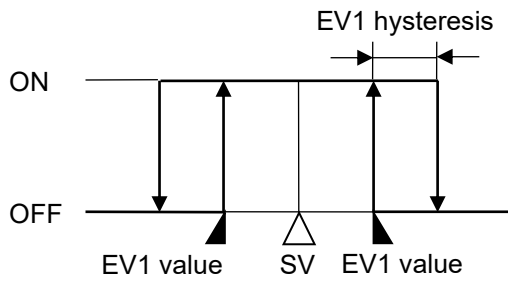
(Fig. 8.2-2)

• High/Low limits alarm

(Fig. 8.2-3)

• High/Low limits independent alarm

(Fig. 8.2-4)

• High/Low limit range alarm
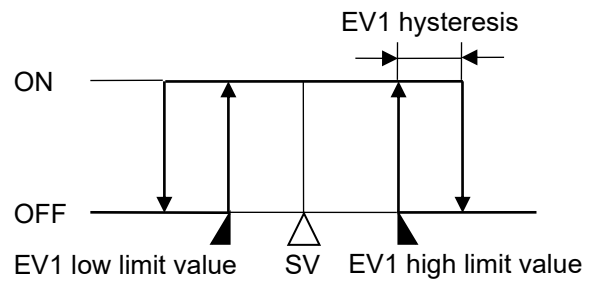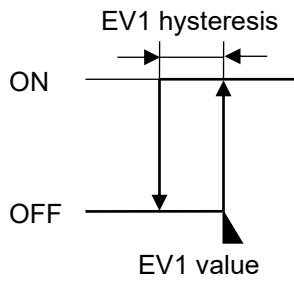
EV1 hysteresis

ON

OFF

EV1 value   SV   EV1 value

(Fig. 8.2-5)

• High/Low limit range independent alarm

EV1 hysteresis

ON

OFF

EV1 low limit value   SV   EV1 high limit value

(Fig. 8.2-6)

• Process high alarm

EV1 hysteresis

ON

OFF

EV1 value

(Fig. 8.2-7)

• Process low alarm

EV1 hysteresis

ON

OFF

EV1 value

(Fig. 8.2-8)

• High limit with standby alarm

EV1 hysteresis

ON

OFF

-EV1 value   SV   +EV1 value
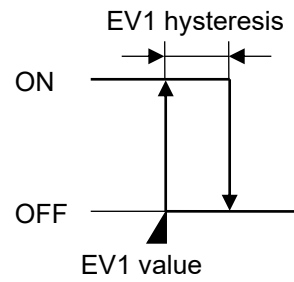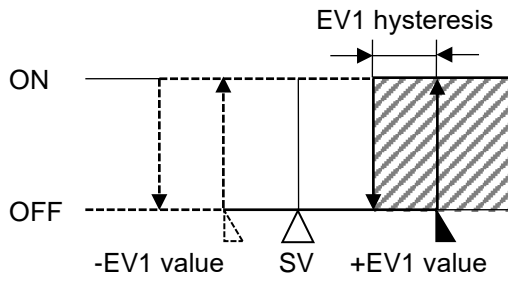
Alarm output is in standby.

(Fig. 8.2-9)

• Low limit with standby alarm

EV1 hysteresis

ON

OFF

-EV1 value   SV   +EV1 value
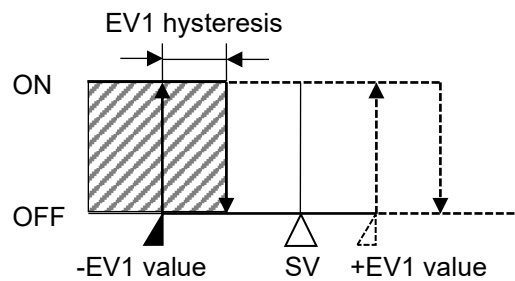
Alarm output is in standby.

(Fig. 8.2-10)

• High/Low limits with standby alarm

EV1 hysteresis

ON

OFF

EV1 value   SV   EV1 value
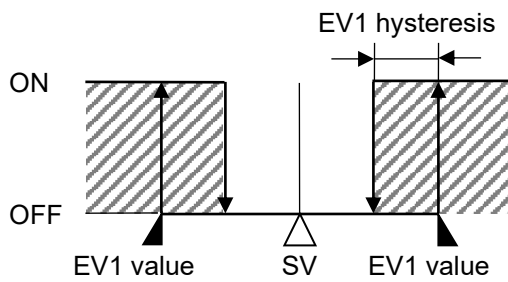
Alarm output is in standby.

(Fig. 8.2-11)

• High/Low limits with standby independent alarm

EV1 hysteresis

ON

OFF

EV1 low limit value   SV   EV1 high limit value
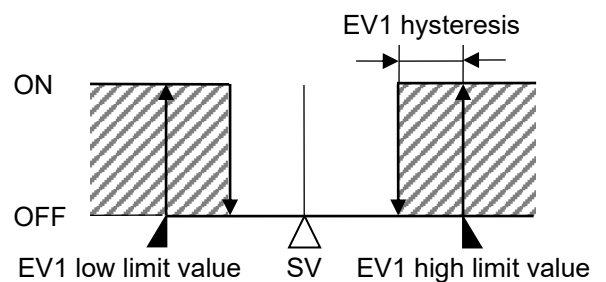
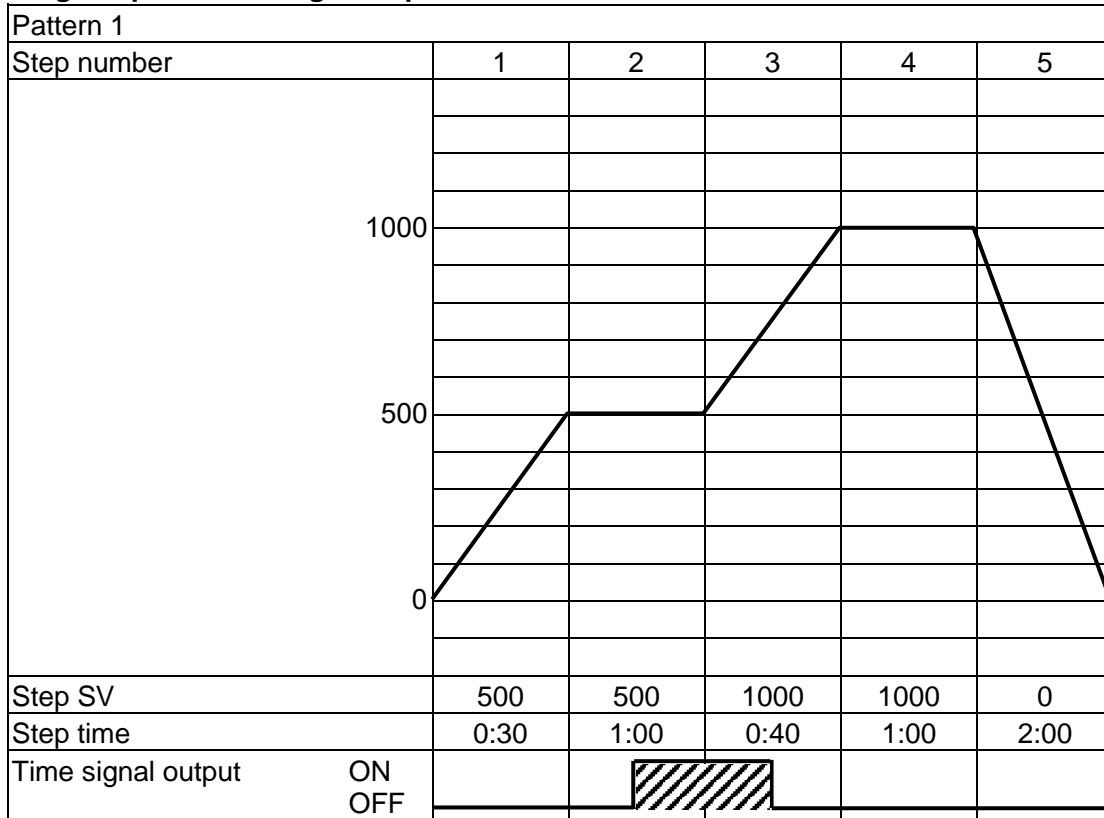Alarm output is in standby.

(Fig. 8.2-12)

• **Time signal output**

Time signal output OFF time and Time signal output ON time are set within one pattern total time.
After program control starts, Time signal output activates during Time signal output ON time after
Time signal output OFF time has elapsed.
During Wait action or program control HOLD, progress time of Time signal output stops.
When Step time is changed during program control RUN, Time signal output timing is re-calculated
using the pattern time after change.

Program pattern setting example

Pattern 1						
Step number		1	2	3	4	5

Step SV		500	500	1000	1000	0
Step time		0:30	1:00	0:40	1:00	2:00
Time signal output	ON OFF					

Program control RUN   ON after 1 hour   OFF after 50 minutes

(e.g.) Time signal output setting
Time signal output OFF time: 1 hour
Time signal output ON time: 50 minutes

(Fig. 8.2-13)

Explanation of Time signal output
In the above program pattern example, Time signal output turns ON one hour after program control
RUN starts (30 minutes after the unit entered Step 2). Time signal output turns OFF 50 minutes after
Time signal output turned ON (20 minutes after the unit entered Step 3).

• Before entering Event setting mode

Select a pattern number with the PTN key before entering Event setting mode.

• How to enter Event setting mode

In RUN mode, press the MODE key for approx. 3 seconds to enter Event setting mode.

Setting items in Event Setting mode are shown below.

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range

A 1⬚⬚
1 ⬚⬚⬚⬚
	EV1 alarm value
	• Sets EV1 alarm value.
	  EV1 alarm value matches EV1 low limit alarm value in the following cases:
	    When 004 (High/Low limits independent alarm), 006 (High/Low limit range
	    independent alarm) or 012 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm)
	    is selected in [Event output EV1 allocation].
	• Setting range:
	  High limit alarm: -(Input span) to Input span (*1)
	  Low limit alarm: -(Input span) to Input span (*1)
	  High/Low limits alarm: 0 to Input span (*1)
	  High/Low limits independent alarm: 0 to Input span (*1)
	  High/Low limit range alarm: 0 to Input span (*1)
	  High/Low limit range independent alarm: 0 to Input span (*1)
	  Process high alarm: Input range low limit to Input range high limit (*2)
	  Process low alarm: Input range low limit to Input range high limit (*2)
	  High limit with standby alarm: -(Input span) to Input span (*1)
	  Low limit with standby alarm: -(Input span) to Input span (*1)
	  High/Low limits with standby alarm: 0 to Input span (*1)
	  High/Low limits with standby independent alarm: 0 to Input span (*1)
	  (*1) For DC voltage, current inputs, the input span is the same as the scaling span. (The
	        placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)
	  (*2) For DC voltage, current inputs, input range low (or high) limit value is the same as
	        scaling low (or high) limit value. (The placement of the decimal point follows the
	        selection.)
	  Available when ⬚001 (High limit alarm) to ⬚012 (High/Low limits with standby
	  independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV1 allocation].

A 1H⬚
1 ⬚⬚⬚⬚
	EV1 high limit alarm value
	• Sets EV1 high limit alarm value.
	• Setting range: Same as those of EV1 alarm value.
	  Available when ⬚004 (High/Low limits independent alarm), ⬚006 (High/Low limit range
	  independent alarm) or ⬚012 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected
	  in [Event output EV1 allocation].

┌ 1₀F
1 0000
	TS1 output OFF time
	• Sets TS1 output OFF time.
	• Setting range:
	  00:00 to 99:59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].)
	  Available when ⬚015 (Time signal output) is selected in [Event output EV1 allocation].

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range

Г 1on
1 00:00
	TS1 output ON time
	• Sets TS1 output ON time.
	• Setting range:
	  00:00 to 99:59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].)
	  Available when ⎕0 15 (Time signal output) is selected in [Event output EV1 allocation].

A2⎕⎕
1 ⎕⎕⎕0
	EV2 alarm value
	• Sets EV2 alarm value.
	  EV2 alarm value matches EV2 low limit alarm value in the following cases:
	    When 004 (High/Low limits independent alarm), 006 (High/Low limit range
	    independent alarm) or 012 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm)
	    is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation].
	• Setting range: Same as those of EV1 alarm value.
	  Available when ⎕00 1 (High limit alarm) to ⎕0 12 (High/Low limits with standby
	  independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation].

A2H⎕
1 ⎕⎕⎕0
	EV2 high limit alarm value
	• Sets EV2 high limit alarm value.
	• Setting range: Same as those of EV1 alarm value.
	  Available when ⎕004 (High/Low limits independent alarm), ⎕006 (High/Low limit range
	  independent alarm) or ⎕0 12 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected
	  in [Event output EV2 allocation].

Г2oF
1 00:00
	TS2 output OFF time
	• Sets TS2 output OFF time.
	• Setting range:
	  00:00 to 99:59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].)
	  Available when ⎕0 15 (Time signal output) is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation].

Г2on
1 00:00
	TS2 output ON time
	• Sets TS2 output ON time.
	• Setting range:
	  00:00 to 99:59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].)
	  Available when ⎕0 15 (Time signal output) is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation].

A3⎕⎕
1 ⎕⎕⎕0
	EV3 alarm value
	• Sets EV3 alarm value.
	  EV3 alarm value matches EV3 low limit alarm value in the following cases:
	    When 004 (High/Low limits independent alarm), 006 (High/Low limit range
	    independent alarm) or 012 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm)
	    is selected in [Event output EV3 allocation].
	• Setting range: Same as those of EV1 alarm value.
	  Available when ⎕00 1 (High limit alarm) to ⎕0 12 (High/Low limits with standby
	  independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV3 allocation].

A3H⎕
1 ⎕⎕⎕0
	EV3 high limit alarm value
	• Sets EV3 high limit alarm value.
	• Setting range: Same as those of EV1 alarm value.
	  Available when ⎕004 (High/Low limits independent alarm), ⎕006 (High/Low limit range
	  independent alarm) or ⎕0 12 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected
	  in [Event output EV3 allocation].

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
`Г 3oF` `1 0000`	**TS3 output OFF time** • Sets TS3 output OFF time. • Setting range: 　00:00 to 99:59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].) 　Available when `0 15` (Time signal output) is selected in [Event output EV3 allocation].
`Г 3on` `1 0000`	**TS3 output ON time** • Sets TS3 output ON time. • Setting range: 　00:00 to 99:59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].) 　Available when `0 15` (Time signal output) is selected in [Event output EV3 allocation].

At this stage, settings for Event setting mode are complete.

Press the RST key. The unit reverts to RUN mode.

8.3 Setting Items in Control Parameter Setting Mode
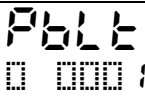
In Control parameter setting mode, the following setting items can be set:

AT Perform/Cancel, OUT1 proportional band, Integral time, derivative time, ARW, OUT2 proportional band (when EV2, DS, DA or EV3D☐ option is ordered), Direct/Reverse action, Loop break alarm, etc. Setting data is common to all patterns.
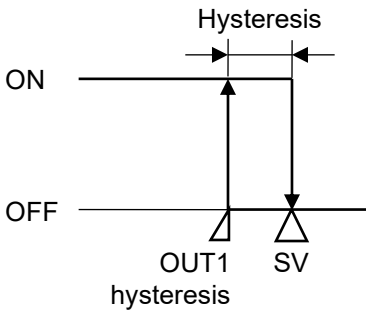
• How to enter Control parameter setting mode
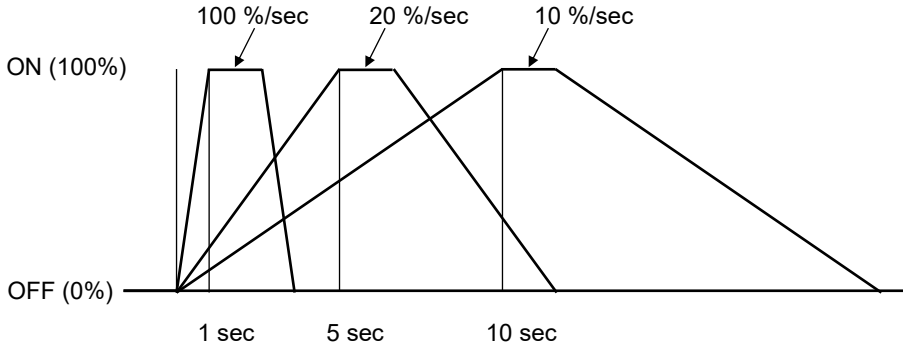
In RUN mode, press the ⌃ and MODE keys (in that order) together. The unit enters Control parameter setting mode.
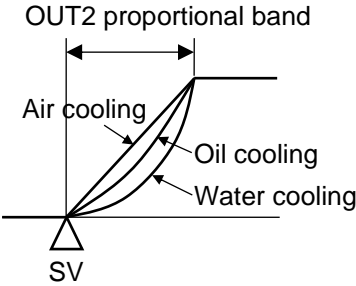
Setting items in Control parameter setting mode are shown below.
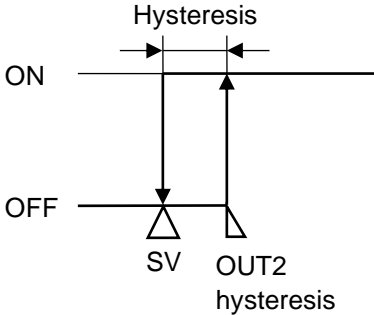
Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
AΓ☐☐ ☐ – – – –	**AT Perform/Cancel** • Selects AT (auto-tuning) Perform/Cancel. AT will work only during program control RUN. After AT starts, and if AT has not been completed within 4 hours, or if input errors have occurred, Er2O will be indicated on the PV Display, and AT will be forced to stop. • Selection item: <table><tr><td>– – – –</td><td>AT Cancel</td></tr><tr><td>AΓ☐☐</td><td>AT Perform</td></tr></table>
PbLt ☐ ☐☐☐1	**PID block number** • Selects a PID block number from 1 to 10 for the following settings: OUT1 proportional band, Integral time, Derivative time, ARW, OUT2 proportional band [EV2(DR), DS, DA, EV3D☐ options] Refer to recommended usage of block numbers as follows: Block 1: For Fixed value control Block 2: For low temperature program control Block 3: For medium temperature program control Block 4: For high temperature program control • Selection item: 1 to 10
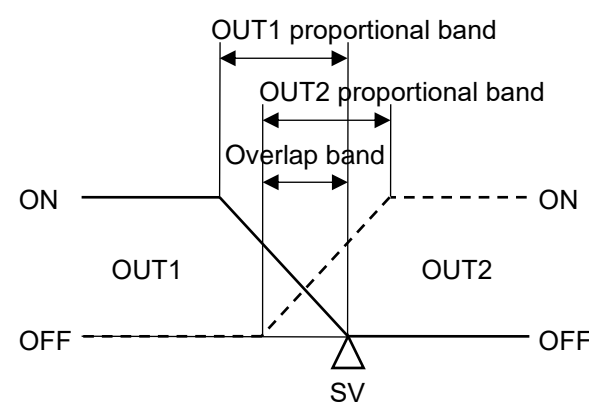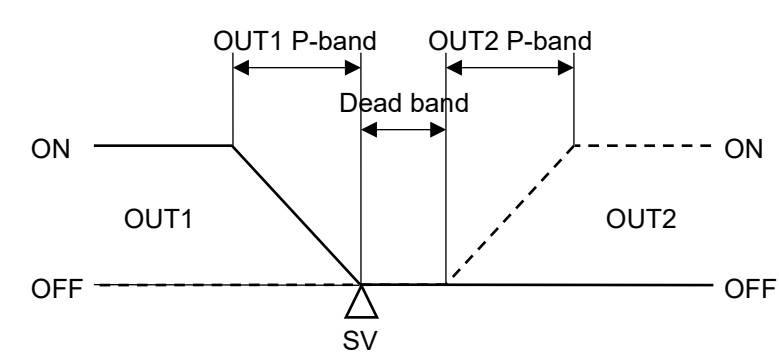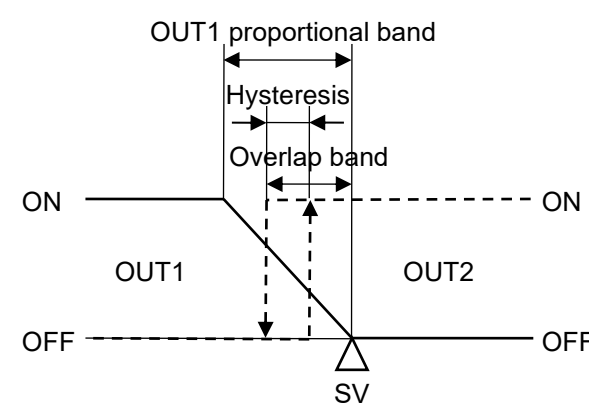
Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
P□□□ 1 □□ 10	**OUT1 proportional band** • Sets OUT1 proportional band for the PID block number selected in [PID block number]. The PTN/STEP Display indicates the PID block number selected in [PID block number]. OUT1 becomes ON/OFF control when set to 0 or 0.0. OUT1 proportional band ON OFF SV (Fig. 8.3-1) • Setting range: Thermocouple, RTD input without decimal point: 0 to input span℃ (℉) Thermocouple, RTD input with decimal point: 0.0 to input span℃ (℉) DC voltage, current inputs: 0.0 to 1000.0%
1 □□□ 1 □200	**Integral time** • Sets the integral time of the PID block number selected in [PID block number]. The PTN/STEP Display indicates the PID block number selected in [PID block number]. • Setting range: 0 to 3600 seconds
d□□□ 1 □□50	**Derivative time** • Sets the derivative time of the PID block number selected in [PID block number]. The PTN/STEP Display indicates the PID block number selected in [PID block number]. • Setting range: 0 to 1800 seconds
Ar□□ 1 □□50	**ARW** • Sets the ARW (anti-reset windup) of the PID block number selected in [PID block number]. The PTN/STEP Display indicates the PID block number selected in [PID block number]. • Setting range: 0 to 100%

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range

c␀␀␀
0 0003
	OUT1 proportional cycle
	• Sets OUT1 proportional cycle.
	  For relay contact output, if the proportional cycle time is decreased, the frequency of the relay action increases, and the life of the relay contact is shortened.
	  Factory default value is different depending on the output type.
	    Relay contact output: 30 seconds
	    Non-contact voltage output: 3 seconds
	    Direct current output: Not available
	• Setting range:
	  0.5, 1 to 120 seconds
	  Available when OUT1 is relay contact output or non-contact voltage output type.

HYS␀
0 00 10
	OUT1 ON/OFF hysteresis
	• Sets ON/OFF hysteresis for OUT1.
	
	              Hysteresis
	              ←→
	ON ┐
	
	OFF └────
	            OUT1 SV
	           hysteresis
	
	         (Fig. 8.3-2)
	
	• Setting range:
	  0.1 to 1000.0℃ (℉)
	  DC voltage, current inputs: 1 to 10000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)

oLH␀
0 0 100
	OUT1 high limit
	• Sets OUT1 high limit value.
	• Setting range:
	  OUT1 low limit to 100%
	  Direct current output type: OUT1 low limit to 105%

oLL␀
0 0000
	OUT1 low limit
	• Sets OUT1 low limit value.
	• Setting range:
	  0% to OUT1 high limit
	  Direct current output type: -5% to OUT1 high limit

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range

or⊓⌐ ⟨⟩⟨⟩⟨⟩⟨⟩	**OUT1 rate-of-change**
	• Sets changing value of OUT1 MV for 1 second.
	  Setting the value to 0 disables this function.
	• **About OUT1 rate-of-change:**
	  For Heating control, if PV is lower than SV, OUT1 MV is generally turned from OFF to ON as shown in (Fig. 8.3-3).
	  If OUT1 rate-of-change is set, OUT1 MV can be changed by the rate-of-change as shown in (Fig. 8.3-4).
	  This control is suitable for high temperature heaters (which are made from molybdenum, tungsten or platinum, etc., and used at approx. 1500 to 1800℃) which are easily burnt out from turning on electricity rapidly.
	• Setting range: 0 to 100 %/second
	  Not available if OUT1 is in ON/OFF control.
	
	(Fig. 8.3-3)
	
	(Fig. 8.3-4)
	
	• Setting range: 0 to 100 %/second

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
cAc[□ Air□	**OUT2 cooling method** • Selects OUT2 cooling method from air, oil or water cooling. OUT2 proportional band Air cooling Oil cooling Water cooling SV (Fig. 8.3-5) • Selection item: <table><tr><td>Air□</td><td>Air cooling (Linear characteristics)</td></tr><tr><td>oiL□</td><td>Oil cooling (1.5th power of the linear characteristics)</td></tr><tr><td>[Ar□</td><td>Water cooling (2nd power of the linear characteristics)</td></tr></table> Available when EV2 option (if "□020 Heating/Cooling control output" is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation]) is ordered, or when DS, DA or EV3D□ option is ordered.
P_b□ 1 □□10	**OUT2 proportional band** • Sets the OUT2 proportional band of the PID block number selected in [PID block number]. The PTN/STEP Display indicates the PID block number selected in [PID block number]. When set to 0 or 0.0, OUT2 becomes ON/OFF control, and the action selected in [OUT2 cooling method] will be disabled. • Setting range: Thermocouple, RTD input without decimal point: 0 to Input span℃ (℉) Thermocouple, RTD input with decimal point: 0.0 to Input span℃ (℉) DC voltage, current inputs: 0.0 to 1000.0% Available when EV2 option (if "□020: Heating/Cooling control output" is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation]) is ordered, or when DS, DA or EV3D□ option is ordered.
c_b□ □□□□3	**OUT2 proportional cycle** • Sets OUT2 proportional cycle. For relay contact output, if the proportional cycle time is decreased, the frequency of the relay action increases, and the life of the relay contact is shortened. Factory default value is different depending on the output type as follows: Relay contact output [EV2, EV3(DR)]: 30 seconds Non-contact voltage output (DS, EV3DS): 3 seconds Direct current output (DA, EV3DA): Not available • Setting range: 0.5, 1 to 120 seconds Available when EV2 option (When "□020 Heating/Cooling control output" is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation]) is ordered, or when DS, EV3(DR), EV3DS option is ordered.

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
HYSb 0 00 10	**OUT2 ON/OFF hysteresis** • Sets OUT2 ON/OFF hysteresis. Hysteresis ON OFF SV OUT2 hysteresis (Fig. 8.3-6) • Setting range: 0.1 to 1000.0℃ (℉) DC voltage, current inputs: 1 to 10000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.) Available when EV2 option (if "□020 Heating/Cooling control output" is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation]) is ordered, or when DS, DA or EV3D□ option is ordered.
oLHb 0 0 100	**OUT2 high limit** • Sets OUT2 high limit value. • Setting range: OUT2 low limit value to 100% Direct current output type (DA, EV3DA options): OUT2 low limit value to 105% Available when EV2 option (if "□020 Heating/Cooling control output" is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation]) is ordered, or when DS, DA or EV3D□ option is ordered.
oLLb 0 0000	**OUT2 low limit** • Sets OUT2 low limit value. • Setting range: 0% to OUT2 high limit value Direct current output type (DA, EV3DA options): -5% to OUT2 high limit value Available when EV2 option (if "□020 Heating/Cooling control output" is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation]) is ordered, or when DS, DA or EV3D□ option is ordered.

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
db□□ □ □□□□	**Overlap/Dead band** • Sets the overlap band or dead band. 　+ Set value: Dead band 　– Set value: Overlap band Overlap band (When OUT1 and OUT2 are in PID control) (Fig. 8.3-7) Dead band (When OUT1 and OUT2 are in PID control) (Fig. 8.3-8) Overlap band (When OUT1 is in PID control, OUT2 is in ON/OFF control) (Fig. 8.3-9)

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
	Dead band (When OUT1 is in PID control, OUT2 is in ON/OFF control)

(Fig. 8.3-10)

• Setting range:

  -200.0 to 200.0℃ (℉)

  DC voltage, current inputs:

    -2000 to 2000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)

  Available when EV2 option (if "□□2□ Heating/Cooling control output" is selected in

  [Event output EV2 allocation]) is ordered, or when DS, DA or EV3D□ option is ordered.

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
ᴄᴏɴʟ □ ʜᴇᴀʀ	**Direct/Reverse action**
	• Selects either Direct (Cooling) or Reverse (Heating) control action.
	• Selection range:

ʜᴇᴀʀ	Reverse (Heating) action
ᴄᴏᴏʟ	Direct (Cooling) action

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
ʜ1□□ □ □□□□.□ ʜ1□□ and CT1 current value are alternately indicated.	**Heater burnout alarm 1 value**
	• Sets the detecting current value for Heater burnout alarm 1.
	When setting to 0.0, Heater burnout alarm 1 is disabled.
	Characters ʜ1□□ and CT1 current value are indicated alternately on the PV Display.
	When OUT1 is ON, the CT1 current value is updated.
	When OUT1 is OFF, the unit memorizes the previous value when OUT1 was ON.
	Upon returning to set limits, the alarm will stop.
	• Setting range:
	20 A: 0.0 to 20.0 A
	100 A: 0.0 to 100.0 A
	Available when C5W, EIW, W option is ordered, and when OUT1 is relay contact output or non-contact voltage output type.

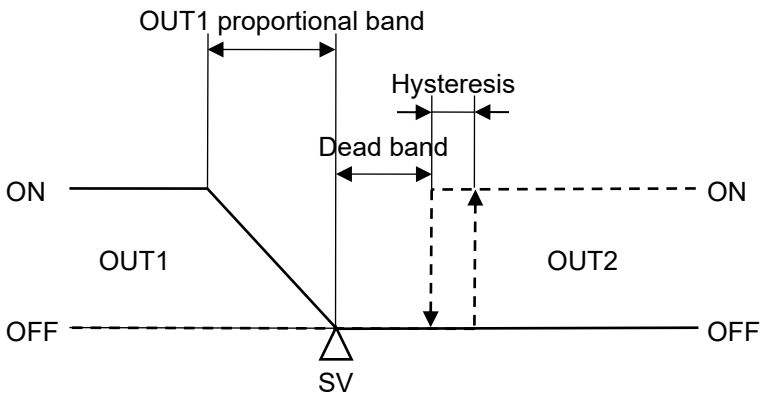| Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
ʜ2□□ □ □□□□.□ ʜ2□□ and CT2 current value are alternately indicated.	**Heater burnout alarm 2 value**
	• Sets the detecting current value for Heater burnout alarm 2.
	Available only when using 3-phase.
	When setting to 0.0, Heater burnout alarm 2 is disabled.
	Characters ʜ2□□ and CT2 current value are indicated alternately on the PV Display.
	When OUT1 is ON, the CT2 current value is updated.

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
	When OUT1 is OFF, the unit memorizes the previous value when OUT1 was ON. Upon returning to set limits, the alarm will stop. • Setting range: 　20 A: 0.0 to 20.0 A 　100 A: 0.0 to 100.0 A 　Available when C5W, EIW, W option is ordered, and when OUT1 is relay contact output or non-contact voltage output type.
`L P _ r` `0  0000`	**Loop break alarm time** • Sets the time to assess the Loop break alarm. 　Setting to 0 (zero) disables the alarm. • **About the Loop break alarm:** 　**When the control action is Reverse (Heating) control:** 　If the PV does not reach the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm (after the MV has reached 100% or the OUT1 high limit value), the alarm output will be turned ON. 　Likewise, if the PV does not drop to the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm (after the MV has reached 0% or the OUT1 low limit value), the alarm output will be turned ON. 　**When the control action is Direct (Cooling) control:** 　If the PV does not drop to the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm (after the MV has reached 100% or the OUT1 high limit value), the alarm output will be turned ON. 　Likewise, if the PV does not reach the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm (after the MV has reached 0% or the OUT1 low limit value), the alarm output will be turned ON. • **When EV2 option (if "□020 Heating/Cooling control output" is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation]) is ordered, or when DS, DA or EV3D□ option is ordered.** 　**When the control action is Reverse (Heating) control:** 　After OUT1 MV has reached 100% or the OUT1 high limit value, or after OUT2 MV has reached 0% or -(OUT2 low limit value), if the PV does not reach the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm, the alarm output will be turned ON. 　Likewise, after OUT1 MV has reached 0% or the OUT1 low limit value, or after OUT2 MV has reached -100% or -(OUT2 high limit value), if the PV does not drop to the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm, the alarm output will be turned ON. 　**When the control action is Direct (Cooling) control:** 　After OUT1 MV has reached 100% or the OUT1 high limit value, or after OUT2 MV has reached 0% or -(OUT2 low limit value), if the PV does not drop to the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm, the alarm output will be turned ON.

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
	Likewise, after OUT1 MV has reached 0% or the OUT1 low limit value, or after OUT2 MV has reached -100% or -(OUT2 high limit value), if the PV does not reach the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm, the alarm output will be turned ON. • Setting range: 0 to 200 minutes

LP_H
0 0000
	Loop break alarm band
	• Sets the action band to assess the Loop break alarm.
	• Setting range:
	  Thermocouple, RTD input without decimal point: 0 to 150℃（℉）
	  Thermocouple, RTD input with decimal point: 0.0 to 150.0℃（℉）
	  DC voltage, current inputs: 0 to 1500 (The placement of the decimal point
	                   follows the selection.)

At this stage, settings for Control parameter setting mode are complete.

Press the RST key. The unit reverts to RUN mode.

8.4 Setting Items in Wait Parameter Setting Mode

In Wait parameter setting mode, the following setting items can be set:

Wait value, Wait function Enabled/Disabled for each step

Settings are performed for the pattern number selected at the time of entering Wait parameter setting mode.

During program control RUN, only the performing pattern can be set.

If 'Pattern link Enabled' is selected in [Pattern link]: Even if the performing pattern is changed from 1 to 2 during Wait parameter setting mode, Pattern 1 will remain, and the pattern number will not be updated until the unit reverts to RUN mode.

• Wait function

During program control RUN, the program does not proceed to the next step until the deviation between PV and SV enters SV±Wait value at the end of step.

The PV Display and PTN/STEP Display flash while the Wait function is activated.

• Explanation of Wait Function

• Program pattern rising step:

SV

Wait value 10℃

T   T

500℃
490℃

Time

When PV becomes 490℃ the Wait function is cancelled, proceeding to the next step.

As PV is not in the range of [SV−Wait value], the Wait function is activated, and the unit does not proceed to the next step. The PV Display and PTN/STEP Display flash during the Wait function.

——————— Program pattern

– – – – – – PV

— · — · — Program pattern delayed by T time due to the Wait function

(Fig. 8.4-1)

• Program pattern falling step:

SV

Wait value 10℃

T   T

510℃
500℃

Time

When PV becomes 510℃, Wait function is cancelled, proceeding to the next step.

As PV is not in the range of [SV+Wait value], the Wait function is activated, and the unit does not proceed to the next step. The PV Display and PTN/STEP Display flash during the Wait function.

———— Program pattern
------ PV
—·—·— Program pattern delayed by T time due to the Wait function

(Fig. 8.4-2)

• How to cancel the Wait function

Press the RUN key for approx. 1 second to cancel the Wait function.

• Before entering Wait parameter setting mode

Select a pattern number with the PTN key before entering Wait parameter setting mode.
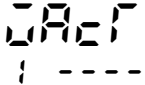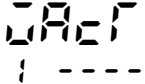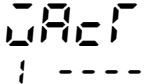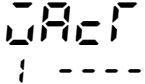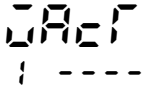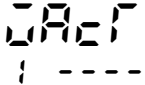
• How to enter Wait parameter setting mode
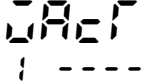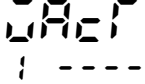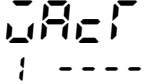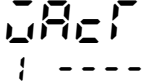
In RUN mode, press the ⋀ and ⋁ keys (in that order) together for approx. 3 seconds.
The unit enters Wait parameter setting mode.

Setting items in Wait parameter setting mode are shown below.

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range

⎓AI⎓
 	
1 0000
	Wait value
	• Sets the Wait value.
	  Wait value is common to all steps for each pattern.
	  When set to 0 or 0.0, the Wait function is disabled.
	• Setting range: 0 to 20% of input span (*)
	  (*) DC voltage, current inputs: 0 to 20% of scaling span (The placement of the decimal point
	  follows the selection.)

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
⌐A⌐⌐ 1 ---- PTN/STEP indicator 1 lights up.	**Step 1 wait function Enabled/Disabled** • Selects the wait function Enabled or Disabled at Step 1, based on the wait value set in [Wait value]. • Selection item: <table><tr><td>----</td><td>Disabled</td></tr><tr><td>USED</td><td>Enabled</td></tr></table> Not available if wait value is set to 0 or 0.0.
⌐A⌐⌐ 1 ---- PTN/STEP indicator 2 lights up.	**Step 2 wait function Enabled/Disabled** • Selects the wait function Enabled or Disabled at Step 2, based on the wait value set in [Wait value]. • Selection item: <table><tr><td>----</td><td>Disabled</td></tr><tr><td>USED</td><td>Enabled</td></tr></table> Not available if wait value is set to 0 or 0.0.
⌐A⌐⌐ 1 ---- PTN/STEP indicator 3 lights up.	**Step 3 wait function Enabled/Disabled** • Selects the wait function Enabled or Disabled at Step 3, based on the wait value set in [Wait value]. • Selection item: <table><tr><td>----</td><td>Disabled</td></tr><tr><td>USED</td><td>Enabled</td></tr></table> Not available if wait value is set to 0 or 0.0.
⌐A⌐⌐ 1 ---- PTN/STEP indicator 4 lights up.	**Step 4 wait function Enabled/Disabled** • Selects the wait function Enabled or Disabled at Step 4, based on the wait value set in [Wait value]. • Selection item: <table><tr><td>----</td><td>Disabled</td></tr><tr><td>USED</td><td>Enabled</td></tr></table> Not available if wait value is set to 0 or 0.0.
⌐A⌐⌐ 1 ---- PTN/STEP indicator 5 lights up.	**Step 5 wait function Enabled/Disabled** • Selects the wait function Enabled or Disabled at Step 5, based on the wait value set in [Wait value]. • Selection item: <table><tr><td>----</td><td>Disabled</td></tr><tr><td>USED</td><td>Enabled</td></tr></table> Not available if wait value is set to 0 or 0.0.
⌐A⌐⌐ 1 ---- PTN/STEP indicator 6 lights up.	**Step 6 wait function Enabled/Disabled** • Selects the wait function Enabled or Disabled at Step 6, based on the wait value set in [Wait value]. • Selection item: <table><tr><td>----</td><td>Disabled</td></tr><tr><td>USED</td><td>Enabled</td></tr></table> Not available if wait value is set to 0 or 0.0.

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
⌐8⌐Γ ¦ - - - - PTN/STEP indicator 7 lights up.	**Step 7 wait function Enabled/Disabled** • Selects the wait function Enabled or Disabled at Step 7, based on the wait value set in [Wait value]. • Selection item: <table><tr><td>- - - -</td><td>Disabled</td></tr><tr><td>USED</td><td>Enabled</td></tr></table> Not available if wait value is set to 0 or 0.0.
⌐8⌐Γ ¦ - - - - PTN/STEP indicator 8 lights up.	**Step 8 wait function Enabled/Disabled** • Selects the wait function Enabled or Disabled at Step 8, based on the wait value set in [Wait value]. • Selection item: <table><tr><td>- - - -</td><td>Disabled</td></tr><tr><td>USED</td><td>Enabled</td></tr></table> Not available if wait value is set to 0 or 0.0.
⌐8⌐Γ ¦ - - - - PTN/STEP indicator 9 lights up.	**Step 9 wait function Enabled/Disabled** • Selects the wait function Enabled or Disabled at Step 9, based on the wait value set in [Wait value]. • Selection item: <table><tr><td>- - - -</td><td>Disabled</td></tr><tr><td>USED</td><td>Enabled</td></tr></table> Not available if wait value is set to 0 or 0.0.
⌐8⌐Γ ¦ - - - - PTN/STEP indicator 10 lights up.	**Step 10 wait function Enabled/Disabled** • Selects the wait function Enabled or Disabled at Step 10, based on the wait value set in [Wait value]. • Selection item: <table><tr><td>- - - -</td><td>Disabled</td></tr><tr><td>USED</td><td>Enabled</td></tr></table> Not available if wait value is set to 0 or 0.0.

At this stage, settings for Wait parameter setting mode are complete.

Press the RST key. The unit reverts to RUN mode.

8.5 Setting Items in Engineering Setting Mode 1

In Engeering setting mode 1, the following setting items can be set:
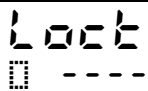
Set value lock, Sensor correction, PV filter time constant, Communication parameters (When C5W or C5 option is ordered)

Setting data is common to all patterns.
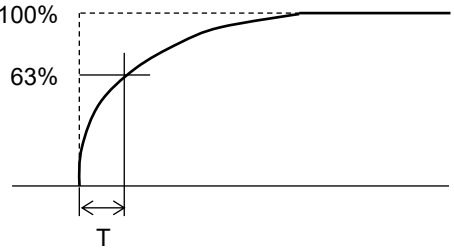
• How to enter Engineering setting mode 1

In RUN mode, press the ⊻ and MODE keys (in that order) together for approx. 3 seconds to enter Engeering setting mode 1.

Setting items in Engeering setting mode 1 are shown below.

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range			
Lock ▢ ----	**Set value lock** • Locks the set values to prevent setting errors. The setting item to be locked depends on the selection. • Selection item:			
			Change via Keypad	**Change via Software Communication**
	----	Unlock	All set values can be changed.	All set values can be changed.
	Loc 1	Lock 1	Only 'Set value lock' can be changed. Other setting items cannot be changed.	
	Loc2	Lock 2	Setting items selected in [Changeable in Set value lock] can be changed. 'Set value lock' can be changed. Other setting items cannot be changed.	
	Loc3	Lock 3	All set values can be changed.	Setting items – except Input type – can be changed temporarily via software communication. However, if power is turned ON again, the set values revert to the values before Lock 3, 4 or 5 was selected.
	Loc4	Lock 4	Only 'Set value lock' can be changed. Other setting items cannot be changed.	
	Loc5	Lock 5	Setting items selected in [Changeable in Set value lock] can be changed. 'Set value lock' can be changed. Other setting items cannot be changed.	
LoSE ▢ S8▢▢	**Changeable in Set value lock** • When Loc2 (Lock 2) or Loc5 (Lock 5) is selected in [Set value lock], the following items can be changed. • Selection item:			
	S8▢▢		Step SV and Step time can be changed.	
	S8E8		Step SV, Step time and EV▢ alarm value can be changed.	

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range

5o೬[]
[] ಇ೦೦೦
	Sensor correction coefficient
	• Sets sensor correction coefficient.
	  Sets slope of input value from a sensor.
	
	750℃ … Y
	700℃ … Y' Corrected from 750℃ to 700℃.
	340℃ … X'
	300℃ … X Corrected from 300℃ to 340℃.
	300℃ 750℃
	
	‑ ‑ ‑ ‑ ‑ Slope before correction
	——— Slope after correction
	
	$$\frac{Y'-X'}{Y-X} = \text{Sensor correction coefficient}$$
	
	(Fig. 8.5-1)
	
	PV after sensor correction= Current PV x (Sensor correction coefficient) + (Sensor correction value)
	Refer to Section '9.5 Input Value Correction' (pp.107, 108).
	• Setting range:
	  -10.000 to 10.000

5o[][]
[] [][]0.0
	Sensor correction
	• This corrects the input value from the sensor.
	  When a sensor cannot be set at the exact location where control is desired, the sensor-measured temperature may deviate from the temperature in the controlled location. When using multiple controllers, sometimes the measured temperatures do not concur due to differences in sensor accuracy or dispersion of load capacities. In such a case, the control can be set at the desired temperature by adjusting the input value of sensors. However, it's only effective within the input rating range regardless of the sensor correction value.
	
	PV after sensor correction= Current PV x (Sensor correction coefficient) + (Sensor correction value)
	Refer to Section '9.5 Input Value Correction' (pp.107, 108).
	• Setting range: -1000.0 to 1000.0℃ (℉)
	  DC voltage, current inputs: -10000 to 10000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
FILr 0 00.0	**PV filter time constant** • Sets PV filter time constant. If the value is set too high, it affects control results due to the delay of response. **About PV filter time constant:** This is a filter function on the software, which has the same effect as a CR filter. By calculating first-order lag of PV, this suppresses input fluctuation caused by noise. When the input value changes as shown in (Fig. 8.5-2), this function makes the input change slow as shown in (Fig. 8.5-3). T (PV filter time constant) is the time when input change reaches 63% of the desired PV. (Fig. 8.5-2) (Fig. 8.5-3) • Setting range: 0.0 to 10.0 seconds
cn5L 0 nonL	**Communication protocol** • Selects communication protocol. • Selection item: <table><tr><td>nonL</td><td>Shinko protocol</td></tr><tr><td>5vr0</td><td>SV digital transmission (Shinko protocol)</td></tr><tr><td>5vr-</td><td>SV digital reception (Shinko protocol)</td></tr><tr><td>nodA</td><td>Modbus ASCII mode</td></tr><tr><td>nodr</td><td>Modbus RTU mode</td></tr></table>Available when C5W or C5 option is ordered.
cnno 0 0000	**Instrument number** • Sets the instrument number. The instrument numbers should be set one by one when multiple instruments are connected in Serial communication, otherwise communication is impossible. • Setting range: 0 to 95 Available when C5W or C5 option is ordered.

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range	
c̄āSP ☐ ☐☐96	**Communication speed** • Selects a communication speed equal to that of the host computer. • Selection item:	
	☐☐96	9600 bps
	☐ 192	19200 bps
	☐384	38400 bps
	Available when C5W or C5 option is ordered.	
c̄āFr ☐ 7E8n	**Data bit/Parity** • Selects data bit and parity equal to those of the host computer. • Selection item:	
	8non	8 bits/No parity
	7non	7 bits/No parity
	8E8n	8 bits/Even
	7E8n	7 bits/Even
	8odd	8 bits/Odd
	7odd	7 bits/Odd
	Available when C5W or C5 option is ordered.	
c̄āSr ☐ ☐☐☐1	**Stop bit** • Selects the stop bit equal to that of the host computer. • Selection item:	
	☐☐☐1	1 bit
	☐☐☐2	2 bits
	Available when C5W or C5 option is ordered.	

c̄ād̄y
☐ ☐☐10
	Response delay time
	• Response from the controller can be delayed after receiving command from the host computer.
	  If Response delay time is changed via software communication, the changed delay time will be reflected from that response data.
	• Setting range: 0 to 1000 ms
	  Available when C5W or C5 option is ordered.	

S̄8_b
☐ ☐☐☐0
	SVTC bias
	• SV adds SVTC bias value to the value received by the SVTC command.
	• Setting range: ±20% of input span
	  DC voltage, current inputs: ±20% of scaling span (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)
	  Available when C5W, C5 option is ordered, and when S8Cr [SV digital reception (Shinko protocol)] is selected in [Communication protocol].	

At this stage, settings for Engineering setting mode 1 are complete.

Press the RST key. The unit reverts to RUN mode.

8.6 Setting Items in Engineering Setting Mode 2

In Engeering setting mode 2, the following setting items can be set:
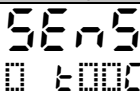
Input type, Scaling high limit, Scaling low limit, Event output EV☐ allocation, Step time unit,

Power restore action, etc.

Setting data is common to all patterns.

• How to enter Engineering setting mode 2

In RUN mode, press the ⟨∧⟩, ⟨∨⟩ and ⟨MODE⟩ keys (in that order) together for approx. 3 seconds to enter Engeering setting mode 2.

Setting items in Engeering setting mode 2 are shown below.

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range		
5En5 ☐ t☐☐C	**Input type** • Selects an input type from thermocouple (10 types), RTD (2 types), direct current (2 types) and DC voltage (4 type), and the unit ℃/℉. • **When changing the input from DC voltage to other inputs, remove the sensor connected to this controller first, then change the input. If the input is changed with the sensor connected, the input circuit may break.** • When changing an input type, refer to Section "9.6 Items to be Initialized by Changing Settings" (p.109). • Selection item:		
	t☐☐C	K	-200 to 1370 ℃
	t☐☐C	K	-200.0 to 400.0 ℃
	J☐☐C	J	-200 to 1000 ℃
	r☐☐C	R	0 to 1760 ℃
	5☐☐C	S	0 to 1760 ℃
	b☐☐C	B	0 to 1820 ℃
	E☐☐C	E	-200 to 800 ℃
	⌐☐☐C	T	-200.0 to 400.0 ℃
	n☐☐C	N	-200 to 1300 ℃
	PL2C	PL-Ⅱ	0 to 1390 ℃
	c☐☐C	C(W/Re5-26)	0 to 2315 ℃
	Pr☐C	Pt100	-200.0 to 850.0 ℃
	JPrC	JPt100	-200.0 to 500.0 ℃
	Pr☐C	Pt100	-200 to 850 ℃
	JPrC	JPt100	-200 to 500 ℃
	t☐☐F	K	-328 to 2498 ℉
	t☐☐F	K	-328.0 to 752.0 ℉
	J☐☐F	J	-328 to 1832 ℉
	r☐☐F	R	32 to 3200 ℉
	5☐☐F	S	32 to 3200 ℉
	b☐☐F	B	32 to 3308 ℉
	E☐☐F	E	-328 to 1472 ℉

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range		
	`r__F`	T	-328.0 to 752.0 ℉
	`n__F`	N	-328 to 2372 ℉
	`PL2F`	PL-Ⅱ	32 to 2534 ℉
	`c__F`	C(W/Re5-26)	32 to 4199 ℉
	`Pr_F`	Pt100	-328.0 to 1562.0 ℉
	`JPrF`	JPt100	-328.0 to 932.0 ℉
	`Pr_F`	Pt100	-328 to 1562 ℉
	`JPrF`	JPt100	-328 to 932 ℉
	`420A`	4 - 20 mA	-2000 to 10000
	`020A`	0 - 20 mA	-2000 to 10000
	`00 1U`	0 - 1 V	-2000 to 10000
	`005U`	0 - 5 V	-2000 to 10000
	`105U`	1 - 5 V	-2000 to 10000
	`0 10U`	0 - 10 V	-2000 to 10000
`SrLH` `1370`	**Scaling high limit** • Sets scaling high limit value. • Setting range: Scaling low limit to Input range high limit 　DC voltage, current inputs: -2000 to 10000 (The placement of the decimal 　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　point follows the selection.)		
`SrLL` `-200`	**Scaling low limit** • Sets scaling low limit value. • Setting range: Input range low limit to Scaling high limit 　DC voltage, current inputs: -2000 to 10000 (The placement of the decimal 　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　point follows the selection.)		
`dP__` `0000`	**Decimal point place** • Selects decimal point place. • Selection item:		
	`0000`	No decimal point	
	`0000`	1 digit after decimal point	
	`0000`	2 digits after decimal point	
	`0000`	3 digits after decimal point	
	Available when DC voltage or current input is selected in [Input type].		
`EUo1` `0000`	**Event output EV1 allocation** • Selects Event output EV1 from the table below. • When changing Event output EV1, refer to Section "9.6 Items to be Initialized 　by Changing Settings" (p.109). • Selection item:		
	`0000`	No event	
	`0001`	Alarm output, High limit alarm	
	`0002`	Alarm output, Low limit alarm	
	`0003`	Alarm output, High/Low limits alarm	
	`0004`	Alarm output, High/Low limits independent alarm	
	`0005`	Alarm output, High/Low limit range alarm	

Characters, Factory Default		Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
	□006	Alarm output, High/Low limit range independent alarm
	□007	Alarm output, Process high alarm
	□008	Alarm output, Process low alarm
	□009	Alarm output, High limit with standby alarm
	□010	Alarm output, Low limit with standby alarm
	□011	Alarm output, High/Low limits with standby alarm
	□012	Alarm output, High/Low limits with standby independent alarm
	□013	Heater burnout alarm output (When C5W, EIW or W option is ordered): Detects load current value with CT (current transformer), and if it is lower than heater burnout alarm value, Heater burnout alarm output is turned ON.
	□014	Loop break alarm output: Sets Loop break alarm time and band.

□014 (continued):

• **About the Loop break alarm:**

When the control action is Reverse (Heating) control:
If the PV does not reach the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm (after the MV has reached 100% or the OUT1 high limit value), the alarm output will be turned ON.
Likewise, if the PV does not drop to the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm (after the MV has reached 0% or the OUT1 low limit value), the alarm output will be turned ON.

When the control action is Direct (Cooling) control:
If the PV does not drop to the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm (after the MV has reached 100% or the OUT1 high limit value), the alarm output will be turned ON.
Likewise, if the PV does not reach the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm (after the MV has reached 0% or the OUT1 low limit value), the alarm output will be turned ON.

• **When EV2 option (If "□020 Heating/Cooling control output" is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation]) is ordered, or DS, DA or EV3D□ option is ordered.**

When the control action is Reverse (Heating) control:
After OUT1 MV has reached 100% or the OUT1 high limit value, or after OUT2 MV has reached 0% or -(OUT2 low limit value), if the PV does not reach the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm, the alarm output will be turned ON.
Likewise, after OUT1 MV has reached 0% or the OUT1 low limit value, or after OUT2 MV has reached -100% or -(OUT2 high limit value), if the PV does not drop to the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm, the alarm output will be turned ON.

Characters, Factory Default		Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
		When the control action is Direct (Cooling) control: After OUT1 MV has reached 100% or the OUT1 high limit value, or after OUT2 MV has reached 0% or -(OUT2 low limit value), if the PV does not drop to the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm, the alarm output will be turned ON. Likewise, after OUT1 MV has reached 0% or the OUT1 low limit value, or after OUT2 MV has reached -100% or -(OUT2 high limit value), if the PV does not reach the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm, the alarm output will be turned ON.
	`0015`	Time signal output: Turns ON during program control RUN, by setting Time signal output OFF time and ON time within total time in one pattern.
	`0016`	Output during AT: Turns ON during AT.
	`0017`	Pattern end output: Turns ON when Program control ends, and remains ON during the time set in [Pattern end output time].
	`0018`	Output by communication command: Communication command 8004H B0 EV1 output 0: OFF, 1: ON B1 EV2 output 0: OFF, 1: ON B2 EV3 output 0: OFF, 1: ON
	`0019`	RUN output: Turns ON during program control RUN.
		When `0001` (High limit alarm) to `0012` (High/Low limit with standby independent alarm) or `0015` (Time signal output) is selected, one output can be set to one event output. When `0013` (Heater burnout alarm output), `0014` (Loop break alarm), and `0016` (Output during AT) to `0019` (RUN output) are selected, each output is common to multiple event outputs.
`A1EA` `0 no00`		**EV1 alarm value 0 Enabled/Disabled** • When EV1 alarm value is 0 (zero), alarm action can be Enabled or Disabled. • Selection item:
	`no00`	Disabled
	`YES0`	Enabled
		Available when any alarm from `0001` (High limit alarm) to `0012` (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV1 allocation] - excluding `0007` (Process high alarm) and `0008` (Process low alarm).
`A1HY` `0 0010`		**EV1 alarm hysteresis** • Sets EV1 alarm hysteresis. • Setting range: 0.1 to 1000.0℃ (℉), DC voltage, current inputs: 1 to 10000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.) Available when any alarm from `0001` (High limit alarm) to `0012` (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV1 allocation].
`A1dY` `0 0000`		**EV1 alarm delay time** • Sets EV1 alarm action delay time. When setting time has elapsed after PV enters the alarm output range, the alarm is activated. • Setting range: 0 to 10000 seconds Available when any alarm from `0001` (High limit alarm) to `0012` (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV1 allocation].

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range

`A1LA`
`☐ noAL`
	EV1 alarm Energized/De-energized
	• Selects Energized/De-energized status for EV1 alarm.
	  When Energized is selected, and Event output EV1 is conductive (ON) while the EV1 indicator is lit. Event output EV1 is not conductive (OFF) while the EV1 indicator is not lit.
	  When De-energized is selected, Event output EV1 is not conductive (OFF) while the EV1 indicator is lit. Event output EV1 is conductive (ON) while the EV1 indicator is not lit.
	
	High limit alarm (Energized) **High limit alarm (De-energized)**
	
	(Fig. 8.6-1) (Fig. 8.6-2)
	
	• Selection item:

`noAL`	Energized
`rEvS`	De-energized

Available when any alarm from `☐001` (High limit alarm) to `☐012` (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV1 allocation].

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
`EVo2` `☐ ☐000`	**Event output EV2 allocation** • Selects Event output EV2 from the table below. • When changing Event output EV2, refer to Section "9.6 Items to be Initialized by Changing Settings" (p.109). • Selection item:

`☐000`	No event
`☐001`	Alarm output, High limit alarm
`☐002`	Alarm output, Low limit alarm
`☐003`	Alarm output, High/Low limits alarm
`☐004`	Alarm output, High/Low limits independent alarm
`☐005`	Alarm output, High/Low limit range alarm
`☐006`	Alarm output, High/Low limit range independent alarm
`☐007`	Alarm output, Process high alarm
`☐008`	Alarm output, Process low alarm
`☐009`	Alarm output, High limit with standby alarm
`☐010`	Alarm output, Low limit with standby alarm
`☐011`	Alarm output, High/Low limits with standby alarm
`☐012`	Alarm output, High/Low limits with standby independent alarm

Characters, Factory Default		Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
	⬚0 13	Heater burnout alarm output (When C5W, EIW or W option is ordered): Detects load current value with CT (current transformer), and if it is lower than heater burnout alarm value, Heater burnout alarm output is turned ON.
	⬚0 14	Loop break alarm output: Sets Loop break alarm time and band. **• About the Loop break alarm:** **When the control action is Reverse (Heating) control:** If the PV does not reach the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm (after the MV has reached 100% or the OUT1 high limit value), the alarm output will be turned ON. Likewise, if the PV does not drop to the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm (after the MV has reached 0% or the OUT1 low limit value), the alarm output will be turned ON. **When the control action is Direct (Cooling) control:** If the PV does not drop to the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm (after the MV has reached 100% or the OUT1 high limit value), the alarm output will be turned ON. Likewise, if the PV does not reach the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm (after the MV has reached 0% or the OUT1 low limit value), the alarm output will be turned ON. **• When EV2 option (If "⬚020 Heating/Cooling control output" is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation]) is ordered, or DS, DA or EV3D⬚ option is ordered.** **When the control action is Reverse (Heating) control:** After OUT1 MV has reached 100% or the OUT1 high limit value, or after OUT2 MV has reached 0% or -(OUT2 low limit value), if the PV does not reach the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm, the alarm output will be turned ON. Likewise, after OUT1 MV has reached 0% or the OUT1 low limit value, or after OUT2 MV has reached -100% or -(OUT2 high limit value), if the PV does not drop to the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm, the alarm output will be turned ON. **When the control action is Direct (Cooling) control:** After OUT1 MV has reached 100% or the OUT1 high limit value, or after OUT2 MV has reached 0% or -(OUT2 low limit value), if the PV does not drop to the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm, the alarm output will be turned ON. Likewise, after OUT1 MV has reached 0% or the OUT1 low limit value, or after OUT2 MV has reached -100% or -(OUT2 high limit value), if the PV does not reach the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm, the alarm output will be turned ON.

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range	
	☐0 15	Time signal output: Turns ON during program control RUN, by setting Time signal output OFF time and ON time within total time in one pattern.
	☐0 16	Output during AT: Turns ON during AT.
	☐0 17	Pattern end output: Turns ON when Program control ends, and remains ON during the time set in [Pattern end output time].

	☐0 18	Output by communication command:
		Communication command 8004H B0 EV1 output 0: OFF, 1: ON
		                               B1 EV2 output 0: OFF, 1: ON
		                               B2 EV3 output 0: OFF, 1: ON

	☐0 19	RUN output Turns ON during program control RUN.
	☐020	Heating/Cooling control output Works as Heating/Cooling control output OUT2.
	When ☐00 1 (High limit alarm) to ☐0 12 (High/Low limit with standby independent alarm) or ☐0 15 (Time signal output) is selected, one output can be set to one event output. When ☐0 13 (Heater burnout alarm output), ☐0 14 (Loop break alarm), and ☐0 16 (Output during AT) to ☐0 19 (RUN output) are selected, each output is common to multiple event outputs. Available when the EV2 or EV3(DR) option is ordered.	
A2=A ☐ no☐☐	**EV2 alarm value 0 Enabled/Disabled** • When EV2 alarm value is 0 (zero), alarm action can be Enabled or Disabled. • Selection item:	
	no☐☐	Disabled
	YES☐	Enabled
	Available when any alarm from ☐00 1 (High limit alarm) to ☐0 12 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation] - excluding ☐007 (Process high alarm) and ☐008 (Process low alarm).	
A2HY ☐ ☐☐ 10	**EV2 alarm hysteresis** • Sets EV2 alarm hysteresis. • Setting range: 0.1 to 1000.0℃（℉） DC voltage, current inputs: 1 to 10000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.) Available when any alarm from ☐00 1 (High limit alarm) to ☐0 12 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation].	
A2dY ☐ ☐☐☐0	**EV2 alarm delay time** • Sets EV2 alarm action delay time. When setting time has elapsed after PV enters the alarm output range, the alarm is activated. • Setting range: 0 to 10000 seconds Available when any alarm from ☐00 1 (High limit alarm) to ☐0 12 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation].	
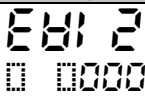
Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
A2LA ☐ noAL	**EV2 alarm Energized/De-energized** • Selects Energized/De-energized status for EV2 alarm. When Energized is selected, and Event output EV2 is conductive (ON) while the EV2 indicator is lit. Event output EV2 is not conductive (OFF) while the EV2 indicator is not lit. When De-energized is selected, Event output EV2 is not conductive (OFF) while the EV2 indicator is lit. Event output EV2 is conductive (ON) while the EV2 indicator is not lit.

High limit alarm (Energized)   **High limit alarm (De-energized)**

(Fig. 8.6-3)   (Fig. 8.6-4)

	• Selection item:

noAL	Energized
rEV5	De-energized

Available when any alarm from ☐00 1 (High limit alarm) to ☐0 12 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation].

EV03 ☐ ☐000	**Event output EV3 allocation** • Selects Event output EV3 from the table below. • When changing Event output EV3, refer to Section "9.6 Items to be Initialized by Changing Settings" (p.109). • Selection item:

☐000	No event
☐00 1	Alarm output, High limit alarm
☐002	Alarm output, Low limit alarm
☐003	Alarm output, High/Low limits alarm
☐004	Alarm output, High/Low limits independent alarm
☐005	Alarm output, High/Low limit range alarm
☐006	Alarm output, High/Low limit range independent alarm
☐007	Alarm output, Process high alarm
☐008	Alarm output, Process low alarm
☐009	Alarm output, High limit with standby alarm
☐0 10	Alarm output, Low limit with standby alarm
☐0 11	Alarm output, High/Low limits with standby alarm
☐0 12	Alarm output, High/Low limits with standby independent alarm

Characters, Factory Default		Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
	▯◲ ⸍⸍⸍	Heater burnout alarm output (When C5W, EIW or W option is ordered): Detects load current value with CT (current transformer), and if it is lower than heater burnout alarm value, Heater burnout alarm output is turned ON.
	▯◲ ⸍⸍⸍	Loop break alarm output: Sets Loop break alarm time and band.

Loop break alarm output: (continued)

Sets Loop break alarm time and band.

• **About the Loop break alarm:**
 When the control action is Reverse (Heating) control:
  If the PV does not reach the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm (after the MV has reached 100% or the OUT1 high limit value), the alarm output will be turned ON.

  Likewise, if the PV does not drop to the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm (after the MV has reached 0% or the OUT1 low limit value), the alarm output will be turned ON.

 When the control action is Direct (Cooling) control:
  If the PV does not drop to the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm (after the MV has reached 100% or the OUT1 high limit value), the alarm output will be turned ON.

  Likewise, if the PV does not reach the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm (after the MV has reached 0% or the OUT1 low limit value), the alarm output will be turned ON.

• **When EV2 option (If "▯◰▱◲ Heating/Cooling control output" is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation]) is ordered, or DS, DA or EV3D▯ option is ordered.**

 When the control action is Reverse (Heating) control:
  After OUT1 MV has reached 100% or the OUT1 high limit value, or after OUT2 MV has reached 0% or -(OUT2 low limit value), if the PV does not reach the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm, the alarm output will be turned ON.

  Likewise, after OUT1 MV has reached 0% or the OUT1 low limit value, or after OUT2 MV has reached -100% or -(OUT2 high limit value), if the PV does not drop to the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm, the alarm output will be turned ON.

 When the control action is Direct (Cooling) control:
  After OUT1 MV has reached 100% or the OUT1 high limit value, or after OUT2 MV has reached 0% or -(OUT2 low limit value), if the PV does not drop to the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm, the alarm output will be turned ON.

  Likewise, after OUT1 MV has reached 0% or the OUT1 low limit value, or after OUT2 MV has reached -100% or -(OUT2 high limit value), if the PV does not reach the Loop break alarm band setting within the time allotted to assess the Loop break alarm, the alarm output will be turned ON.

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
	□0 15 **Time signal output:** Turns ON during program control RUN, by setting Time signal output OFF time and ON time within total time in one pattern.
	□0 16 **Output during AT:** Turns ON during AT.
	□0 17 **Pattern end output:** Turns ON when Program control ends, and remains ON during the time set in [Pattern end output time].
	□0 18 **Output by communication command:** Communication command 8004H B0 EV1 output 0: OFF, 1: ON B1 EV2 output 0: OFF, 1: ON B2 EV3 output 0: OFF, 1: ON
	□0 19 **RUN output:** Turns ON during program control RUN.
	When *□00 1* (High limit alarm) to *□0 12* (High/Low limit with standby independent alarm) or *□0 15* (Time signal output) is selected, one output can be set to one event output. When *□0 13* (Heater burnout alarm output), *□0 14* (Loop break alarm), and *□0 16* (Output during AT) to *□0 19* (RUN output) are selected, each output is common to multiple event outputs. Available when the EV3D□ or EI option is ordered.
A3=A *□ no□□*	**EV3 alarm value 0 Enabled/Disabled** • When EV3 alarm value is 0 (zero), alarm action can be Enabled or Disabled. • Selection item:
	no□□ Disabled *YES□* Enabled
	Available when any alarm from *□00 1* (High limit alarm) to *□0 12* (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV3 allocation] - excluding *□007* (Process high alarm) and *□008* (Process low alarm).
A3HY *□ 00 10*	**EV3 alarm hysteresis** • Sets EV3 alarm hysteresis. • Setting range: 0.1 to 1000.0℃ (℉), DC voltage, current inputs: 1 to 10000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.) Available when any alarm from *□00 1* (High limit alarm) to *□0 12* (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV3 allocation].
A3dY *□ 0000*	**EV3 alarm delay time** • Sets EV3 alarm action delay time. When setting time has elapsed after PV enters the alarm output range, the alarm is activated. • Setting range: 0 to 10000 seconds Available when any alarm from *□00 1* (High limit alarm) to *□0 12* (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV3 allocation].
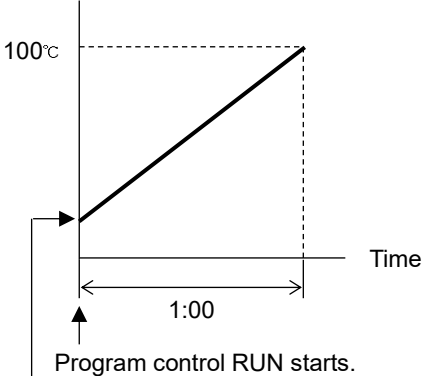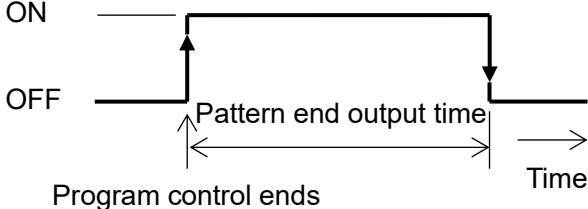
Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
A3L⌐ ☐ noⁿL	**EV3 alarm Energized/De-energized** • Selects Energized/De-energized status for EV3 alarm. When Energized is selected, and Event output EV3 is conductive (ON) while the EV3 indicator is lit. Event output EV3 is not conductive (OFF) while the EV3 indicator is not lit. When De-energized is selected, Event output EV3 is not conductive (OFF) while the EV3 indicator is lit. Event output EV3 is conductive (ON) while the EV3 indicator is not lit. **High limit alarm (Energized)** **High limit alarm (De-energized)** (Fig. 8.6-5) (Fig. 8.6-6)
	• Selection item
	noⁿL | Energized
	rEⁿS | De-energized
	Available when any alarm from ☐001 (High limit alarm) to ☐012 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV3 allocation].

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Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
EdI 1 000	**Event input DI1 allocation**

Event input DI1 allocation

• Selects Event input DI1 from the table below.

• Selection item:

		Event Input Function	Input ON (Closed)	Input OFF (Open)
	000	No event		
	001	Pattern number selection	Refer to "About Event input".	
	002	Direct/Reverse action	Direct action	Reverse action
	003	Program control RUN/STOP	RUN	STOP
	004	Program control Holding/Not holding	Holding	Not holding
	005	Program control Advance function	Advance function	Usual control

Available when C5W, EIW, EIT, C5 or EI option is ordered.

• **About Event input:**

Signal edge action from OFF to ON / ON to OFF is engaged. When power is turned ON, level action is engaged except 005 (Program control Advance function).

If the same item – except 001 (Pattern number selection) – is selected in [Event input DI1 allocation] and [Event input DI2 allocation], OR calculation [if any one is ON (Closed), the function activates] will begin.

An action changed by Event input DI□ has priority.

If 001 (Pattern number selection) is selected, Patterns 1 to 4 can be selected by ON (Closed) or OFF (Open) status of Event input DI1 and DI2.

Pattern numbers selected by Event input have priority over pattern numbers selected by keypad operation.

To select pattern numbers by keypad operation, make sure all Event inputs are in OFF (Open) status.

When 001 (Pattern number selection) is selected only in [Event input DI1 allocation]

Pattern number	*	2
Event input DI1	OFF(Open)	ON(Closed)

* This number will be selected by keypad.

When 001 (Pattern number selection) is selected only in [Event input DI2 allocation]

Pattern number	*	2
Event input DI2	OFF(Open)	ON(Closed)

* This number will be selected by keypad.

When 001 (Pattern number selection) is selected in [Event input DI1 allocation] and [Event input DI2 allocation]

Pattern number	*	2	3	4
Event input DI1	OFF(Open)	ON(Closed)	OFF(Open)	ON(Closed)
Event input DI2	OFF(Open)	OFF(Open)	ON(Closed)	ON(Closed)

* This number will be selected by keypad.

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
`EtI2` `□ □000`	**Event input DI2 allocation** • Selects Event input DI2 from the table below. • Selection item:

	Event Input Function	Input ON (Closed)	Input OFF (Open)
`□000`	No event		
`□001`	Pattern number selection	Refer to "About Event input".	
`□002`	Direct/Reverse action	Direct action	Reverse action
`□003`	Program control RUN/STOP	RUN	STOP
`□004`	Program control Holding/Not holding	Holding	Not holding
`□005`	Program control Advance function	Advance function	Usual control

Available when C5W, EIW, EIT, C5 or EI option is ordered.

• **About Event input:**

Signal edge action from OFF to ON / ON to OFF is engaged. When power is turned ON, level action is engaged except `□005` (Program control Advance function).

If the same item – except `□001` (Pattern number selection) – is selected in [Event input DI1 allocation] and [Event input DI2 allocation], OR calculation [if any one is ON (Closed), the function activates] will begin.

An action changed by Event input DI□ has priority.

If `□001` (Pattern number selection) is selected, Patterns 1 to 4 can be selected by ON (Closed) or OFF (Open) status of Event input DI1 and DI2. Pattern numbers selected by Event input have priority over pattern numbers selected by keypad operation.

To select pattern numbers by keypad, make sure all Event inputs are in OFF (Open) status.

When `□001` (Pattern number selection) is selected only in [Event input DI1 allocation]

Pattern number	*	2
Event input DI1	OFF(Open)	ON(Closed)

* This number will be selected by keypad.

When `□001` (Pattern number selection) is selected only in [Event input DI2 allocation]

Pattern number	*	2
Event input DI2	OFF(Open)	ON(Closed)

* This number will be selected by keypad.

When `□001` (Pattern number selection) is selected in [Event input DI1, DI2 allocation]

Pattern number	*	2	3	4
Event input DI1	OFF(Open)	ON(Closed)	OFF(Open)	ON(Closed)
Event input DI2	OFF(Open)	OFF(Open)	ON(Closed)	ON(Closed)

* This number will be selected by keypad.

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
`⌐⌐o5` `▯ P8▯▯`	**Transmission output type** • Selects the transmission output type. Converting the value (PV, SV, MV transmission) to analog signal every 125 ms, outputs the value in current or voltage. • When changing transmission output type, refer to Section "9.6 Items to be Initialized by Changing Settings" (p.109). • Selection item: <table><tr><td>`P8▯▯`</td><td>PV transmission</td></tr><tr><td>`58▯▯`</td><td>SV transmission</td></tr><tr><td>`⌐8▯▯`</td><td>MV transmission</td></tr></table>Available when EIT option is ordered.

`⌐⌐LH`
`▯ 1370`
	Transmission output high limit
	• Sets the Transmission output high limit value.
	  (This value correponds to 20 mA in direct current output.)
	  Outputs Transmission output low limit value if Transmission output high limit and low limit value are the same.
	  If SV or MV transmission is selected, 4 mA is output at the time of program control STOP (in Standby).
	• Setting range:
	  PV, SV transmission: Transmission output low limit to Input range high limit
	    Direct current, voltage inputs: -2000 to 10000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)
	  MV transmission: Transmission output low limit to 105.0%
	Available when EIT option is ordered.

`⌐⌐LL`
`▯ -200`
	Transmission output low limit
	• Sets the Transmission output low limit value.
	  (This value correponds to 4 mA in direct current output.)
	  Outputs Transmission output low limit value if Transmission output high limit and low limit value are the same.
	  If SV or MV transmission is selected, 4 mA is output at the time of Program control STOP (in Standby).
	• Setting range:
	  PV, SV transmission: Input range low limit to Transmission output high limit
	    Direct current, voltage inputs: -2000 to 10000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)
	  MV transmission: -5.0% to Transmission output high limit
	Available when EIT option is ordered.

`⌐_5▯` `▯ ⌐l n▯`	**Step time unit** • Selects the Step time unit. • Selection item: <table><tr><td>`⌐l n▯`</td><td>Hours : Minutes</td></tr><tr><td>`5Ec▯`</td><td>Minutes : Seconds</td></tr></table>

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
P̄r̄Ēr̄ ☐ Sr̄oP	**Power restore action** • Selects the program status if a power failure occurs mid-program, and it is restored. • Selection item:
	Sr̄oP | Stops after power is restored. After power is restored, stops current program control, and returns to the program control STOP (in Standby).
	cōnr̄ | Continues (resumes) after power is restored. Continues (resumes) previous program control after power is restored.
	HoLd | Suspends after power is restored. After power is restored, suspends (on hold) current program, and performs Fixed value control using the step SV at the time of suspension. Pressing the ⃞RUN key cancels suspension, and program control resumes.
S_SH ☐ 0000	**Step SV when program control starts** • Sets the step SV when Program control starts. • Setting range: Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)
S_SL ☐ PH00	**Program control start type** • Selects the Program control start type. • Selection item: **PV start, PVR start** When Program control starts, the step SV is advanced to the PV, then Program control starts. (Fig. 8.6-7)

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
	SV start (Fig. 8.6-8) • Selection item:

PУ□□	**PV start:**	Only when Program control starts, the step SV and step time are advanced to the PV, then Program control starts.
PУ-□	**PVR start:**	When Program control starts and in pattern repeating, the step SV and step time are advanced to the PV, then the Program control starts.
SУ□□	**SV start:**	When Program control starts, the Program control starts from the step SV set in [Step SV when program control starts].

PEГ_н □ □□□□	**Pattern end output time** • Sets Pattern end output retention time after program control is finished. If 'Pattern end output' is selected in [Event output EV□ allocation], pattern end output is turned ON after program control is finished, and the SV Display flashes PEnd. Setting the time to 0 (zero) seconds causes continuous output, until the STOP key is pressed for approx. 1 second, or until the power is turned OFF. By pressing the STOP key for approx. 1 second, Pattern end output is turned OFF, and the unit returns to program control STOP (in Standby). When setting the time to 1 to 10000 seconds: Pattern end output is automatically turned OFF after Pattern end output time has elapsed, and the unit returns to program control STOP (in Standby). (Fig. 8.6-9) • Setting range: 0 to 10000 seconds

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range
AT_b 0 0020	**AT bias** • Sets bias value for the AT. AT point is automatically determined by the deviation between PV and SV. AT bias setting works only in Fixed value control. • Setting range: Thermocouple, RTD inputs without decimal point: 0 to 50℃ (0 to 100℉) Thermocouple, RTD inputs with decimal point: 0.0 to 50.0℃ (0.0 to 100.0℉) Available when Thermocouple or RTD input is selected in [Input type].
EoUr 0 oFF0	**Output status when input errors occur** • Selects the output status when input errors (overscale, underscale) occur. • Selection item: <table><tr><td>oFF0</td><td>Output OFF</td></tr><tr><td>on00</td><td>Output ON</td></tr></table> Available for direct current and voltage inputs, and direct current output.
TIME 0 0000	**Indication time** • Sets time from no operation status until Displays are switched off. Displays relight by pressing any key while in Display sleep mode. When input errors (overscale, underscale) or burnout has occurred, Displays light up, and error codes are displayed. If errors are cancelled, Displays will turn off after indication time has passed again. • Setting range: 00:00 to 60:00 (Minutes : Seconds) When set to 00:00, Displays remain ON.
Ed1 F 0 no00	**Error indication** • Selects error code indication Enabled/Disabled when input errors occur. When 'Enabled' is selected, error codes below are indicated on the PV Display.<table><tr><th>Error Code</th><th>Error Contents</th></tr><tr><td>Er05</td><td>PV has exceeded Input range high limit value (Scaling high limit value for DC voltage, current inputs).</td></tr><tr><td>Er06</td><td>PV has dropped below Input range low limit value (Scaling low limit value for DC voltage, current inputs).</td></tr><tr><td>Er07</td><td>Input burnout, or PV has exceeded, or dropped below the Indication range and Control range. See pages 129, 130.</td></tr></table>• Selection item:<table><tr><td>no00</td><td>Disabled</td></tr><tr><td>YES0</td><td>Enabled</td></tr></table>

At this stage, settings for Engineering setting mode 2 are complete.

Press the RST key. The unit reverts to RUN mode.

8.7   Clearing Data

If data is cleared, all data will revert to factory default values.

Data can be cleared only in program control STOP (in Standby).

Data cannot be cleared during program control RUN.

⚠ **Caution**

Once data clear is executed, initial settings and each setting should be set again.

(Cleared data cannot be restored.)

In preparation for mistaken execution of data clear, please write down initial settings and other setting data in the data sheets at the end of this manual.

• To execute data clear

In RUN mode, and while in program control STOP (in Standby), if the ⌃ , ⌄ and STOP keys (in that order) together are pressed for approx. 3 seconds, the unit enters [Data clear Yes/No].

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Function, Setting Range

⌐Lᵣ◻ ◻ ⌐o◻◻	**Data clear Yes/No**
	• Selects if data clear is executed or not.
	  Select 'Data clear No', and press the MODE key. Data will not be cleared, and the unit will return to RUN mode.
	  Select 'Data clear Yes', and press the MODE key. The PV Display indicates Iⁿiᵣ for approx. 3 seconds, and all data will return to factory default values. After that the unit automatically reverts to RUN mode.
	• Selection item:

	⌐o◻◻ Data clear No
	⅄ES◻ Data clear Yes

9. Operation

9.1 Performing Program Control

9.1.1 Performing Program Control

(1) Before turning the power ON

Check Sections "3. Mounting to the Control Panel (pp.12 - 15)" and "4. Wiring (pp.16 - 25)" before turning the power ON.

(2) After turning the power ON

Set necessary setting items after turning the power ON.

Refer to Sections "5. Outline of Key Operation and Each Mode (pp.26 - 28)", "6. Initial Settings (pp. 29 - 37)", "7. Basic Settings and Operation (pp.38 - 43)" and "8. Explanation of Setting Items" (pp.44 - 90).

(3) Selecting a pattern number

There are 2 methods for selecting a pattern number:

Using the PTN key, or using Event input

Pattern numbers selected by Event input have priority over pattern numbers selected by the keypad.

To select pattern numbers by keypad, make sure all Event inputs are in OFF (Open) status.

- **Using the PTN key**

  In program control STOP (in Standby), select a pattern from 1 – 10 with the PTN key.

- **Using Event input**

  If ⬚◻◻⃒ (Pattern number selection) is selected in [Event input DI1 allocation] and [Event input DI2 allocation]:

  Select a pattern from 2 – 4, depending on ON (Closed) or OFF (Open) status between Event input DI1/DI2 terminal and SG terminal.

  Select pattern 1 or a pattern from 5 – 10 with the PTN key.

  Signal edge action is engaged. However, when power is turned ON, level action is engaged.

  If ⬚◻◻⃒ (Pattern number selection) is selected only in [Event input DI1 allocation]:
  (e.g.) To select Pattern 2, close (ON) ⑨ and ⑫.

  (Table 9.1.1-1)

Pattern number Terminal number	*	2
⑨ Event input DI1	OFF (Open)	ON (Closed)

  * This number will be selected by keypad.

  If ⬚◻◻⃒ (Pattern number selection) is selected only in [Event input DI2 allocation]:
  (e.g.) To select Pattern 2, close (ON) ⑧ and ⑫.

  (Table 9.1.1-2)

Pattern number Terminal number	*	2
⑧ Event input DI2	OFF (Open)	ON (Closed)

  * This number will be selected by keypad.

If $\square 00\,1$ (Pattern number selection) is selected in [Event input DI1 allocation] and [Event input DI2 allocation]:
  (e.g.) To select Pattern 4, close (ON) ⑨ and ⑫, and close (ON) ⑧ and ⑫.

(Table 9.1.1-3)

Pattern number Terminal number	*	2	3	4
⑨ Event input DI1	OFF (Open)	ON (Closed)	OFF (Open)	ON (Closed)
⑧ Event input DI2	OFF (Open)	OFF (Open)	ON (Closed)	ON (Closed)

  * This number will be selected by keypad.

(4) Perform Program Control

There are 2 ways to start program control.
  Using the RUN key, or using Event input.

• Using the RUN key

In program control STOP (in Standby), press the RUN key.
Program control starts.

• Using Event input

If $\square 003$ (Program control RUN/STOP) is selected in [Event input DI☐ allocation],
Program control RUN/STOP can be switched, depending on ON (Closed) or OFF (Open)
status between Event input DI1 / DI2 terminal and SG terminal.

If $\square 003$ (Program control RUN/STOP) is selected in [Event input DI1 allocation],
close (ON) ⑨ and ⑫.
Program control will start.
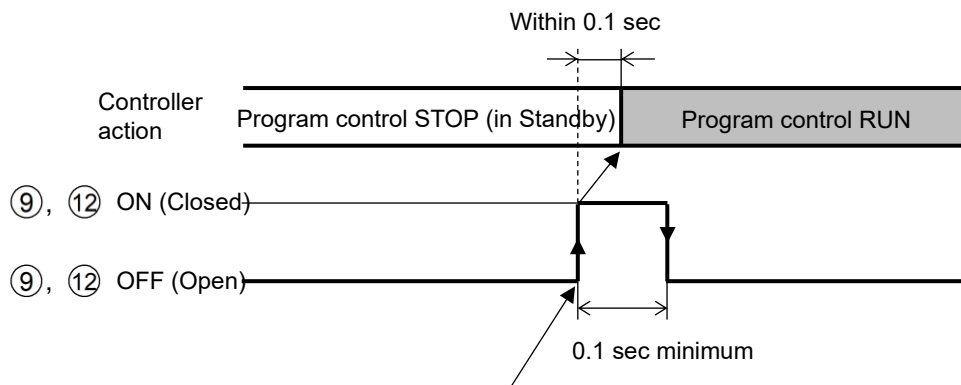
(Fig. 9.1.1-1)

[Program control start type]

Program control start type can be selected in [Program control start type].

PV start:

Only when program control starts, step SV and step time are advanced to the PV, then program control starts.

However, if step SV set in [Step SV when program control starts] is higher than the PV (when PV start is initiated), then program control will start from the SV set in [Step SV when program control starts].
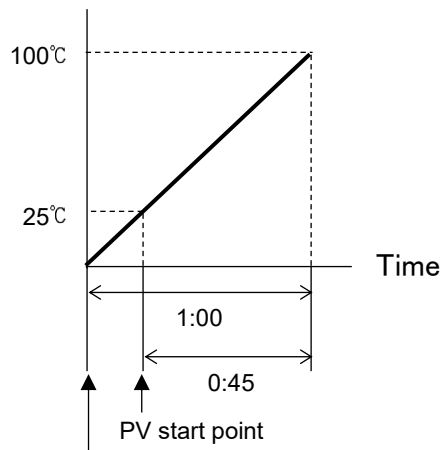
When program control starts,

step SV is advanced to PV (25℃).

(Fig. 9.1.1-2)

PVR start:

When program control starts and in pattern repeating, the step SV and step time are advanced to the PV, then the program control starts.

Action is the same as that of PV start. Refer to (Fig. 9.1.1-2).

SV start:

Program control starts from the value set in [Step SV when program control starts].

Program control starts.
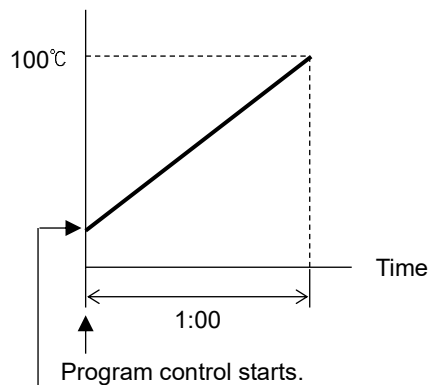
Program control starts from the value set
in [Step SV when program control starts].

(Fig. 9.1.1-3)

[Power Restore Action]

If power fails during program control RUN, the controller can be operated depending on the selection in [Power restore action].

Progressing time error when power is restored: 1 minute or 1 second

• Stops after power is restored:

After power is restored, stops current program control, and returns to program control STOP (in Standby) status.

• Continues after power is restored:

After power is restored, continues (resumes) program control.

• Suspends after power is restored:

After power is restored, suspends (on hold) current program, and performs Fixed value control using the step SV at the time of suspension.

Pressing the RUN key cancels suspension, and program control resumes.

[Wait function]

While program control is running, the program does not proceed to the next step until the deviation between PV and SV enters SV±Wait value at the end of step. The PV Display and PTN/STEP Display flash while the Wait function is working.

Explanation of Wait function

• When program pattern is rising:

If PV becomes 490℃, the Wait function will be cancelled, proceeding to the next step.

As PV is not in the range of [SV-Wait value], the unit is in Wait status, and does not proceed to the next step.
The PV Display and PTN/STEP Display flash during Wait action.
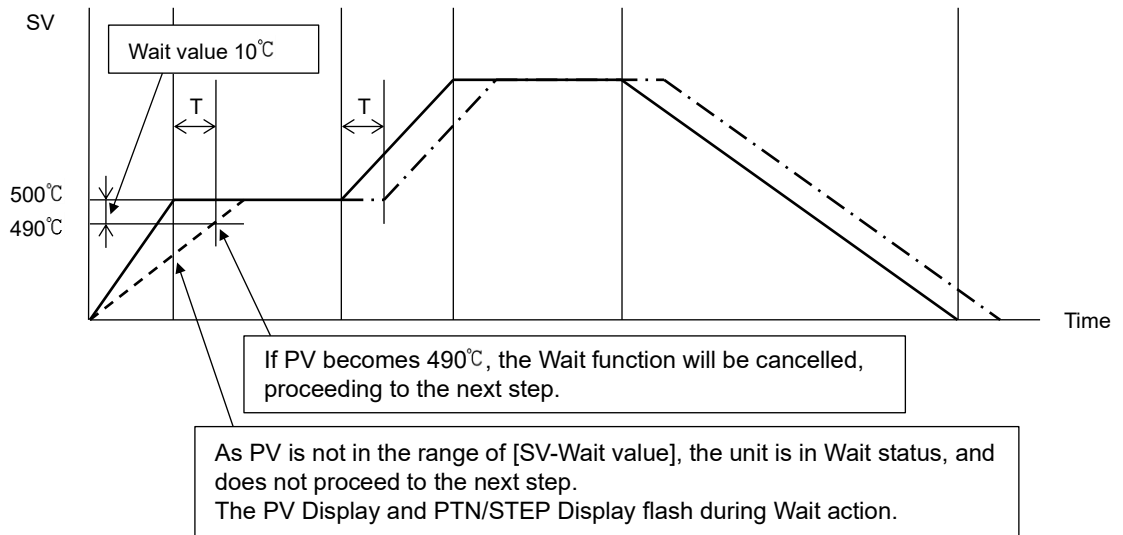
(Fig. 9.1.1-4)

• When program pattern is falling:

If PV becomes 510℃, the Wait function will be cancelled, proceeding to the next step.

As PV is not in the range of [SV+Wait value], the unit is in Wait status, and does not proceed to the next step.
The PV Display and PTN/STEP Display flash during Wait action.

————— Program pattern
------- PV
—·—·— Program pattern delayed by T due to the Wait function
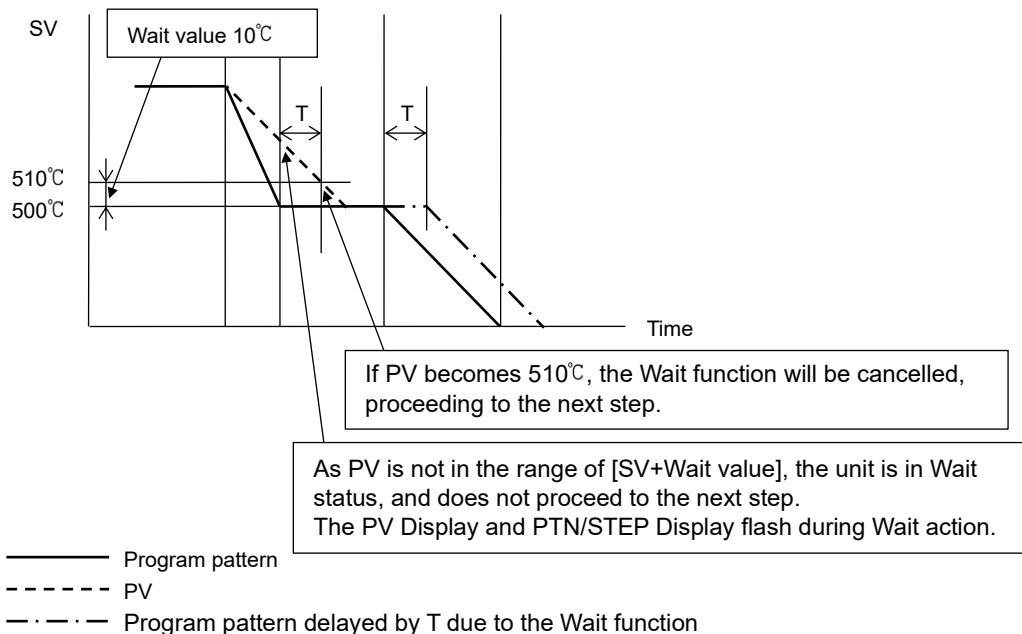
(Fig. 9.1.1-5)

• How to cancel the Wait function

Press the RUN key for approx. 1 second to cancel the Wait function.

The Wait function can also be cancelled by selecting ⎕005 (Program control ADVANCE function) in [Event input DI⎕ allocation], and closing (ON) any terminal of Event input DI⎕ and SG terminal.

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9.1.2 Stopping Program Control

There are 2 methods for stopping program control:
Using the STOP key, or using Event input

• Using the STOP key

Press the STOP key for approximately 1 second during Program control RUN.
Program control will stop, and revert to program control STOP (in Standby) status.

• Using Event input

If ꞈ003 (Program control RUN/STOP) is selected in [Event input DI☐ allocation],
Program control RUN/STOP can be switched, depending on ON (Closed) or OFF (Open) status
between Event input DI☐ terminal and SG terminal.

If ꞈ003 (Program control RUN/STOP) is selected in [Event input DI1 allocation],
open (OFF) ⑨ and ⑫.
Program control will stop, and the unit will revert to program control STOP (in Standby) status.

Within 0.1 sec

| Controller action | Program control RUN | Program control STOP (in Standby) |

⑨, ⑫ ON (Closed)

⑨, ⑫ OFF

0.1 sec minimum

Program control stops by detecting falling signal edge action from
ON to OFF of terminals ⑨ and ⑫.
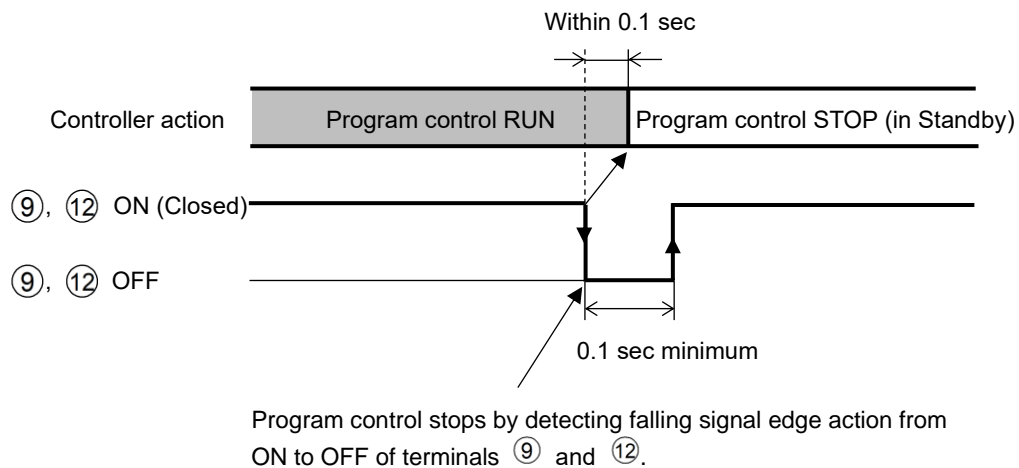
(Fig. 9.1.2-1)

9.1.3 Suspending Program Control (Program Control HOLD Function)

During program control, progress of current step can be suspended (paused).

Fixed value control is performed using the step SV at the time of suspension.

Pressing the RUN key cancels suspension, and program control resumes.

To suspend program control, there are 2 methods:

Using the ⌃ key, or using Event input

• Using the ⌃ key

During program control RUN, press the ⌃ key for approx. 1 second.

Progress of current step is suspended, and then Fixed value control is performed using the step SV at the time of suspension.

The PV Display and RUN indicator flash.

• Using Event input

If ⬚004 (Program control Holding/Not holding) is selected in [Event input DI⬚ allocation], Program control Holding/Not holding can be switched, depending on ON (Closed) or OFF (Open) status between Event input DI⬚ terminal and SG terminal.

If ⬚004 (Program control Holding/Not holding) is selected in [Event input DI1 allocation], close (ON) ⑨ and ⑫.

Progress of current step is suspended, and then Fixed value control is performed using the step SV at the time of suspension.

The PV Display and RUN indicator flash.
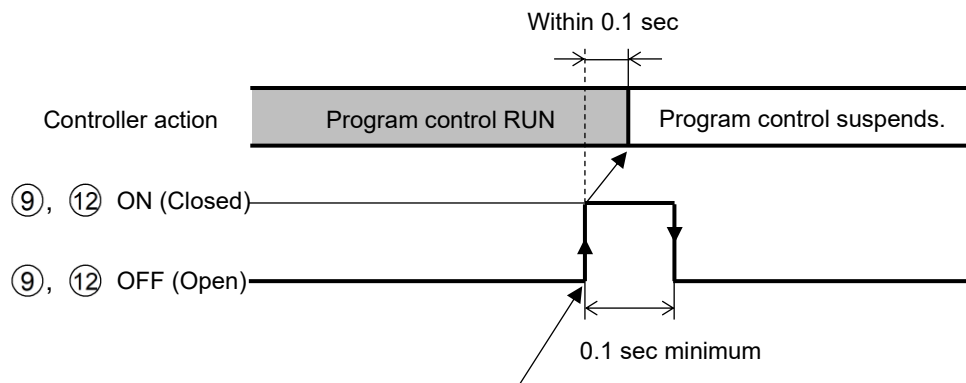
(Fig. 9.1.3-1)

9.1.4 Advancing Program Step (Advance Function)

Interrupts current step while program control is running, and proceeds to the beginning of the next step.

If the Wait function is working, the Wait function will be cancelled, and will proceed to the beginning of the next step.

To advance program step, there are 2 methods:
  Using the RUN key, or using Event input

• Using the RUN key

During program control RUN, press the RUN key for approx. 1 second.

Current step is stopped, and the unit proceeds to the beginning of the next step.

Each time the RUN key is pressed for approx. 1 second, the unit proceeds to the next step.

• Using Event input

If ▯005 (Program control Advance function) is selected in [Event input DI▯ allocation], Program control Advance or usual control can be switched, depending on ON (Closed) or OFF (Open) status between Event input DI▯ terminal and SG terminal.

If ▯005 (Program control Advance function) is selected in [Event input DI1 allocation], close (ON) ⑨ and ⑫.

Current step is stopped, and the unit proceeds to the beginning of the next step.

Each time terminals ⑨ and ⑫ are turned from OFF (Open) to ON (Closed), the unit proceeds to the next step.
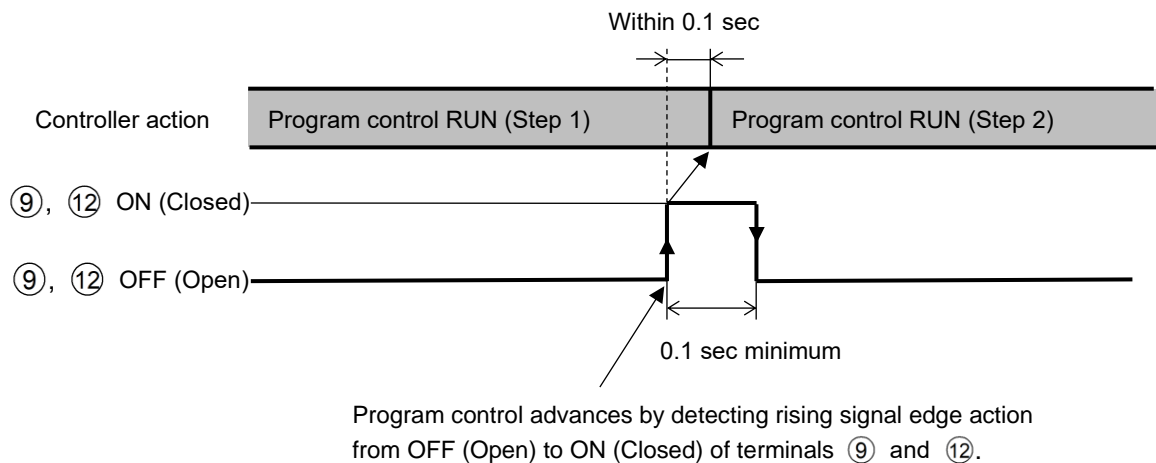
(Fig. 9.1.4-1)

9.1.5 Speeding up Program Step Time (Step Time Speed-up Function)

To make program step time progress faster, press the FAST key during program control RUN.

While the FAST key is pressed, the step time progress is made 60 times faster.

If the Wait function is set, this function will be disabled as the Wait function has priority.

9.1.6 Changing Program Step SV and Step Time

When step SV and step time are changed during program control RUN, they will change as follows.

• When changing step SV from 500 to 700℃
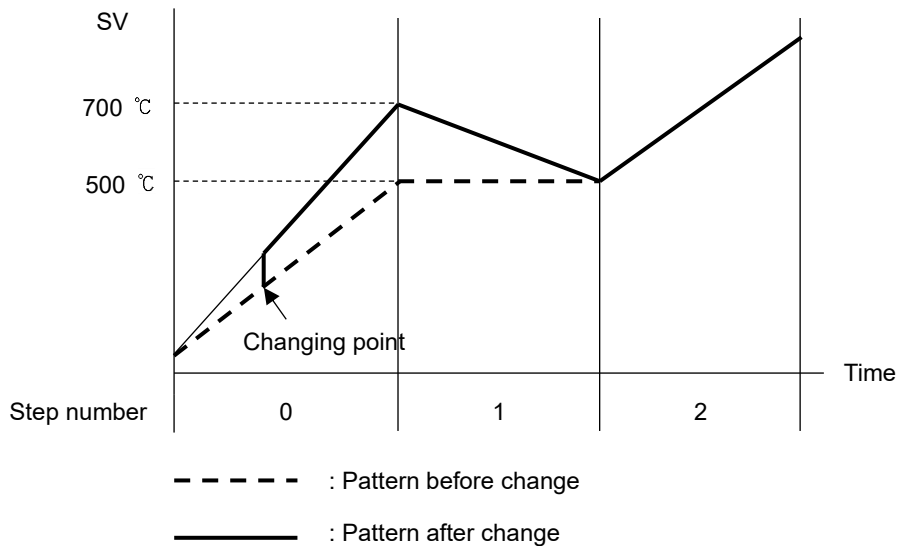
(Fig. 9.1.6-1)

• When changing step time from 0:30 to 0:50
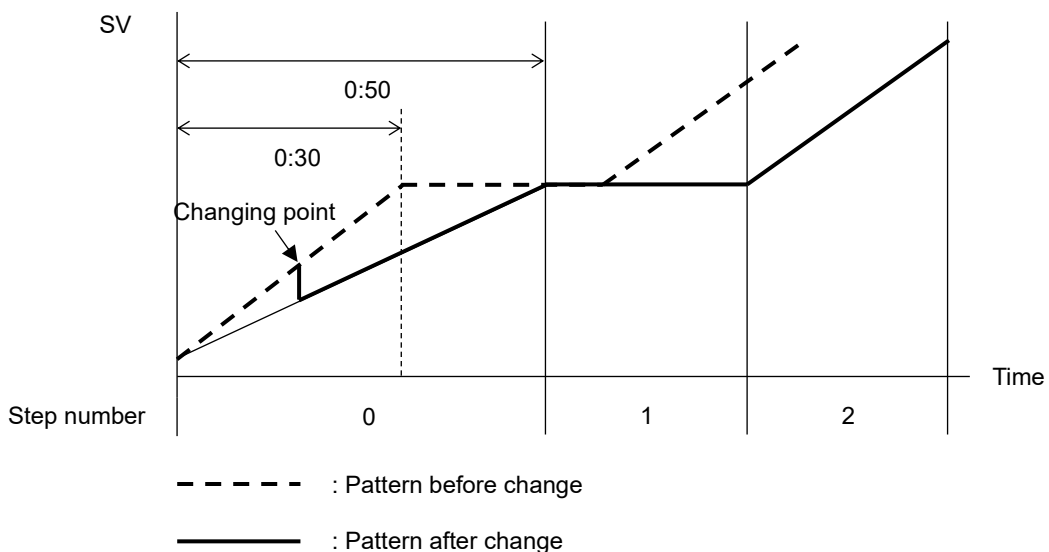
(Fig. 9.1.6-2)

9.1.7 Ending Program (Pattern End Function)

If ⎕⎕ ⎕⎕ (Pattern end output) is selected in [Event output EV⎕ allocation], Pattern end output is turned ON after program control is finished, and the SV Display flashes PEnd.

By pressing the STOP key for approximately 1 second, Pattern end output is turned OFF, and the unit returns to program control STOP (in Standby).

If Pattern end output time is set, Pattern end output is automatically turned OFF after Pattern end output time has expired. And the unit returns to program control STOP (in Standby).

9.2 Performing Fixed Value Control

9.2.1 Performing Fixed Value Control

Fixed value control (control action that indicating controllers are performing) is performed using the preset step SV.

To perform Fixed value control, set the step time (of the desired step SV) to − − − −.

(e.g.) Set Pattern 1, Step 1 SV to 500℃, and set its step time to − − − −.
Press the RUN key. Fixed value control is performed at 500℃.

(1) Before turning the power ON

Check Sections "3. Mounting to the Control Panel (pp.12 - 15)" and "4. Wiring (pp.16 - 25)" before turning the power ON.

(2) After turning the power ON

Set necessary items after turning the power ON.
Refer to Sections "5. Outline of Key Operation and Explanation of Each Mode (pp.26 - 28)", "6. Initial Settings (pp.29 - 37)", "7. Basic Settings and Operation (pp.38 - 43)" and "8. Explanation of Setting Items (pp.44 - 90)".

To perform Fixed value control. set the step SV and step time for the desired pattern.
To set the step time, press the ⌄ key at 00:00. − − − − will be selected.
Select a PID block number.

(3) Selecting a pattern number to perform

There are 2 methods for selecting a pattern number:
Using the PTN key, or using Event input

Pattern numbers selected by Event input have priority over pattern numbers selected by the PTN key.
To select pattern numbers by keypad, make sure all Event inputs are in OFF (Open) status.

• Using the PTN key

In program control STOP (in Standby), select a pattern (from 1 – 10) for which step time is set to − − − − at (2), using the PTN key.

• Using Event input

If ꁌ001 (Pattern number selection) is selected in [Event input DI☐ allocation], select a pattern from 2 – 4, depending on ON (Closed) or OFF (Open) status between Event input DI1 / DI2 terminal and SG terminal.

To select Pattern 1 or a pattern from 5 – 10, press the PTN key.

Edge action is used. However, when power is turned ON, level action is engaged.

If ꁌ001 (Pattern number selection) is selected only in [Event input DI1 allocation], (e.g.) To select Pattern 2, close (ON) ⑨ and ⑫.

(Table 9.2.1-1)

Pattern number / Terminal number	*	2
⑨ Event input DI1	OFF (Open)	ON (Closed)

* This number will be selected by keypad.

If ⬚00:1 (Pattern number selection) is selected only in [Event input DI2 allocation],
(e.g.) To select Pattern 2, close (ON) ⑧ and ⑫.

(Table 9.2.1-2)

Pattern number / Terminal number	*	2
⑧ Event input DI2	OFF (Open)	ON (Closed)

* This number will be selected by keypad.

If ⬚00:1 (Pattern number selection) is selected in [Event input DI1 allocation] and [Event input DI2 allocation]:
(e.g.) To select Pattern 4, close (ON) ⑨ and ⑫, and close (ON) ⑧ and ⑫.

(Table 9.2.1-3)

Pattern number / Terminal number	*	2	3	4
⑨ Event input DI1	OFF (Open)	ON (Closed)	OFF (Open)	ON (Closed)
⑧ Event input DI2	OFF (Open)	OFF (Open)	ON (Closed)	ON (Closed)

* This number will be selected by keypad.

(4) Executing Fixed Value Control

There are 2 ways to execute Fixed value control:
Using the RUN key, or using Event input

• **Using the RUN key.**
In program control STOP (in Standby), press the RUN key.
The step, for which step time is set to – – – – at (2), is held, and Fixed value control is performed using the step SV.
The RUN indicator flashes during Fixed value control.

• **Using Event input**
If ⬚003 (Program control RUN/STOP) is selected in [Event input DI⬚ allocation],
Program control RUN/STOP can be switched, depending on ON (Closed) or OFF (Open) status between Event input DI1 / DI2 terminal and SG terminal.

If ⬚003 (Program control RUN/STOP) is selected in [Event input DI⬚ allocation],
close (ON) ⑨ and ⑫.
The step, for which step time is set to – – – – at (2), is held, and Fixed value control is performed using the step SV.
The RUN indicator flashes during Fixed value control.
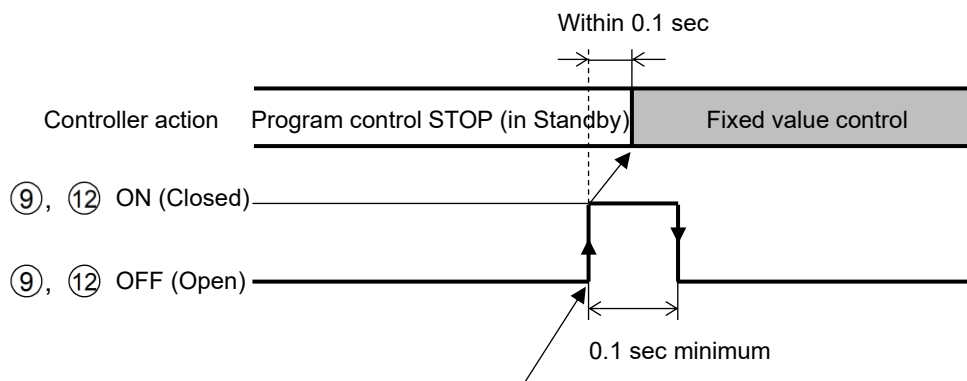
Fixed value control is performed by detecting rising signal edge
action from OFF (Open) to ON (Closed) of terminals ⑨ and ⑫.

(Fig. 9.2.1-1)

9.2.2 Finishing Fixed Value Control

There are 2 ways to finish Fixed value control:

Using the ⬛STOP⬛ key, or using Event input

• Using the ⬛STOP⬛ key

During Fixed value control, press the ⬛STOP⬛ key for approximately 1 second.

Fixed value control will stop, and the unit will revert to program control STOP (in Standby).

• Using Event input

If ⬛003 (Program control RUN/STOP) is selected in [Event input DI⬛ allocation], Program control RUN/STOP can be switched, depending on ON (Closed) or OFF (Open) status between Event input DI⬛ terminal and SG terminal.

If ⬛003 (Program control RUN/STOP) is selected in [Event input DI⬛ allocation], open (OFF) ⑨ and ⑫.

Fixed value control will stop, and the unit will return to program control STOP (in Standby).
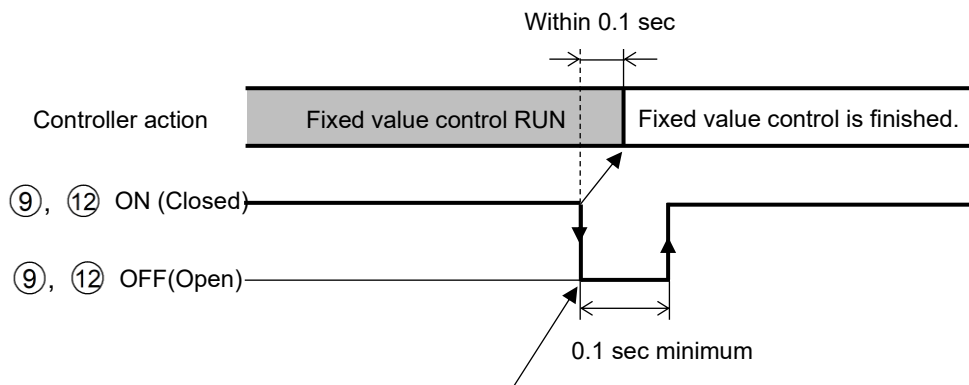
Fixed value control is finished by detecting falling signal edge action from ON (Closed) to OFF (Open) of terminals ⑨ and ⑫.

(Fig. 9.2.2-1)

9.3 Switching Indication of the SV Display

Press the PTN key to switch the indication of the SV Display.

Each time the PTN key is pressed, switches the indication as follows.

RUN mode

Step SV is indicated.

PTN key

Monitor mode

Manipulated variable (MV) is indicated.

(e.g.) 7.2% (The decimal point flashes.)

When EV2 option (if "□020 Heating/Cooling control output" is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation]) is ordered, or when DS, DA or EV3D□ option is ordered, OUT1 MV is a positive number (0.0 to 100.0%), OUT2 MV is a negative number (0.0 to -100.0%).

PTN key

Monitor mode

Remaining time is indicated.

(e.g.) 00:30 [Colon flashes (in Hours:Minutes or Minutes:Seconds).]

For Fixed value control, − − − − is displayed.

PTN key

9.4 Performing AT

9.4.1 Notice when Performing AT

> ## ⚠ Notice
>
> - **Perform the AT during the test operation.**
> - **During the AT, none of the setting items can be set.**
> - **If power failure occurs during AT, AT will stop.**
> - **If AT is cancelled during the process, P, I, D and ARW values will revert to the values before AT was performed.**
> - **AT will be forced to stop if it has not been completed within 4 hours.**
> - **Sometimes the AT process will not fluctuate if AT is performed at or near room temperature. Therefore, AT might not finish normally.**

[Notice when performing AT during Program control RUN]

- If AT is performed, AT starts from the AT starting point, and step time does not progress until AT finishes.
  After AT finishes, remaining step will be performed.
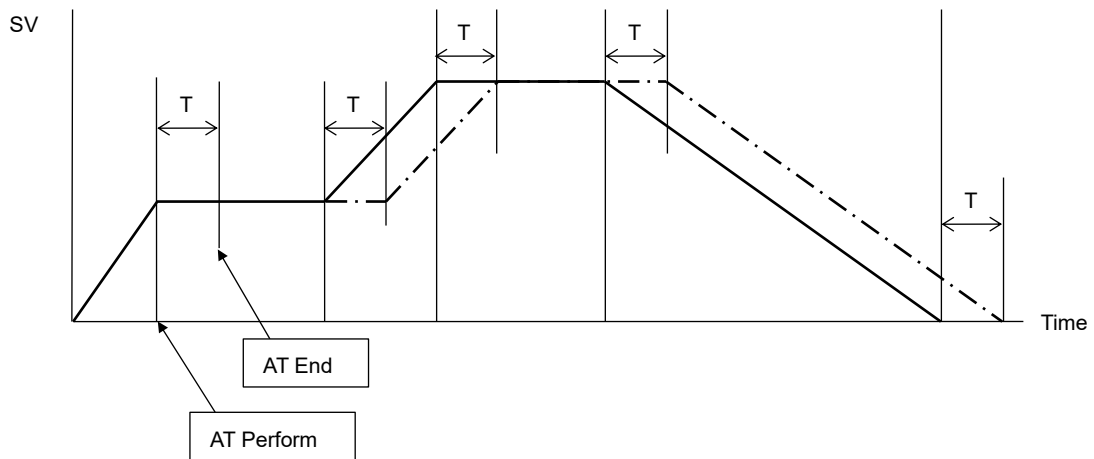
T: Time delay due to AT

———— : Program pattern before AT is performed.

— · — ·· : Program pattern after AT is performed.

(Fig. 9.4.1-1)

9.4.2 AT Action

In order to set each value of P, I, D and ARW automatically, the AT process should be made to fluctuate to obtain an optimal value.

For DC voltage, current inputs, the AT process will fluctuate around the SV for conditions of [A], [B] and [C] below.

One of 3 types of fluctuation below is automatically selected depending on the deviation between SV and PV.

[A] If there is a large difference between the SV and PV as the temperature is rising

When AT bias is set to 20℃, AT process will fluctuate at the temperature 20℃ lower than the SV.
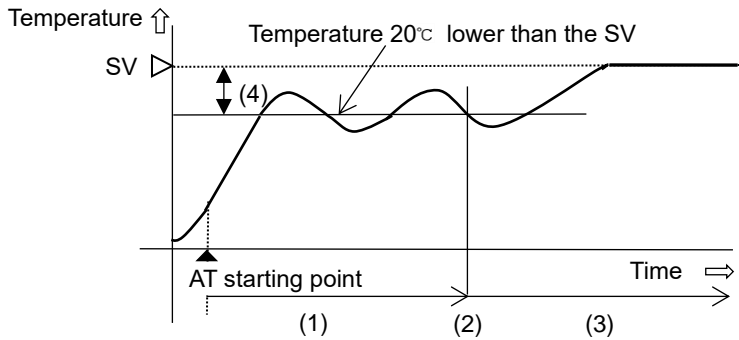
(1) Calculates PID constants.
(2) PID constants calculated
(3) Controlled by the PID constants set by AT
(4) AT bias value (Factory default: 20℃)

(Fig. 9.4.2-1)

[B] When the control is stable

The AT process will fluctuate around the SV.
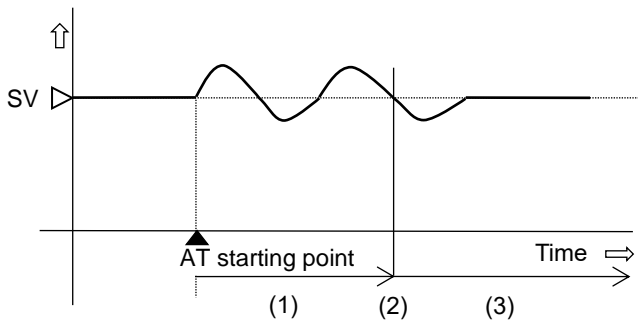
(1) Calculates PID constants.
(2) PID constants calculated
(3) Controlled by the PID constants set by AT

(Fig. 9.4.2-2)

[C] If there is a large difference between the SV and PV as the temperature is falling

When AT bias is set to 20℃, AT process will fluctuate at the temperature 20℃ higher than the SV.
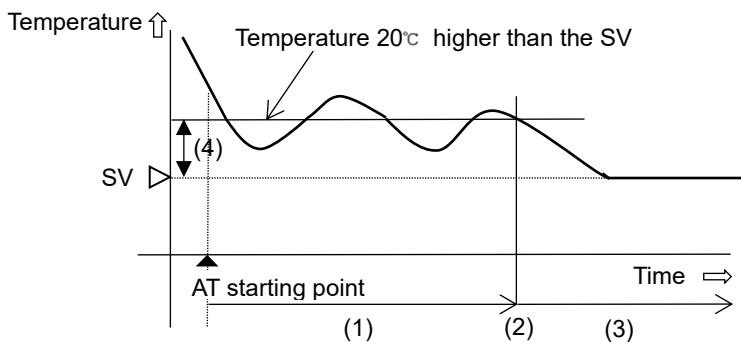
(1) Calculates PID constants.
(2) PID constants calculated
(3) Controlled by the PID constants set by AT
(4) AT bias value (Factory default: 20℃)

(Fig. 9.4.2-3)

9.4.3 Performing AT

To perform AT, select ⟨AꞂ□□⟩ (AT Perform) in [AT Perform/Cancel] in Control parameter setting mode. And press the RST key.

Basic Procedure

RUN mode

↓

Control parameter setting mode

↓

RUN mode

Setting Details

□500
₁ □500

During program control RUN

△ + MODE keys

↓

AꞂ□□
₁ ----

Control parameter setting mode
AT Perform/Cancel

△ key

↓

AꞂ□□
₁ AꞂ□□

AT Perform/Cancel
AT Perform

RST key

↓

□500
₁ □500

RUN mode (AT Perform)
The AT indicator flashes while AT is performing.
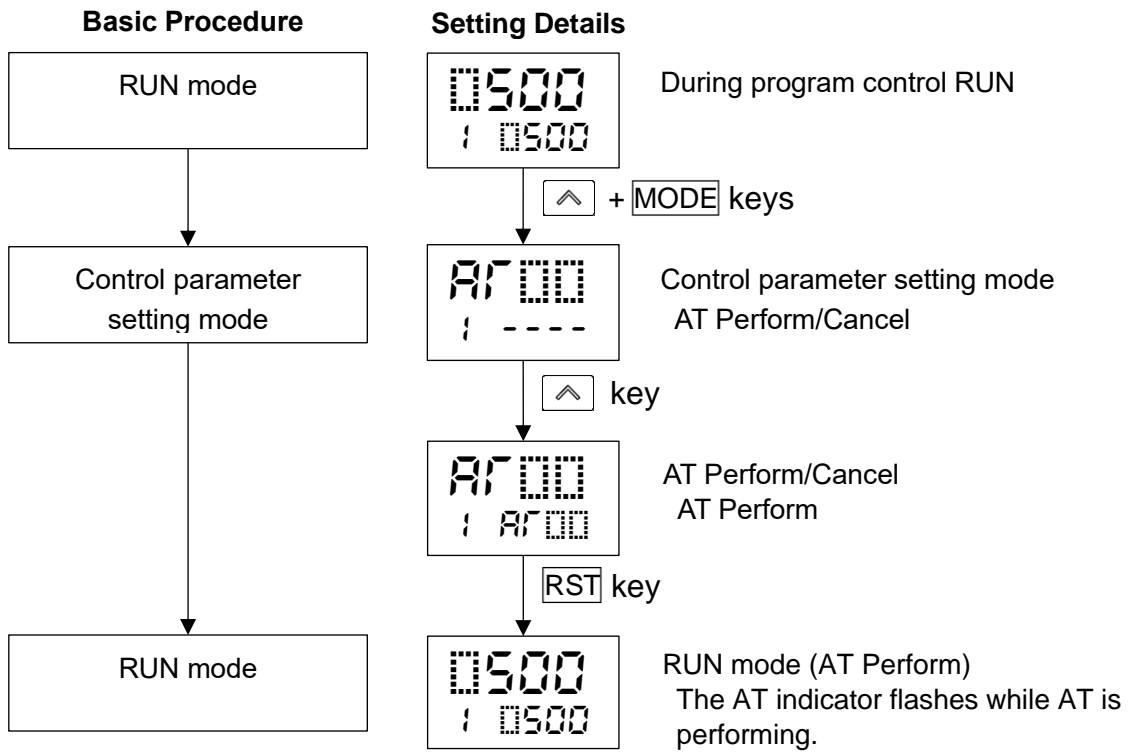
9.5 Input Value Correction

Input value can be corrected in [Sensor correction coefficient] and [Sensor correction] in Engineering setting mode 1.

In [Sensor correction coefficient], set the slope of temperature change.

In [Sensor correction], set the difference between temperatures before correction and after correction.

PV after input correction is expressed by the following formula.

PV after input correction = Current PV x Sensor correction coefficient + (Sensor correction value)

The following shows an example of input value correction using 'Sensor correction coefficient' and 'Sensor correction value'.
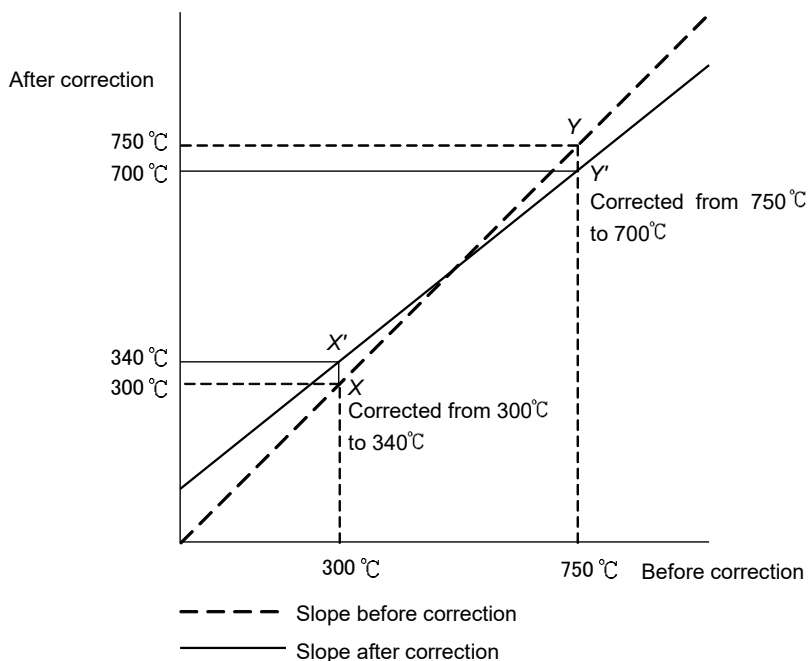
(Fig. 9.5-1)

(1) Select any 2 points of PV to be corrected, and determine the PV after correction.
    PV before correction: 300℃ →   PV after correction: 340℃
    PV before correction: 750℃ →   PV after correction: 700℃

(2) Calculate Sensor correction coefficient from Step (1).
    $(Y' - X') / (Y - X) = (700 - 340) / (750 - 300) = 0.8$

(3) Enter a PV value of 300℃ using an mV generator or dial resistor.

(4) Set Step (2) value as a Sensor correction coefficient.

(5) Read the PV.
    240℃ will be indicated.

(6) Calculate the sensor correction value.
    Calculate the difference between 'PV after correction' and Step (5) PV.
    340℃ − 240℃ = 100℃

(7) Set Step (6) value as a Sensor correction value.

(8) Enter an electromotive force or resistance value equivalent to 750℃
    using an mV generator or dial resistor.

(9) Read the PV, and confirm that 700℃ is indicated.

(Example) Setting Sensor correction coefficient to 0.800, and Sensor correction to 100.0℃

Basic procedure	Setting details	
RUN mode	⬚500 1 ⬚500	RUN mode During program control RUN
	↓ ∨ + MODE keys (3 sec)	
Engineering setting mode 1	Lock ⬚ ----	Engineering setting mode 1 Set value lock
	↓ MODE key (2 times)	
	Sot⬚ ⬚ 1000	Sensor correction coefficient
	↓ ∧ or ∨ key	
	Sot⬚ ⬚ 0800	Sensor correction coefficient Set to 0.800.
	↓ MODE key	
	So⬚⬚ ⬚ ⬚⬚0.0	Sensor correction
	↓ ∧ or ∨ key	
	So⬚⬚ ⬚ 100.0	Sensor correction Set to 100.0℃.
	↓ RST key	
RUN mode	⬚500 1 ⬚500	RUN mode During program control RUN

9.6 Items to be Initialized by Changing Settings

If settings are changed, the following items will be initialized.

● : Initialized

x: Not initialized

Setting item to be changed / Item to be initialized	Input Type	Event output EV1 allocation	Event output EV2 allocation	Event output EV3 allocation	Transmission output
Loop break alarm time	●	x	x	x	x
Loop break alarm band	●	x	x	x	x
Sensor correction coefficient	●	x	x	x	x
Sensor correction	●	x	x	x	x
SVTC bias	●	x	x	x	x
Scaling high limit	●	x	x	x	x
Scaling low limit	●	x	x	x	x
EV1 alarm value 0 Enabled/Disabled	x	●	x	x	x
EV1 alarm hysteresis	x	●	x	x	x
EV1 alarm delay time	x	●	x	x	x
EV1 alarm Energized/De-energized	x	●	x	x	x
EV2 alarm value 0 Enabled/Disabled	x	x	●	x	x
EV2 alarm hysteresis	x	x	●	x	x
EV2 alarm delay time	x	x	●	x	x
EV2 alarm Energized/De-energized	x	x	●	x	x
EV3 alarm value 0 Enabled/Disabled	x	x	x	●	x
EV3 alarm hysteresis	x	x	x	●	x
EV3 alarm delay time	x	x	x	●	x
EV3 alarm Energized/De-energized	x	x	x	●	x
Transmission output high limit *	●	x	x	x	●
Transmission output low limit *	●	x	x	x	●
Step SV when program control starts	●	x	x	x	x
AT bias	●	x	x	x	x

* When PV transmission or SV transmission is selected, and if input type is changed, these setting items will be initialized.

10. Action Explanation

10.1 OUT1 Action

Action	Reverse (Heating) Action	Direct (Cooling) Action
Control action	P-band, ON, OFF, SV	P-band, ON, OFF, SV
Relay contact output	⑮ ⑯ ⑮ ⑯ ⑮ ⑯ — Cycle action is performed according to deviation.	⑮ ⑯ ⑮ ⑯ ⑮ ⑯ — Cycle action is performed according to deviation.
Non-contact voltage output	+ ⑮ 12 V DC − ⑯ / + ⑮ 12/0 V DC − ⑯ / + ⑮ 0 V DC − ⑯ — Cycle action is performed according to deviation.	+ ⑮ 0 V DC − ⑯ / + ⑮ 0/12 V DC − ⑯ / + ⑮ 12 V DC − ⑯ — Cycle action is performed according to deviation.
Direct current output	+ ⑮ 20 mA DC − ⑯ / + ⑮ 20 to 4 mA DC − ⑯ / + ⑮ 4 mA DC − ⑯ — Changes continuously according to deviation.	+ ⑮ 4 mA DC − ⑯ / + ⑮ 4 to 20 mA DC − ⑯ / + ⑮ 20 mA DC − ⑯ — Changes continuously according to deviation.
Indicator (OUT) Green	Lit ... Unlit	Unlit ... Lit

▨ : Turns ON (lit) or OFF (unlit).

10.2 OUT1 ON/OFF Control Action

Action	Reverse (Heating) Action	Direct (Cooling) Action
Control action	Hysteresis, ON, OFF, SV	Hysteresis, ON, OFF, SV
Relay contact output	⑮ ⑯ / ⑮ ⑯	⑮ ⑯ / ⑮ ⑯
Non-contact voltage output	+ ⑮ 12 V DC − ⑯ / + ⑮ 0 V DC − ⑯	+ ⑮ 0 V DC − ⑯ / + ⑮ 12 V DC − ⑯
Direct current output	+ ⑮ 20 mA DC − ⑯ / + ⑮ 4 mA DC − ⑯	+ ⑮ 4 mA DC − ⑯ / + ⑮ 20 mA DC − ⑯
Indicator (OUT) Green	Lit ... Unlit	Unlit ... Lit

▨ : Turns ON (lit) or OFF (unlit).

10.3 Heater Burnout Alarm Action

Heater burnout alarm	ON ──────┐
	OFF - - - - - - - - - └──────
	    Heater burnout alarm value
	Small ◄──────────────► Large
	      Load current

Output
 	
Indicator
	⑰─○
	    ○
	⑱─○ ⑰─○
	           ○ |
	         ⑱─○
	  Lit Unlit
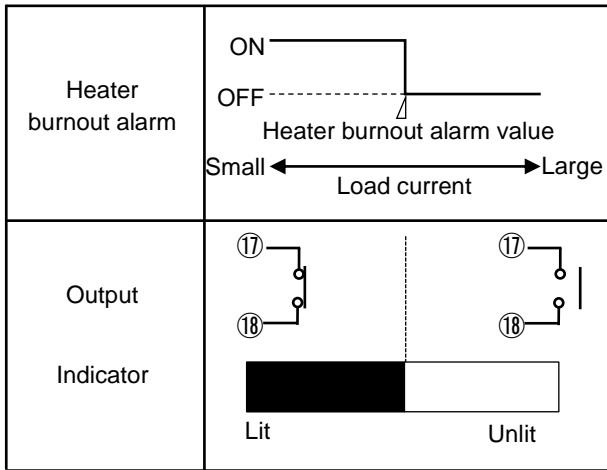
Event output EV1 terminal numbers: 17, 18

Event output EV2 terminal numbers: 19, 20

Event output EV3 terminal numbers: 6, 7

10.4 Alarm Action

	High limit alarm	Low limit alarm
Alarm action	EV1 hysteresis ON OFF -EV1 value SV +EV1 value	EV1 hysteresis ON OFF -EV1 value SV +EV1 value
Alarm output	+ side - side	+ side - side
	High/Low limits alarm	High/Low limits independent alarm
Alarm action	EV1 hysteresis ON OFF EV1 value SV EV1 value	EV1 hysteresis ON OFF EV1 low limit value SV EV1 high limit value
Alarm output		
	High/Low limit range alarm	High/Low limit range independent
Alarm action	EV1 hysteresis ON OFF EV1 value SV EV1 value	EV1 hysteresis ON OFF EV1 low limit value SV EV1 high limit value
Alarm output		
	Process high alarm	Process low alarm
Alarm action	EV1 hysteresis ON OFF EV1 value	EV1 hysteresis ON OFF EV1 value
Alarm output		

	High limit with standby	Low limit with standby alarm
Alarm action	EV1 hysteresis ON OFF -EV1 value SV +EV1 value	EV1 hysteresis ON OFF -EV1 value SV +EV1 value
Alarm output	+ side - side	+ side - side

	High/Low limits with standby alarm	High/Low limits with standby independent
Alarm action	EV1 hysteresis ON OFF EV1 value SV EV1 value	EV1 hysteresis ON OFF EV1 low limit value SV EV1 high limit value
Alarm output		

■ : Event output EV1 terminals 17, 18: ON

▨ : Event output EV1 terminals 17, 18: ON or OFF

□ : Event output EV1 terminals 17, 18: OFF

▨(hatched) : Alarm output is in standby.

- EV1 value, EV1 high limit value, and EV1 hysteresis represent EV1 alarm value, EV1 high limit alarm value and EV1 alarm hysteresis respectively.
  EV1 will be substituted by EV2 or EV3.

- EV1 indicator lights up when Event output EV1 terminals 17 and 18 are ON, and turns off when their output terminals 17 and 18 are OFF.

  EV2 indicator lights up when Event output EV2 terminals 19 and 20 are ON, and turns off when their output terminals 19 and 20 are OFF.

  EV3 indicator lights up when Event output EV3 terminals 6 and 7 are ON, and turns off when their output terminals 6 and 7 are OFF.

10.5 OUT2 (Heating/Cooling Control) Action

	Heating P-band	(Cooling P-band)	
Control action	ON — Heating control / OFF - - -	SV ▽	ON (Cooling control) / OFF —
Relay contact output (OUT1)	⑮ ⑯ (closed)	⑮ ⑯ Cycle action is performed according to deviation.	⑮ ⑯ (open)	
Non-contact voltage output (OUT1)	+ ⑮ 12 V DC − ⑯	+ ⑮ 12/0 V DC − ⑯ Cycle action is performed according to deviation.	+ ⑮ 0 V DC − ⑯	
Direct current output (OUT1)	+ ⑮ 20 mA DC − ⑯	+ ⑮ 20 to 4 mA DC − ⑯ Changes continuously according to deviation.	+ ⑮ 4 mA DC − ⑯	
Relay contact output (OUT2)		⑲ ⑳ (open)	⑲ ⑳ Cycle action is performed according to deviatio.	⑲ ⑳ (closed)
Non-contact voltage output (OUT2)		+ ⑲ 0 V DC − ⑳	⑲ 0/12 V DC ⑳ Cycle action is performed according to deviatio.	⑲ 12 V DC ⑳
Direct current output (OUT2)		+ ⑲ 4 mA DC − ⑳	+ ⑲ 4 to 20 mA DC − ⑳ Changes continuously according to deviation.	+ ⑲ 20 mA DC − ⑳
Indicator (OUT)	Lit	▨▨▨	Unlit
Indicator (EV2)	Unlit	▨▨▨	Lit

▨▨▨ : Turns ON (lit) or OFF (unlit).

——— : Represents Heating control action.

- - - - - : Represents Cooling control action.

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10.6   OUT2 (Heating/Cooling Control) Action (When Setting Dead Band)

	Heating P-band	Dead band	(Cooling P-band)
Control action	ON — Heating control — OFF	SV	ON (Cooling control) — OFF
Relay contact output (OUT1)	⑮ ⑯ (closed)	⑮ ⑯ Cycle action is performed according to deviation.	⑮ ⑯ (open)
Non-contact voltage output (OUT1)	+ ⑮ 12 V DC − ⑯	+ ⑮ 12/0 V DC − ⑯ Cycle action is performed according to deviation.	+ ⑮ 0 V DC − ⑯
Direct current output (OUT1)	+ ⑮ 20 mA DC − ⑯	+ ⑮ 20 to 4 mA DC − ⑯ Changes continuously according to deviation.	+ ⑮ 4 mA DC − ⑯
Relay contact output (OUT2)		⑲ ⑳ (open)	⑲ ⑳ Cycle action is performed according to deviation.	⑲ ⑳ (closed)
Non-contact voltage output (OUT2)		+ ⑲ 0 V DC − ⑳	+ ⑲ 0/12 V DC − ⑳ Cycle action is performed according to deviation.	+ ⑲ 12 V DC − ⑳
Direct current output (OUT2)		+ ⑲ 4 mA DC − ⑳	+ ⑲ 4 to 20 mA DC − ⑳ Changes continuously according to deviation.	+ ⑲ 20 mA DC − ⑳
Indicator (OUT)	Lit (black)	Turns ON/OFF	Unlit
Indicator (EV2)	Unlit	Turns ON/OFF	Lit (black)

▨ : Turns ON (lit) or OFF (unlit).

—— : Represents Heating control action.

- - - - : Represents Cooling control action.

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10.7 OUT2 (Heating/Cooling control) Action (When Setting Overlap band)

Control action	ON Heating control — Heating P-band — (Cooling P-band) — Overlap band — ON (Cooling control) / OFF — SV — OFF
Relay contact output (OUT1)	⑮ ⑯ / ⑮ ⑯ / ⑮ ⑯ — Cycle action is performed according to deviation.
Non-contact voltage output (OUT1)	+⑮ 12 V DC −⑯ / +⑮ 12/0 V DC −⑯ / +⑮ 0 V DC −⑯ — Cycle action is performed according to deviation.
Direct current output (OUT1)	+⑮ 20 mA DC −⑯ / +⑮ 20 to 4 mA DC −⑯ / +⑮ 4 mA DC −⑯ — Changes continuously according to deviation.
Relay contact output (OUT2)	⑲ ⑳ / ⑲ ⑳ / ⑲ ⑳ — Cycle action is performed according to deviation.
Non-contact voltage output (OUT2)	+⑲ 0 V DC −⑳ / +⑲ 0/12 V DC −⑳ / +⑲ 12 V DC −⑳ — Cycle action is performed according to deviation.
Direct current output (OUT2)	+⑲ 4 mA DC −⑳ / +⑲ 4 to 20 mA DC −⑳ / +⑲ 20 mA DC −⑳ — Changes continuously according to deviation.
Indicator (OUT)	Lit ▨▨▨ Unlit
Indicator (EV2)	Unlit ▨▨▨ Lit

▨ : Turns ON (lit) or OFF (unlit).

—— : Represents Heating control action.

- - - - : Represents Cooling control action.

11. Specifications

11.1 Standard Specifications

Rating

Rated scale	Input	Input Range		Resolution
	K	-200 to 1370 ℃	-328 to 2498 ℉	1 ℃(℉)
		-200.0 to 400.0 ℃	-328.0 to 752.0 ℉	0.1 ℃(℉)
	J	-200 to 1000 ℃	-328 to 1832 ℉	1 ℃(℉)
	R	0 to 1760 ℃	32 to 3200 ℉	1 ℃(℉)
	S	0 to 1760 ℃	32 to 3200 ℉	1 ℃(℉)
	B	0 to 1820 ℃	32 to 3308 ℉	1 ℃(℉)
	E	-200 to 800 ℃	-328 to 1472 ℉	1 ℃(℉)
	T	-200.0 to 400.0 ℃	-328.0 to 752.0 ℉	0.1 ℃(℉)
	N	-200 to 1300 ℃	-328 to 2372 ℉	1 ℃(℉)
	PL-Ⅱ	0 to 1390 ℃	32 to 2534 ℉	1 ℃(℉)
	C(W/Re5-26)	0 to 2315 ℃	32 to 4199 ℉	1 ℃(℉)
	Pt100	-200.0 to 850.0 ℃	-328.0 to 1562.0 ℉	0.1 ℃(℉)
		-200 to 850 ℃	-328 to 1562 ℉	1 ℃(℉)
	JPt100	-200.0 to 500.0 ℃	-328.0 to 932.0 ℉	0.1 ℃(℉)
		-200 to 500 ℃	-328 to 932 ℉	1 ℃(℉)
	4 – 20 mA	-2000 to 10000 (*)		1
	0 – 20 mA	-2000 to 10000 (*)		1
	0 – 1 V	-2000 to 10000 (*)		1
	0 – 5 V	-2000 to 10000 (*)		1
	1 – 5 V	-2000 to 10000 (*)		1
	0 – 10 V	-2000 to 10000 (*)		1
	(*) Scaling and decimal point place selection are possible.			

Input

Input	Thermocouple	K, J, R, S, B, E, T, N, PL-Ⅱ, C(W/Re5-26)
		  External resistance: 100 Ω max.
		  However, for B input, External resistance: 40 Ω max.

	RTD	Pt100, JPt100 3-wire type Allowable input lead wire resistance: 10 Ω max. per wire

	Direct current	0 to 20 mA DC, 4 to 20 mA DC
		  Input impedance: 50 Ω
		  Allowable input current: 50 mA DC max.

	DC voltage	0 – 1 V DC
		  Input impedance: 1 MΩ minimum
		  Allowable input voltage: 5 V DC max.
		  Allowable signal source resistance: 2 kΩ max.
		0 – 5 V DC, 1 – 5 V DC, 0 – 10 V DC
		  Input impedance: 100 kΩ minimum
		  Allowable input voltage: 15 V DC max.
		  Allowable signal source resistance: 100 Ω max.

Event input (C5W, EIW, EIT, C5, EI options)		
	Input point	2 points
	Circuit current when closed	Approx. 16 mA
	Action	Edge action When the power is turned ON, level action is engaged.

Output

Control output OUT1	Relay contact 1a	Control capacity: 3 A 250 V AC (resistive load) 1 A 250 V AC (inductive load cos ϕ =0.4) Electrical life: 100,000 cycles Minimum applicable load: 10 mA 5 V DC
	Non-contact voltage (for SSR drive)	12 V DC±15% Max. 40 mA (short circuit protected)
	Direct current	4 - 20 mA DC (Resolution: 12000) Load resistance: Max. 550 Ω
Event output EV1		
	Relay contact 1a	Control capacity: 3 A 250 V AC (resistive load) 1 A 250 V AC (inductive load cosϕ=0.4) Electrical life: 100,000 cycles Minimum applicable load: 10 mA 5 V DC
Event output EV2 [EV2, EV3(DR) options]		
	Relay contact 1a	Control capacity: 3 A 250 V AC (resistive load) 1 A 250 V AC (inductive load cosϕ=0.4) Electrical life: 100,000 cycles Minimum applicable load: 10 mA 5 V DC
Event output EV3 (EV3D□, EI options)		
	Relay contact 1a	Control capacity: 3 A 250 V AC (resistive load) 1 A 250 V AC (inductive load cosϕ=0.4) Electrical life: 100,000 cycles Minimum applicable load: 10 mA 5 V DC
Control output OUT2 (EV2, EV3D□ options)		
	Relay contact 1a [EV2, EV3(DR) options]	Control capacity: 3 A 250 V AC (resistive load) 1 A 250 V AC (inductive load cosϕ=0.4) Electrical life: 100,000 cycles Minimum applicable load: 10 mA 5 V DC
	Non-contact voltage (for SSR drive) (DS, EV3DS options)	12 V DC±15 % Max. 40 mA (short circuit protected)
	Direct current (DA, EV3DA options)	4 – 20 mA DC (Resolution: 12000) Load resistance: Max. 550 Ω
Transmission output (EIT option)		
	Resolution	12000
	Output	4 – 20 mA DC (Load resistance: Max. 550 Ω)
	Output accuracy	Within ±0.3% of Transmission output span
	Response time	400 ms + Input sampling period (0%→90%)
Insulated power output (P24 option)		
	Output voltage	24±3 V DC (when load current is 30 mA DC)
	Ripple voltage	Within 200 mV DC (when load current is 30 mA DC)
	Max. load current	30 mA DC

Power

Power supply	Model	PCB1□00-□□	PCB1□10-□□
	Power supply	100 – 240 V AC, 50/60 Hz	24 V AC/DC, 50/60 Hz
	Allowable fluctuation range	85 – 264 V AC	20 – 28 V AC/DC

Power consumption	Power supply	Power consumption	
	100 – 240 V AC	Approx. 8 VA max. (When the maximum number of options are ordered: Approx. 11 VA max.)	
	24 V AC	Approx. 5 VA max. (When the maximum number of options are ordered: Approx. 8 VA max.)	
	24 V DC	Approx. 5 W max. (When the maximum number of options are ordered: Approx. 8 W max.)	

Inrush current	Power supply	Inrush current	
	100 – 240 V AC	Max. 14 to 34 A	
	24 V AC	Max. 34 A	
	24 V DC	Max. 34 A	

Circuit insulation configuration	When C5W or C5 option is ordered:
	(Fig. 11.1-1) When OUT1 and OUT2 are a non-contact voltage output or direct current output, OUT1 is not electrically insulated from OUT2. Insulation resistance: 10 MΩ minimum, at 500 V DC
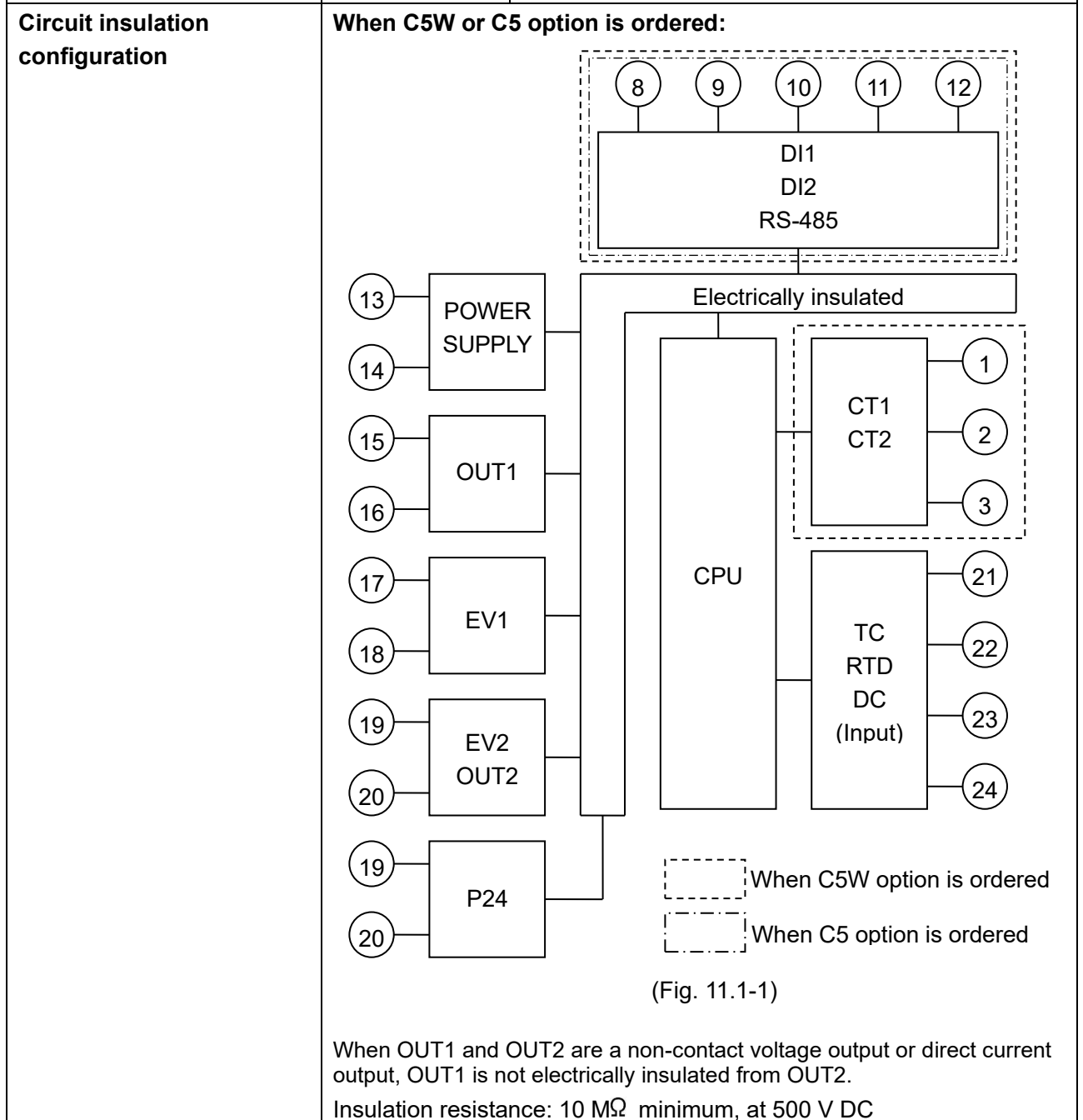
When EIW or W option is ordered:
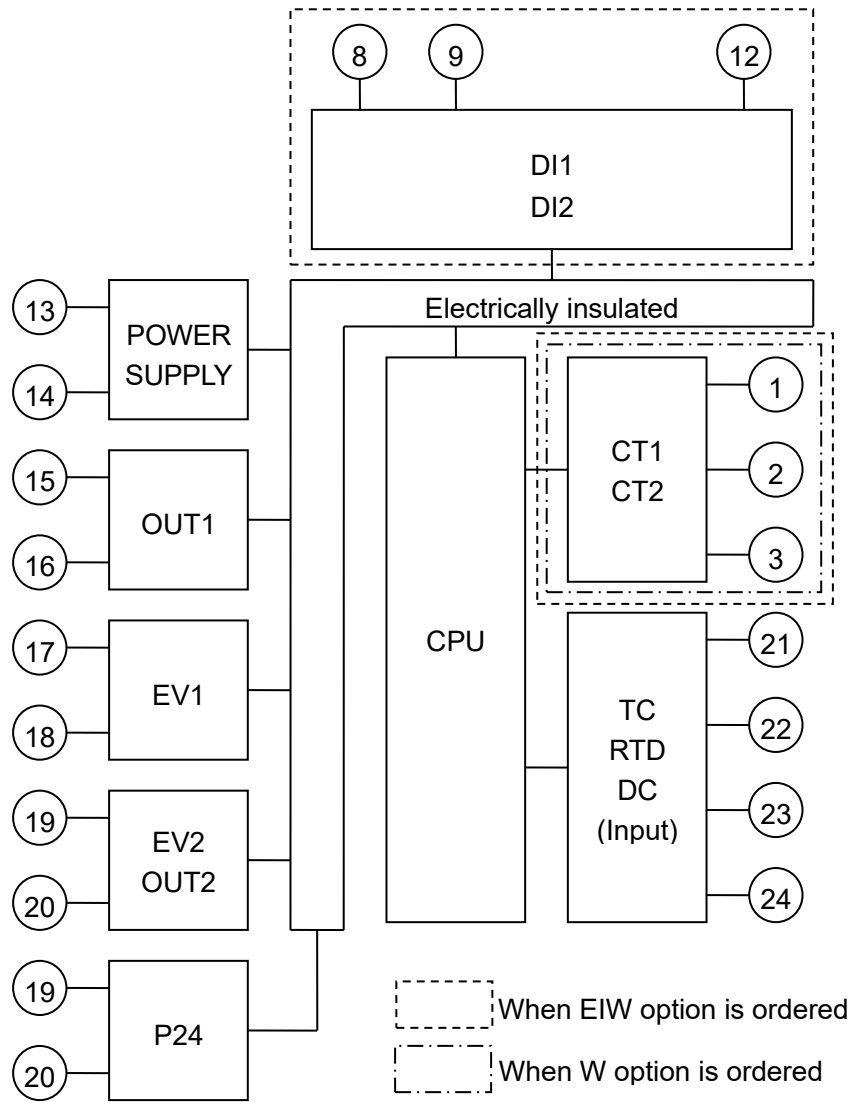
(Fig. 11.1-2)

When OUT1 and OUT2 are a non-contact voltage output or direct current output, OUT1 is not electrically insulated from OUT2.

Insulation resistance: 10 MΩ minimum, at 500 V DC

When EIT or EI option is ordered:

⑧	⑨		⑫	⑥ ⑦

```
DI1
DI2                          TA
                             or
                             EV3
```

⑬ POWER
⑭ SUPPLY   Electrically insulated

⑮ OUT1
⑯

⑰ EV1   CPU
⑱

⑲ EV2   TC   ㉑
⑳ OUT2   RTD   ㉒
                         DC   ㉓
⑲ P24   (Input) ㉔
⑳

TA: When EIT option is ordered.
EV3: When EI option is ordered.
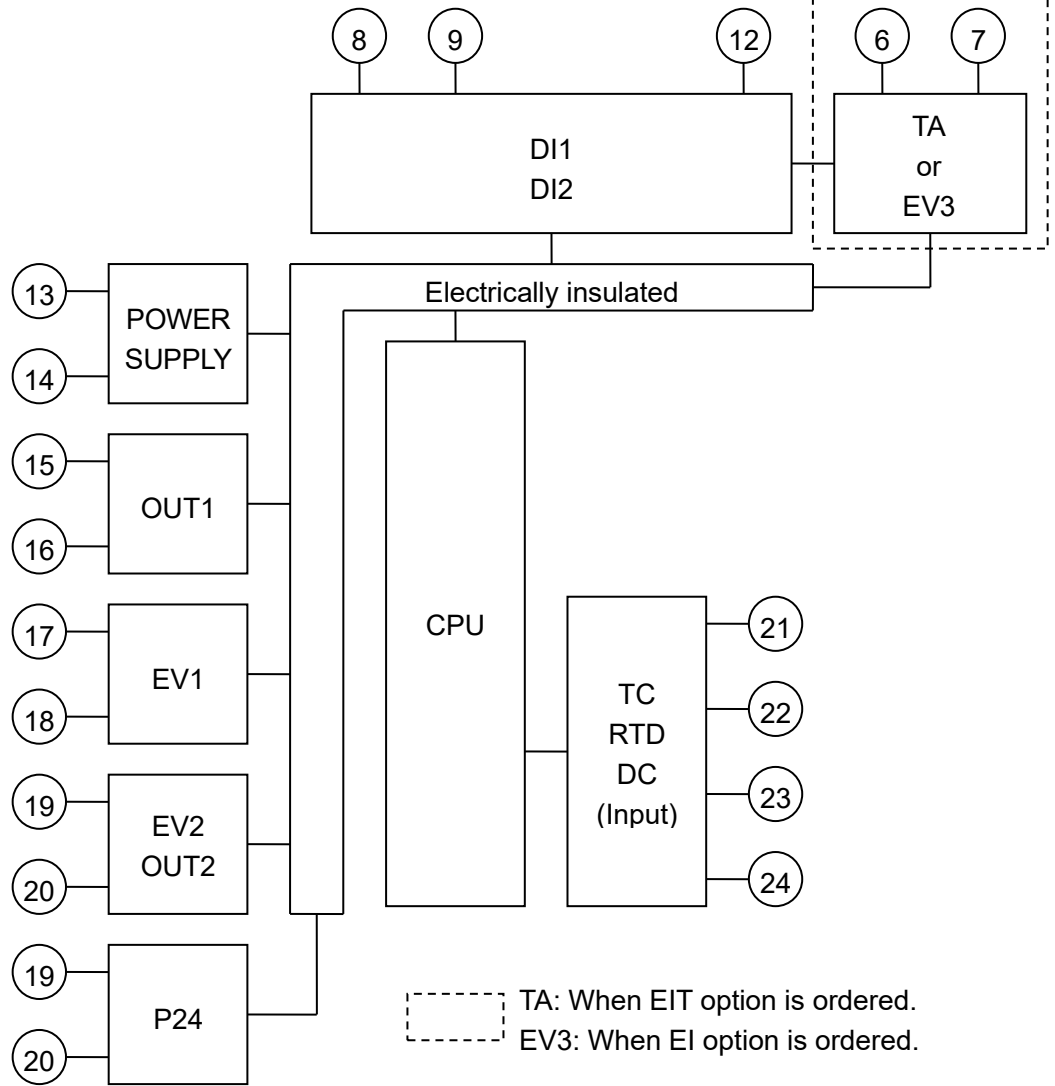
(Fig. 11.1-3)

When OUT1 and OUT2 are a non-contact voltage output or direct current output, OUT1 is not electrically insulated from OUT2.

Insulation resistance: 10 MΩ minimum, at 500 V DC

Dielectric strength	Between input terminal and power terminal: 1.5 kV AC for 1 minute
	Between output terminal and power terminal: 1.5 kV AC for 1 minute
	Between output terminal (P24) and power terminal: 500 V AC for 1 minute

Recommended Environment

Ambient temperature	-10 to 55℃ (However, non-condensing or no icing)
Ambient humidity	35 to 85 %RH (However, non-condensing)
Environmental specification	RoHS directive compliant
Altitude	2,000 m or less

Performance

Base accuracy		At ambient temperature 23℃ (for a single unit mounting)
	Thermocouple	Within ±0.2% of each input span±1 digit However, R, S inputs, 0 to 200℃ (32 to 392℉): Within ±6℃ (12℉) B input, 0 to 300℃ (32 to 572℉): Accuracy is not guaranteed. K, J, E, T, N inputs, Less than 0℃ (32℉): Within±0.4% of input span ±1 digit
	RTD	Within ±0.1% of each input span±1 digit
	Direct current DC voltage	Within ±0.2% of each input span±1 digit
Effect of ambient temperature		Within 50 ppm/℃ of each input span
Input sampling period		125 ms
Time indication accuracy		Within ±0.5% of setting time
Setting resolution	**Temperature**	Thermocouple, RTD input without decimal point: 1℃ (℉) Thermocouple, RTD input with decimal point: 0.1℃ (℉) DC voltage, current input: 1
	Time	1 minute or 1 second

General Structure

Weight		Approx. 220 g
External dimensions		96 x 96 x 68 (W x H x D) (Depth of control panel interior: 60 mm)
Mounting		Flush (Applicable panel thickness: 1 to 7 mm)
Case		Flame-resistant resin, Color: Black
Front panel		Membrane sheet
Drip-proof/Dust-proof		IP66 for front panel only
Display	**PV Display**	In RUN mode, indicates process variable (PV). In setting mode, indicates setting characters. Flashes during Wait action or program control HOLD in program control. 7-segments Red LED display 4.5 digits Character size: 24.0 x 11.0 mm (H x W)
	SV Display	In RUN mode, indicates desired value (SV), Output manipulated variable (MV), or Remaining time (TIME). Retains display indication at power OFF. In setting mode, indicates the set values. 7-segments Green LED display 4.5 digits Character size:14.0 x 7.0 mm (H x W)

	PTN/STEP Display	Indicates the pattern number or step number. Each time the DISP key is pressed, the PTN/STEP Display and the PTN/STEP indicator alternately indicate the pattern number and step number. Flashes during Wait action, or when the step number is indicated. If 'SV digital reception' is selected in [Communication protocol], ⌐ is indicated. 7-segments Orange LED display 1.5-digits Character size:14.0 x 7.0 mm (H x W)
Indicator	**PTN indicator**	Lights up when the pattern number is indicated on the PTN/STEP Display. Orange LED
	STEP indicator	Lights up when the step number is indicated on the PTN/STEP Display. Orange LED
	PTN/STEP indicator	LED for the pattern number or step number lights up. Each time the DISP key is pressed, the PTN/STEP indicator and the PTN/STEP Display alternately indicate the pattern number and step number. Green LED 12 pieces (PTN, STEP, 1 to 10)
Action indicator	**OUT (Green)**	Lights up when control output OUT1 is ON. Lights up when Heating output [DS, DA, EV2 (if ⌷020 is selected in Event output EV2 allocation), EV3D☐ options] is ON. For direct current output type, flashes corresponding to the MV in 125 ms cycles.
	RUN (Orange)	Lights up during program control RUN. Flashes during program control HOLD or Fixed value control.
	EV1 (Red)	Lights up when Event output EV1 is ON.
	EV2 (Red)	Lights up when Event output EV2 [(EV2, EV3(DR) options] is ON. Lights up when control output OUT2 [Cooling output: DS, DA, EV2 (if ⌷020 is selected in Event output EV2 allocation), EV3D☐ options] is ON. For direct current output type (DA, EV3DA options), flashes corresponding to the MV in 125 ms cycles.
	EV3 (Red)	Lights up when Event output EV3 (EV3D☐, EI options) is ON.
	AT (Orange)	Flashes while AT is performing.
	T/R (Orange)	Lights up during Serial communication (C5W, C5 options) TX (transmitting) output.

Setting Structure

Function key			
	⋀	**UP key**	In setting mode, increases the numerical value. By pressing for approx. 1 second during program control RUN, time progress pauses, and program control HOLD function initiates.
	⋁	**DOWN key**	In setting mode, decreases the numerical value.
	FAST	**FAST key**	In setting mode, makes the numeric value change faster. During program control RUN, makes step time progress 60 times faster.
	RST	**RESET key**	In setting mode, registers the setting data, and moves to RUN mode.
	MODE	**MODE key**	In setting mode, registers the setting data, and moves to the next setting item.
	PTN	**PATTERN key**	During program control STOP (in Standby), selects a program pattern number to perform or to set. By pressing this key during program control RUN, the unit moves to Monitor mode. In Monitor mode, switches the indication item.
	DISP	**Display key**	During RUN mode, the PTN/STEP Display and PTN/STEP indicator alternately indicates the pattern number and step number. In setting mode, registers the setting data, and moves back to the previous mode.
	RUN	**RUN key**	Performs program control, or cancels program control HOLD function while program control is held. By pressing for approx. 1 second during program control RUN, stops performing step, and proceeds to the next step (Advance function initiates.).
	STOP	**STOP key**	Stops program control by pressing for approx. 1 second during program control RUN, or cancels pattern end output.

Program Performance

Number of patterns	10 patterns (Linkable)
Number of steps	100 (10 steps/pattern)
Number of repetitions	0 to 10000 times (Repetitions disabled when set to 0)
Program time range	0 to 99 hours 59 minutes/step, or 0 to 99 minutes 59 seconds/step (When – – – – is set: Fixed value control is performed using step SV.)
Wait value	Thermocouple, RTD inputs: 0 to 20% of input span DC voltage, current input: 0 to 20% of scaling span (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.) (The Wait function is disabled when set to 0 or 0.0.)

Control Performance

Control action	• PID control action (with AT function) • PI control action (When derivative time is set to 0.) • PD control action (When integral time is set to 0.) • P control action (When integral and derivative time are set to 0.) • ON/OFF control action (When proportional band is set to 0 or 0.0.)	
	OUT1 proportional band (P)	Thermocouple, RTD inputs without decimal point: 　0 to Input span℃（℉） Thermocouple, RTD inputs with decimal point: 　0.0 to Input span℃（℉） DC voltage, current inputs: 　0.0 to 1000.0% (ON/OFF control action when set to 0 or 0.0.)
	Integral time (I)	0 to 3600 seconds (Setting the value to 0 disables the function.)
	Derivative time (D)	0 to 1800 seconds (Setting the value to 0 disables the function.)
	OUT1 proportional cycle	0.5,　1 to 120 seconds
	ARW	0 to 100%
	OUT1 ON/OFF hysteresis	0.1 to 1000.0℃（℉） DC voltage, current inputs: 　1 to 10000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)
	OUT1 high limit, OUT1 low limit	0 to 100% (Direct current output: -5 to 105%)

Standard Function

Wait function	During program control, the program does not proceed to the next step until the deviation between PV and SV enters SV±Wait value at the end of step. The PV Display and PTN/STEP Display flash while the Wait function is working.
Program control HOLD function	During program control RUN, progress of current step can be suspended. During program control RUN, if the ⌃ key is pressed for approx. 1 second, the program control HOLD function is enabled. While the program control HOLD function is working, the PV Display and RUN indicator flash. Pressing the RUN key cancels suspension, and program control resumes.
Advance function	Interrupts current step during program control RUN, and proceeds to the beginning of the next step. During program control RUN, if the RUN key is pressed for approx. 1 second, the Advance function is enabled.
Pattern link and repetitions function	Patterns 1 to 10 can be linked to the next pattern (of each pattern). For Pattern 10, Pattern 1 can be linked. Number of repetitions for Patterns 1 to 10: 0 to 10000 times. For repetitions of linked patterns, the whole linked pattern will be repeated as many times as set for the former pattern.
Step SV when program control starts	Program control starts from the step SV set in [Step SV when program control starts].

Program control start type	Selects program control start type.
	
	PV start:
	  Only when program control starts, the step SV is advanced to the PV, then program control starts.
	PVR start:
	  When program control starts and in pattern repeating, the step SV is advanced to the PV, then program control starts.
	SV start:
	  Program control starts from the step SV which has been set in [Step SV when program control starts].

Power restore action	If power fails during program control RUN, the controller can be operated depending on the selection in [Power restore action].
	
	Stops after power is restored:
	  Stops current program control, and returns to program control STOP (in Standby).
	Continues after power is restored:
	  Continues (Resumes) previous program control after power is restored.
	Suspends after power is restored:
	  Suspends (on hold) current program control, and performs Fixed value control using the step SV at the time of suspension.
	  Pressing the RUN key cancels suspension, and program control resumes.
	Progressing time error when power is restored: 1 minute or 1 second

Step time speed-up function	During program control RUN, makes step time progress 60 times faster while the FAST key is pressed. If the Wait function is set, the Wait function has priority.
Event output EV1	Output turns ON or OFF, depending on Event conditions selected in [Event output EV1 allocation]: Alarm output, Heater burnout alarm output, Loop break alarm output, Time signal output, Output during AT, Pattern end output, Output by communication command, RUN output

Alarm action	Selects any alarm action in [Event output EV☐ allocation] from the following:
	  High limit alarm, Low limit alarm, High/Low limits alarm, High/Low limits independent alarm, High/Low limit range alarm,
	  High/Low limit range independent alarm, Process high alarm, Process low alarm, High limit with standby alarm, Low limit with standby alarm, High/Low limits with standby alarm, High/Low limits with standby independent alarm
	Alarm Energized/De-energized action are applied to the above alarms, totaling 24 alarm types. No alarm action can also be selected.

Set value	Factory default value: 0
Action	ON/OFF action
Alarm hysteresis	0.1 to 1000.0℃ (℉) DC voltage, current inputs: 1 to 10000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)
Output	EV☐ output for which Alarm output (001 to 012) is selected in [Event output EV☐ allocation].

Loop break alarm		When Loop break alarm is selected in [Event output EV☐ allocation], detects actuator trouble (heater burnout, heater adhesion) or sensor burnout.
	Loop break alarm time	0 to 200 minutes
	Loop break alarm band	Thermocouple, RTD inputs without decimal point: 0 to 150℃ (℉) Thermocouple, RTD inputs with decimal point: 0.0 to 150.0℃ (℉) DC voltage, current inputs: 0 to 1500 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)
	Output	EV☐ output for which Loop break alarm output is selected in [Event output EV☐ allocation].
Time signal output		When Time signal output is selected in [Event output EV☐ allocation], Time signal output activates during Time signal output ON time within one pattern total time. Time signal output ON time follows Time signal output OFF time after the program control starts. During Wait action or program control HOLD, progress time of Time signal output stops. When step time is changed during program control RUN, Time signal output timing is re-calculated using the pattern time after change.
Output during AT		When 'Output during AT' is selected in [Event output EV☐ allocation], turns ON during AT.
Pattern end output		When Pattern end output is selected in [Event output EV☐ allocation], Pattern end output is turned ON during Pattern end output time after program control is finished, and the SV Display flashes $PEnd$. By pressing the $\boxed{STOP}$ key for approximately 1 second, Pattern end output is turned OFF, and the unit returns to program control STOP (in Standby). If Pattern end output time is set, Pattern end output is automatically turned OFF after Pattern end output time has expired. The unit returns to program control STOP (in Standby).
RUN output		When 'RUN output' is selected in [Event output EV☐ allocation], turns ON during program control RUN.
Data clear function		During program control STOP (in Standby), if the $\boxed{\wedge}$, $\boxed{\vee}$ and $\boxed{STOP}$ keys (in that order) are pressed together for approx. 3 seconds, the PV Display indicates $cLr0$, and the unit enters [Data clear Yes/No]. Select $YES0$ (Data clear Yes), and press the $\boxed{MODE}$ key. The PV Display indicates $init$ for approx. 3 seconds, and all data will return to factory default values.

Attached Functions

Sensor correction coefficient	Sets slope of input value from a sensor.
Sensor correction	Corrects the input value from a sensor.
Set value lock	Locks the set values to prevent setting errors.
Power failure countermeasure	The setting data is backed up in the non-volatile IC memory.
Self-diagnosis	The CPU is monitored by a watchdog timer, and if an abnormal status occurs, the controller is switched to warm-up status, turning all outputs OFF.
Automatic cold junction temperature compensation	Detects the temperature at the connection terminal between the thermocouple and the instrument, and maintains it at the same status as if the reference junction location temperature were at 0℃ (32℉).

Indication range, Control range	Thermocouple input:
	  [Input range low limit value – 50℃ (100℉)] to
	  [Input range high limit value + 50℃ (100℉)]
	RTD input:
	  [Input range low limit value – (Input span x 1%)] to
	  [Input range high limit value + 50℃ (100℉)]
	DC voltage, current inputs:
	  [Scaling low limit value – (Scaling span x 1%)] to
	  [Scaling high limit value + (Scaling span x 10%)]

Input error (Overscale, Underscale)	If input errors (overscale, underscale) occur, the following will be performed depending on the selection in [Error indication].
	If 'Disabled' is selected in [Error indication]:
	  Overscale occurs if PV has exceeded Input range high limit value (Scaling high limit value for DC voltage, current inputs). The PV Display indicates PV.
	  Underscale occurs if PV has dropped below Input range low limit value (Scaling low limit value for DC voltage, current inputs). The PV Display indicates PV.
	
	If 'Enabled' is selected in [Error indication]:
	  Overscale occurs if PV has exceeded Input range high limit value (Scaling high limit value for DC voltage, current inputs). The PV Display indicates the PV and error code $Er05$ alternately.
	  Underscale occurs if PV has dropped below Input range low limit value (Scaling low limit value for DC voltage, current inputs). The PV Display indicates the PV and error code $Er06$ alternately.

Burnout

If burnout occurs, the following will be performed depending on the selection in [Error indication].

If 'Disabled' is selected in [Error indication]:

If PV has exceeded Indication range and Control range, the PV Display flashes ‾ ‾ ‾ ‾. OUT1 and OUT2 are turned OFF (OUT1 low limit value for direct current output, OUT2 low limit value for DA, EV3DA).

If PV has dropped below Indication range and Control range, the PV Display flashes ＿ ＿ ＿ ＿. OUT1 and OUT2 are turned OFF (OUT1 low limit value for direct current output, OUT2 low limit value for DA, EV3DA).

If thermocouple or RTD input is burnt out, or if DC voltage (0 – 1 V DC) input is disconnected, the PV Display flashes ‾ ‾ ‾ ‾.

If the following DC voltage or current input is disconnected:

  4 – 20 mA DC, 1 – 5 V DC inputs: The PV Display flashes ＿ ＿ ＿ ＿.
  0 – 20 mA DC, 0 – 5 V DC, 0 – 10 V DC inputs: The PV Display indicates the value corresponding
                                      with 0 mA DC or 0 V DC input.

If Alarm output, Heater burnout alarm output or Loop break alarm output is selected in [Event output EV☐ allocation], Event output will be turned ON under the alarm active conditions.
Burnout is enabled even in program control STOP (in Standby) status. However, Event output is not turned ON.

[Output status when input errors occur] can be used only for controllers using direct current and voltage inputs, and direct current output.
Output status differs depending on selection in [Output status when input errors occur].

Output status when input errors occur	Contents, Indication	Output Status			
		OUT1		OUT2	
		Direct (Cooling) action	Reverse (Heating) action	Direct (Cooling) action	Reverse (Heating) action
on☐	[‾ ‾ ‾ ‾] flashes.	ON (20 mA) or OUT1 high limit value (*)	OFF (4 mA) or OUT1 low limit value	OFF or OUT2 low limit value	ON or OUT2 high limit value (*)
oFF☐		OFF (4 mA) or OUT1 low limit value			OFF or OUT2 low limit value
on☐	[＿ ＿ ＿ ＿] flashes.	OFF (4 mA) or OUT1 low limit value	ON (20 mA) or OUT1 high limit value (*)	ON or OUT2 high limit value (*)	OFF or OUT2 low limit value
oFF☐			OFF (4 mA) or OUT1 low limit value	OFF or OUT2 low limit value	

  (*) Outputs a value between OFF (4 mA) and ON (20 mA) or between OUT1 (or OUT2) low limit value
      and OUT1 (or OUT2) high limit value, depending on deviation.

If 'Enabled' is selected in [Error indication]:

If PV has exceeded Indication range and Control range, the PV Display indicates ‾ ‾ ‾ ‾ and $Er07$ alternately. OUT1 and OUT2 are turned OFF (OUT1 low limit value for direct current output, OUT2 low limit value for DA, EV3DA).

If PV has dropped below Indication range and Control range, the PV Display indicates ＿ ＿ ＿ ＿ and $Er07$ alternately. OUT1 and OUT2 are turned OFF (OUT1 low limit value for direct current output, OUT2 low limit value for DA, EV3DA).

If thermocouple, RTD or DC voltage (0 to 1 V DC) input is burnt out or disconnected, the PV Display indicates ‾ ‾ ‾ ‾ and $Er07$ alternately.

If the following DC voltage or current input is disconnected:

  4 – 20 mA DC, 1 – 5 V DC inputs: The PV Display indicates ＿ ＿ ＿ ＿ and $Er07$ alternately.
  0 – 20 mA DC, 0 – 5 V DC, 0 – 10 V DC inputs: The PV Display indicates the value corresponding
                                      with 0 mA DC or 0 V DC input.

If Alarm output, Heater burnout alarm output or Loop break alarm output is selected in [Event output EV☐ allocation], Event output will be turned ON under the alarm active conditions.

Burnout is enabled even in program control STOP (in Standby) status. However, Event output is not turned ON.

[Output status when input errors occur] can be used only for controllers using direct current and voltage inputs, and direct current output.

Output status differs depending on selection in [Output status when input errors occur].

Output status when input errors occur	Contents, Indication	Output Status			
		OUT1		OUT2	
		Direct (Cooling) action	Reverse (Heating) action	Direct (Cooling) action	Reverse (Heating) action
on☐	Indicates [‾ ‾ ‾ ‾] and [E-07] alternately.	ON (20 mA) or OUT1 high limit value (*)	OFF (4 mA) or OUT1 low limit value	OFF or OUT2 low limit value	ON or OUT2 high limit value (*)
oFF☐		OFF (4 mA) or OUT1 low limit value			OFF or OUT2 low limit value
on☐	Indicates [_ _ _ _] and [E-07] alternately.	OFF (4 mA) or OUT1 low limit value	ON (20 mA) or OUT1 high limit value (*)	ON or OUT2 high limit value (*)	OFF or OUT2 low limit value
oFF☐			OFF (4 mA) or OUT1 low limit value	OFF or OUT2 low limit value	

(*) Outputs a value between OFF (4 mA) and ON (20 mA) or between OUT1 (or OUT2) low limit value and OUT1 (or OUT2) high limit value, depending on deviation.

Warm-up indication	After the power supply to the instrument is turned on, the PV Display indicates the input type, and SV Display indicates input range high limit value (for thermocouple, RTD inputs) or scaling high limit value (for direct current and voltage inputs) for approximately 3 seconds. Control output is OFF (0 mA for direct current output), and Transmission output is 0 mA.
Console communication	By connecting to the tool cable (CMD-001, sold separately) to the tool cable connector, the following operations can be conducted from an external computer, using the Console software SWC-PCB101M. Console communication and Serial communication (C5W, C5 options) cannot be used together. (1) Reading and writing of step SV, step time, PID and various set values (2) Reading of PV and action status (3) Function change Communication line: TTL level

Other

Accessories included	Mounting brackets: 1 set
	Instruction manual (excerpt): 1 copy
Accessories sold separately	Terminal cover
	CT (Current transformer):
	CTL-6-S-H (For Heater burnout alarm output 20 A)
	CTL-12-S36-10L1U (For Heater burnout alarm output 100 A)
	Tool cable CMD-001

11.2   Optional Specifications

Event output EV2 [EV2, EV3(DR) options]	Output will be turned ON or OFF depending on the Event conditions selected in [Event output EV2 allocation]. One output can be selected from the following: Alarm output, Heater burnout alarm output, Loop break alarm output, Time signal output, Output during AT, Pattern end output, Output by communication command, RUN output, Heating/Cooling control Relay contact output
Heating/Cooling control output [EV2(DR), DS, DA, EV3D□ options]	Performs Heating/Cooling control.
OUT2 proportional band	Thermocouple, RTD inputs without decimal point: 0 to Input span℃（℉） Thermocouple, RTD inputs with decimal point: 0.0 to Input span℃（℉） DC voltage, current inputs: 0.0 to 1000.0% (ON/OFF control when set to 0.0)
Integral time (I)	0 to 3600 seconds (Setting to 0 disables the function.) (Same as OUT1 integral time)
Derivative time (D)	0 to 1800 seconds (Setting to 0 disables the function.) (Same as OUT1 derivative time)
OUT2 proportional cycle	0.5, 1 to 120 seconds

Overlap/Dead band	Thermocouple, RTD inputs:
	    -200.0 to 200.0℃（℉）
	DC voltage, current inputs:
	    -2000 to 2000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)

OUT2 ON/OFF hysteresis	Thermocouple, RTD inputs:
	    0.1 to 1000.0℃（℉）
	DC voltage, current inputs:
	    1 to 10000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)

OUT2 high limit, OUT2 low limit	0 to 100% (DA, EV3DA: –5 to 105%)
OUT2 cooling method	(1) Air cooling (Linear characteristics) (2) Oil cooling (1.5th power of the linear characteristics) (3) Water cooling (2nd power of the linear characteristics)
Insulated power output (P24 option)	
Output voltage	24±3 V DC (when load current is 30 mA DC)
Ripple voltage	Within 200 mV DC (when load current is 30 mA DC)
Max. load current	30 mA DC
Event output EV3 (EV3D□, EI options)	Output will be turned ON or OFF depending on the Event conditions selected in [Event output EV3 allocation]. One output can be selected from the following: Alarm output, Heater burnout alarm output, Loop break alarm output, Time signal output, Output during AT, Pattern end output, Output by communication command, RUN output
Serial communication (C5W, C5 options)	The following operations can be carried out from an external computer. (1) Reading and writing of the step SV, step time, PID values and various set values (2) Reading of the PV and action status (3) Function change
Communication line	EIA RS-485
Communication method	Half-duplex communication
Communication speed	9600, 19200, 38400 bps (Selectable by keypad)
Synchronization method	Start-stop synchronization

Communication protocol	Shinko protocol, SV digital transmission, SV digital reception, Modbus ASCII mode, Modbus RTU mode (Selectable by keypad) Communication converter IF-400 is available for Shinko protocol and Modbus protocol.
Data bit/Parity	Data bit: 7, 8 (Selectable by keypad) Parity: Even, Odd, No parity (Selectable by keypad)
Stop bit:	1, 2 (Selectable by keypad)

Data format	Communication Protocol	Shinko Protocol	Modbus ASCII	Modbus RTU
	Start bit	1	1	1
	Data bit	7 (8) Selectable	7 (8) Selectable	8
	Parity	Even (No parity, Odd) Selectable	Even (No parity, Odd) Selectable	No parity (Even, Odd) Selectable
	Stop bit	1 (2) Selectable	1 (2) Selectable	1 (2) Selectable

Response delay time	Response from the controller can be delayed after receiving command from the host computer. If Response delay time is changed via software communication, the changed delay time will be reflected from that response data. • Setting range: 0 to 1000 ms
SV digital transmission	When 'SV digital transmission (Shinko protocol)' is selected in [Communication protocol], step SV can be digitally transmitted to the connected Shinko digital indicating controllers with the communication function (C5 option). When 'SV digital reception (Shinko protocol)' is selected in [Communication protocol], step SV can be received via SVTC command from the connected Shinko programmable controllers PCA1 or PCB1 (on which 'SV digital transmission' should be selected in [Communication protocol]).

PCB1   Controllers with communication function (Max. 31 units)

(Fig. 11.2-1)

Heater burnout alarm (C5W, EIW, W options)		Monitors heater current with CT (current transformer), and detects heater burnout. EV☐ output, for which Heater burnout alarm is selected in [Event output EV☐ allocation], will be turned ON or OFF. This alarm is also activated when the input is burnt out.
	Rated current:	20 A, 100 A (Must be specified when ordering.) Single-phase: Detects burnout with CT1 input. 3-phase: Detects burnout with CT1 and CT2 inputs.
	Setting accuracy	±5% of the rated current
Transmission output (EIT option)		Converting the value (PV, SV or MV transmission) to analog signal every 125 ms, outputs the value in current. Outputs Transmission output low limit value if Transmission output high limit and low limit value are the same. If SV or MV transmission is selected, 4 mA is output during program control STOP (in Standby).
Event input (C5W, EIW, EIT, C5, EI options)		Action can be switched by event conditions selected in [Event input DI☐ allocation]. One function can be selected from the following: Pattern number selection, Direct/Reverse action, Program control RUN/STOP, Program control Holding/Not holding, Program control Advance function Signal edge action from OFF to ON / ON to OFF is engaged. However, when power is turned ON, level action is engaged except Program control Advance function.

12. Troubleshooting

⚠ **Warning**

Turn the power supply to the instrument off before wiring or checking. Working on or touching the terminal with the power switched on may result in severe injury or death due to electrical shock.
Moreover, the instrument must be grounded before the power supply to the instrument is turned on.

If any malfunctions occur, refer to the following items after checking that power is being supplied to the controller.

12.1 Indication

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
The PV Display indicates $Er01$.	Internal non-volatile IC memory is defective.	Cancel the error code by pressing the MODE key, and perform data clearing.(p.90) If the problem is not still solved after power is turned ON again, contact our agency or us.
The PV Display indicates $Er02$.	Data writing (in non-volatile IC memory) error when power failure occurs.	Cancel the error code by pressing the MODE key, and execute data clearing. (P.90)
The PV Display indicates PV and $Er05$ (*) alternately.	Overscale. PV has exceeded Input range high limit value (scaling high limit value for DC voltage, current inputs).	Check the input signal source.
The PV Display indicates PV and $Er06$ (*) alternately.	Underscale. PV has dropped below Input range low limit value (scaling low limit value for DC voltage, current inputs).	Check the input signal source and wiring of input terminals.
The PV Display flashes ‾ ‾ ‾ ‾.	PV has exceeded the Indication range and Control range.	Check the input signal source.
The PV Display indicates ‾ ‾ ‾ ‾ and $Er07$ (*) alternately.	Burnout of thermocouple, RTD or disconnection of DC voltage (0 to 1 V DC)	Replace each sensor. **How to check whether the sensor is burnt out:** **[Thermocouple]** If the input terminals of the instrument are shorted, and if a value around room temperature is indicated, the instrument is likely to be operating normally, however, the sensor may be burnt out. **[RTD]** If approx. 100 Ω of resistance is connected to the input terminals between A-B of the instrument and between B-B is shorted, and if a value around 0℃ (32℉) is indicated, the instrument is likely to be operating normally, however, the sensor may be burnt out. **[DC voltage (0 to 1 V DC)]** If the input terminals of the instrument are shorted, and if a scaling low limit value is indicated, the instrument is likely to be operating normally, however, the signal wire may be disconnected.

(*) Available when 'Enabled' is selected in [Error indication].

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
	Check whether the input terminals of thermocouple, RTD or DC voltage (0 to 1 V DC) are securely mounted to the instrument input terminals.	Connect the sensor terminals to the instrument input terminals securely.
The PV Display flashes [_ _ _ _].	PV has dropped below the Indication range and Control range.	Check the input signal source and wiring of input terminals.
The PV Display indicates [_ _ _ _] and [Er07] (*) alternately.	Check whether input signal wire for direct current (4 to 20 mA DC) or DC voltage (1 to 5 V DC) is disconnected.	**How to check whether the input signal wire is disconnected:** **[Direct current (4 to 20 mA DC)]** If the input to the input terminals of the instrument is 4 mA DC and if a scaling low limit value is indicated, the instrument is likely to be operating normally, however, the signal wire may be disconnected. **[DC voltage (1 to 5 V DC)]** If the input to the input terminals of the instrument is 1 V DC and if a scaling low limit value is indicated, the instrument is likely to be operating normally, however, the signal wire may be disconnected.
	Check whether input signal wire for direct current (4 to 20 mA DC) or DC voltage (1 to 5 V DC) is securely connected to the instrument input terminals.	Connect the input signal wire to the terminals of this instrument securely.
	Check if polarity of thermocouple or compensating lead wire is correct. Check whether codes (A, B, B) of RTD agree with the instrument terminals.	Wire them correctly.
The PV Display indicates [Er 10].	Hardware malfunction	Contact our agency or us.
The indication of PV Display is irregular or unstable.	Check whether sensor input or temperature unit (℃ or ℉) is correct.	Select the sensor input and temperature unit (℃ or ℉) correctly.
	Sensor correction coefficient or Sensor correction value is unsuitable.	Set them to suitable values.
	Check whether the sensor specification is correct.	Use a sensor with appropriate specifications.
	AC leaks into the sensor circuit.	Use an ungrounded type sensor.
	There may be equipment that interferes with or makes noise near the instrument.	Keep the instrument clear of any potentially disruptive equipment.

(*) Available when 'Enabled' is selected in [Error indication].

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
The PV Display keeps indicating the value set in [Scaling low limit].	Check whether the input signal wire for direct current (0 to 20 mA DC) and DC voltage (0 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC) is disconnected.	Check the input signal wires of direct current (0 to 20 mA DC) and DC voltage (0 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC). **How to check whether the input signal wire is disconnected:** **[Direct current (0 to 20 mA DC)]** If the input to the input terminal of this controller is 4 mA DC, and if a value (converted value from scaling high, low limit setting) corresponding to 4 mA DC is indicated, the controller is likely to be operating normally, however, the input signal wire may be disconnected. **[DC voltage (0 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC)]** If the input to the input terminal of this controller is 1 V DC, and if a value (converted value from scaling high, low limit setting) corresponding to 1 V DC is indicated, the controller is likely to be operating normally, however, the input signal wire may be disconnected.
	Check whether the input terminals for direct current (0 to 20 mA DC) or DC voltage (0 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC) are securely connected to the instrument input terminals.	Connect the input terminals of direct current or DC voltage to the input terminals of this instrument securely.

12.2   Key Operation

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
The following values cannot be set: Step SV, step time, OUT1 proportional band, EV☐ alarm value, etc.	Set value lock (Lock 1 or Lock 4) is selected.	Release the lock in [Set value lock].
	AT is performing.	Cancel AT.
Only step SV, step time and EV☐ alarm value can be set. Other settings are not possible.	Set value lock (Lock 2 or Lock 5) is selected.	Release the lock in [Set value lock].
The setting indication does not change in the input range, and new values are unable to be set.	Scaling high or low limit value may be set at the point where the value does not change.	Set it to a suitable value.
A pattern number cannot be selected by the PTN key.	A pattern number might be selected by means of Event input. The pattern number selected via Event input has priority over a pattern number selected by the PTN key.	Open (OFF) the SG terminal and any one terminal of Event input (DI1, DI2).

12.3 Control

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
Even though program control is executed, the control is advanced and the program is finished soon.	The step time of the performing pattern number is set to 00:00.	Set the step time to a suitable value.
Step does not progress.	Program control is suspended (program control HOLD function). While program control is suspended, the PV Display and RUN indicator flash.	Press the RUN key. Suspension of control will be cancelled, and program control will resume.
	The Wait function is working. If the Wait function works, the PV Display and PTN/STEP Display flash.	Press the RUN key for approx. 1 second to cancel the Wait function. The Wait function will be cancelled, and program control will resume.
PV does not rise or fall.	Sensor is out of order.	Replace the sensor.
	Check whether the sensor or control output terminals are securely mounted to the instrument input terminals.	Ensure that the sensor or control output terminals are mounted to the instrument input terminals securely.
	Check whether the wiring of sensor or control output terminals is correct.	Wire them correctly.
Control output OUT1 or OUT2 remains in an ON status.	OUT1 or OUT2 low limit value is set to 100% or higher.	Set it to a suitable value.
The control output OUT1 or OUT2 remains in an OFF status.	OUT1 or OUT2 high limit value is set to 0% or less.	Set it to a suitable value.
The PV Display indicates $Er20$	AT has not been completed even if approx. 4 hours have elapsed since AT started.	Manually set P, I, D and ARW values.

13. Character Table

・**Explanation of Setting Item**

(e.g.) Setting Step 1 SV

Upper left: PV Display

Indicates setting item characters.

Lower left: PTN/STEP Display, SV Display

The PTN/STEP Display indicates the selected pattern number, and indication is different depending on the setting item.

The SV Display indicates factory default.

Right side: Indicates the setting item, explanation of its function, and setting range.

PV Display	Setting item name, function, setting range (or selection item)

r E ̄ P 1 □□□0	**Step 1 SV** • Setting range: Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit

PTN/STEP Display   SV Display
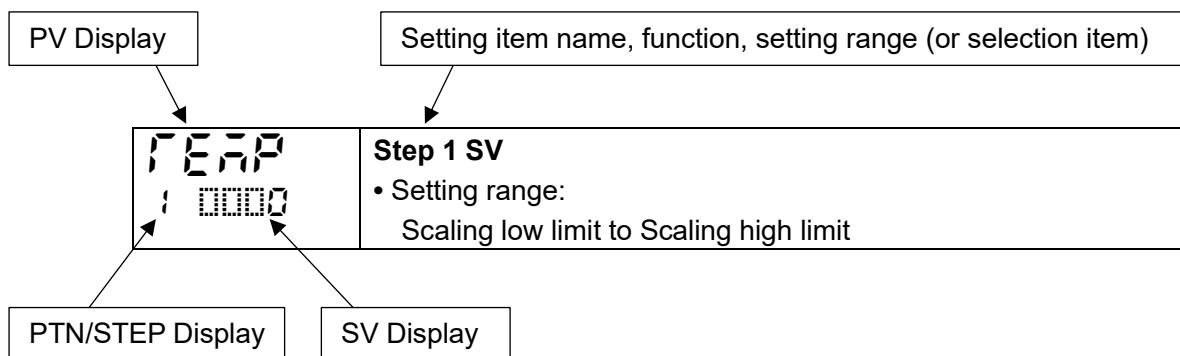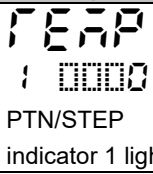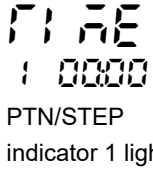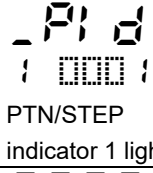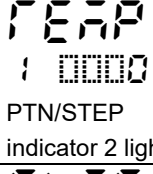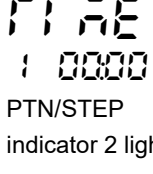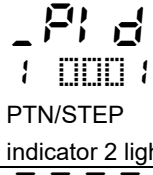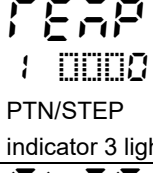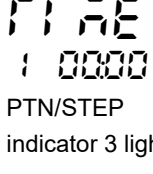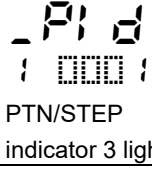
13.1   Error Code

Error codes are indicated on the PV Display.

Error Code	Error Contents	Occurrence
Er-01 1 □500 (*1)	Internal non-volatile IC memory (EEPROM) is defective.	When power is turned ON
Er-02 1 □500 (*1)	Data writing error when power failure occurs.	When power is turned ON
Er-05 1 □500 (*2)	PV has exceeded Input range high limit value (Scaling high limit value for DC voltage, current inputs).	When operating
Er-06 1 □500 (*2)	PV has dropped below Input range low limit value (Scaling low limit value for DC voltage, current inputs).	When operating
Er-07 1 □500 (*2)	Input burnout or disconnection. Input value is outside of the Indication range and Control range.	When operating
Er 10 1 □500	Hardware malfunction or errors (This error cannot be cancelled.)	When operating
Er-20 1 □500 (*1)	AT has not been completed even if approx. 4 hours have elapsed since AT started. When input errors have occurred.	After AT starts

(*1) Can be cancelled by the MODE key.

(*2) An error code is indicated when Enabled is selected in [Error indication].

13.2 Pattern Setting Mode

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Setting Range	Data
`rEnP` `1 0000` PTN/STEP indicator 1 lights.	**Step 1 SV** Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit	
`ti nE` `1 00:00` PTN/STEP indicator 1 lights.	**Step 1 time** − − − −, 00:00 to 99.59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].) If the ⌄ key is pressed at 00:00, − − − − will be indicated. If − − − − is set, Fixed value control will be performed using Step 1 SV.	
`_PId` `1 0001` PTN/STEP indicator 1 lights.	**Step 1 PID block number** 1 to 10	
`rEnP` `1 0000` PTN/STEP indicator 2 lights.	**Step 2 SV** Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit	
`ti nE` `1 00:00` PTN/STEP indicator 2 lights.	**Step 2 time** − − − −, 00:00 to 99.59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].) If the ⌄ key is pressed at 00:00, − − − − will be indicated. If − − − − is set, Fixed value control will be performed using Step 2 SV.	
`_PId` `1 0001` PTN/STEP indicator 2 lights.	**Step 2 PID block number** 1 to 10	
`rEnP` `1 0000` PTN/STEP indicator 3 lights.	**Step 3 SV** Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit	
`ti nE` `1 00:00` PTN/STEP indicator 3 lights.	**Step 3 time** − − − −, 00:00 to 99.59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].) If the ⌄ key is pressed at 00:00, − − − − will be indicated. If − − − − is set, Fixed value control will be performed using Step 3 SV.	
`_PId` `1 0001` PTN/STEP indicator 3 lights.	**Step 3 PID block number** 1 to 10	

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Setting Range	Data
⌐E⌐P 1 0000 PTN/STEP indicator 4 lights.	**Step 4 SV** Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit	
⌐1 ⌐E 1 0000 PTN/STEP indicator 4 lights.	**Step 4 time** - - - -, 00:00 to 99.59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].) If the ⌄ key is pressed at 00:00, - - - - will be indicated. If - - - - is set, Fixed value control will be performed using Step 4 SV.	
_Pl d 1 0001 PTN/STEP indicator 4 lights.	**Step 4 PID block number** 1 to 10	
⌐E⌐P 1 0000 PTN/STEP indicator 5 lights.	**Step 5 SV** Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit	
⌐1 ⌐E 1 0000 PTN/STEP indicator 5 lights.	**Step 5 time** - - - -, 00:00 to 99.59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].) If the ⌄ key is pressed at 00:00, - - - - will be indicated. If - - - - is set, Fixed value control will be performed using Step 5 SV.	
_Pl d 1 0001 PTN/STEP indicator 5 lights.	**Step 5 PID block number** 1 to 10	
⌐E⌐P 1 0000 PTN/STEP indicator 6 lights.	**Step 6 SV** Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit	
⌐1 ⌐E 1 0000 PTN/STEP indicator 6 lights.	**Step 6 time** - - - -, 00:00 to 99.59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].) If the ⌄ key is pressed at 00:00, - - - - will be indicated. If - - - - is set, Fixed value control will be performed using Step 6 SV.	
_Pl d 1 0001 PTN/STEP indicator 6 lights.	**Step 6 PID block number** 1 to 10	

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Setting Range	Data
⌐ Ε⌐Ρ 1 0000 PTN/STEP indicator 7 lights.	**Step 7 SV** Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit	
⌐1 ⌐Ε 1 00.00 PTN/STEP indicator 7 lights.	**Step 7 time** - - - -, 00:00 to 99.59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].) If the ∨ key is pressed at 00:00, - - - - will be indicated. If - - - - is set, Fixed value control will be performed using Step 7 SV.	
_Ρ1 d 1 0001 PTN/STEP indicator 7 lights.	**Step 7 PID block number** 1 to 10	
⌐ Ε⌐Ρ 1 0000 PTN/STEP indicator 8 lights.	**Step 8 SV** Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit	
⌐1 ⌐Ε 1 00.00 PTN/STEP indicator 8 lights.	**Step 8 time** - - - -, 00:00 to 99.59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].) If the ∨ key is pressed at 00:00, - - - - will be indicated. If - - - - is set, Fixed value control will be performed using Step 8 SV.	
_Ρ1 d 1 0001 PTN/STEP indicator 8 lights.	**Step 8 PID block number** 1 to 10	
⌐ Ε⌐Ρ 1 0000 PTN/STEP indicator 9 lights.	**Step 9 SV** Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit	
⌐1 ⌐Ε 1 00.00 PTN/STEP indicator 9 lights.	**Step 9 time** - - - -, 00:00 to 99.59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].) If the ∨ key is pressed at 00:00, - - - - will be indicated. If - - - - is set, Fixed value control will be performed using Step 9 SV.	
_Ρ1 d 1 0001 PTN/STEP indicator 9 lights.	**Step 9 PID block number** 1 to 10	

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Setting Range	Data
`r E ñ P` `1 0000` PTN/STEP indicator 10 lights.	**Step 10 SV** Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit	
`ñ 1 ñE` `1 00:00` PTN/STEP indicator 10 lights.	**Step 10 time** − − − −, 00:00 to 99.59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].) If the ⟨∨⟩ key is pressed at 00:00, − − − − will be indicated. If − − − − is set, Fixed value control will be performed using Step 10 SV.	
`_P1 d` `1 0001` PTN/STEP indicator 10 lights.	**Step 10 PID block number** 1 to 10	
`r E P r` `1 0000` PTN/STEP indicator turns off.	**Number of repetitions** 0 to 10000	
`c H1 ñ` `1 - - - -` PTN/STEP indicator turns off.	**Pattern link**	
	− − − −	Pattern link Disabled	
	`c H1 ñ`	Pattern link Enabled	

13.3 Event Setting Mode

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Setting Range	Data
A 1□□ 1 □□□0	**EV1 alarm value** High limit alarm -(Input span) to Input span (*1) Low limit alarm -(Input span) to Input span (*1) High/Low limits alarm 0 to Input span (*1) High/Low limits independent alarm 0 to Input span (*1) High/Low limit range alarm 0 to Input span (*1) High/Low limit range independent alarm 0 to Input span (*1) Process high alarm Input range low limit to Input range high limit (*2) Process low alarm Input range low limit to Input range high limit (*2) High limit with standby alarm -(Input span) to Input span (*1) Low limit with standby alarm -(Input span) to Input span (*1) High/Low limits with standby alarm 0 to Input span (*1) High/Low limits with standby independent alarm 0 to Input span (*1) (*1) For DC voltage, current inputs, the input span is the same as the scaling span. (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.) (*2) For DC voltage, current inputs, input range low (or high) limit value is the same as scaling low (or high) limit value. (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.) Available when □00 1 (High limit alarm) to □0 12 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV1 allocation].	
A 1H□ 1 □□□0	**EV1 high limit alarm value** Setting range: Same as those of EV1 alarm value. Available when □004 (High/Low limits independent alarm), □006 (High/Low limit range independent alarm) or □0 12 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV1 allocation].	
⌐ 1oF 1 0000	**TS1 output OFF time** Setting range: 00:00 to 99:59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].) Available when □0 15 (Time signal output) is selected in [Event output EV1 allocation].	
⌐ 1on 1 0000	**TS1 output ON time** Setting range: 00:00 to 99:59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].) Available when □0 15 (Time signal output) is selected in [Event output EV1 allocation].	
A2□□ 1 □□□0	**EV2 alarm value** Setting range: Same as those of EV1 alarm value. Available when □00 1 (High limit alarm) to □0 12 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation].	
A2H□ 1 □□□0	**EV2 high limit alarm value** Setting range: Same as those of EV1 alarm value. Available when □004 (High/Low limits independent alarm), □006 (High/Low limit range independent alarm) or □0 12 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation].	

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Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Setting Range	Data

┌2oF
1 0000
	TS2 output OFF time
	Setting range:
	  00:00 to 99:59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].)
	  Available when 0015 (Time signal output) is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation].	

┌2on
1 0000
	TS2 output ON time
	Setting range:
	  00:00 to 99:59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].)
	  Available when 0015 (Time signal output) is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation].	

A3□□ 1 □□□□	**EV3 alarm value** Setting range: Same as those of EV1 alarm value. Available when 0001 (High limit alarm) to 0012 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV3 allocation].	
A3H□ 1 □□□□	**EV3 high limit alarm value** Setting range: Same as those of EV1 alarm value. Available when 0004 (High/Low limits independent alarm), 0006 (High/Low limit range independent alarm) or 0012 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV3 allocation].	

┌3oF
1 0000
	TS3 output OFF time
	Setting range:
	  00:00 to 99:59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].)
	  Available when 0015 (Time signal output) is selected in [Event output EV3 allocation].	

┌3on
1 0000
	TS3 output ON time
	Setting range:
	  00:00 to 99:59 (Time unit follows the selection in [Step time unit].)
	  Available when 0015 (Time signal output) is selected in [Event output EV3 allocation].	

13.4 Control Parameter Setting Mode
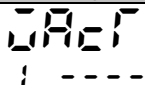
Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Setting Range		Data
ＡＴ□□ □ －－－－	**AT Perform/Cancel**		
	－－－－	AT Cancel	
	ＡＴ□□	AT Perform	
ＰｂＬｔ □ ０００１	**PID block number** 1 to 10		

Ｐ□□□
１ ００１０
	OUT1 proportional band
	  Setting range:
	  Thermocouple, RTD input without decimal point: 0 to input span℃（℉）
	  Thermocouple, RTD input with decimal point: 0.0 to input span℃（℉）
	  DC voltage, current inputs: 0.0 to 1000.0%		

ｉ□□□ １ ０２００	**Integral time** Setting range: 0 to 3600 seconds		
ｄ□□□ １ ００５０	**Derivative time** Setting range: 0 to 1800 seconds		
Ａｒ□□ １ ００５０	**ARW** Setting range: 0 to 100%		

ｃ□□□
□ ０００３
	OUT1 proportional cycle
	  Setting range: 0.5, 1 to 120 seconds
	   Available when OUT1 is relay contact output or non-contact voltage output type.		

ＨＹＳ□
□ ００１０
	OUT1 ON/OFF hysteresis
	  Setting range:
	  0.1 to 1000.0℃（℉）
	  DC voltage, current inputs: 1 to 10000 (The placement of the decimal
	                              point follows the selection.)		

ｏＬＨ□
□ □１００
	OUT1 high limit
	  Setting range:
	   OUT1 low limit to 100%
	   Direct current output type: OUT1 low limit to 105%		

ｏＬＬ□
□ ００００
	OUT1 low limit
	  Setting range:
	   0% to OUT1 high limit
	   Direct current output type: -5% to OUT1 high limit		

ｏｒＡＴ □ ００００	**OUT1 rate-of-change** Setting range: 0 to 100 %/sec		
ｃＡｃＴ □ Ａｉｒ□	**OUT2 cooling method**		
	Ａｉｒ□	Air cooling (Linear characteristics)	
	ｏｉＬ□	Oil cooling (1.5th power of the linear characteristics)	
	ＷＡＴ□	Water cooling (2nd power of the linear characteristics)	
	Available when EV2 option (if "□０２□Heating/Cooling control output" is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation]) is ordered, or when DS, DA or EV3D□ option is ordered.		

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Setting Range	Data

P_b0
1 0010
	OUT2 proportional band
	Setting range:
	  Thermocouple, RTD input without decimal point: 0 to Input span℃ (℉)
	  Thermocouple, RTD input with decimal point: 0.0 to Input span℃ (℉)
	  DC voltage, current inputs: 0.0 to 1000.0%
	Available when EV2 option (if "□020: Heating/Cooling control output" is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation]) is ordered, or when DS, DA or EV3D□ option is ordered.	

c_b0 0 0003	**OUT2 proportional cycle** Setting range: 0.5, 1 to 120 seconds Available when EV2 option (if "□020:Heating/Cooling control output" is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation]) is ordered, or when DS, EV3(DR), EV3DS option is ordered.	

HYSb
0 0010
	OUT2 ON/OFF hysteresis
	Setting range: 0.1 to 1000.0℃ (℉)
	  DC voltage, current inputs: 1 to 10000 (The placement of the decimal
	                        point follows the selection.)
	Available when EV2 option (if "□020:Heating/Cooling control output" is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation]) is ordered, or when DS, DA or EV3D□ option is ordered.	

oLHb
0 0 100
	OUT2 high limit
	Setting range: OUT2 low limit value to 100%
	  Direct current output type (DA, EV3DA options):
	    OUT2 low limit value to 105%
	Available when EV2 option (if "□020: Heating/Cooling control output" is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation]) is ordered, or when DS, DA or EV3D□ option is ordered.	

oLLb
0 0000
	OUT2 low limit
	Setting range: 0% to OUT2 high limit value
	  Direct current output type (DA, EV3DA options):
	    -5% to OUT2 high limit value
	Available when EV2 option (if "□020: Heating/Cooling control output" is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation]) is ordered, or when DS, DA or EV3D□ option is ordered.	

db00
0 0000
	Overlap/Dead band
	Setting range: -200.0 to 200.0℃ (℉)
	  DC voltage, current inputs: -2000 to 2000 (The placement of the
	                        decimal point follows the selection.)
	Available when EV2 option (if "□020:Heating/Cooling control output" is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation]) is ordered, or when DS, DA or EV3D□ option is ordered.	

conr 0 HEAr	**Direct/Reverse action** <table><tr><td>HEAr</td><td>Reverse (Heating) action</td></tr><tr><td>cooL</td><td>Direct (Cooling) action</td></tr></table>	

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Setting Range	Data

`H 1` `0 00.0` `H 1` and CT1 current value are alternately indicated.	**Heater burnout alarm 1 value**
	 Setting range:
	     20 A: 0.0 to 20.0 A
	     100 A: 0.0 to 100.0 A
	 Available when C5W, EIW, W option is ordered, and OUT1 is relay contact output or non-contact voltage output type.	

`H2` `0 00.0` `H2` and CT2 current value are alternately indicated.	**Heater burnout alarm 2 value**
	 Setting range:
	     20 A: 0.0 to 20.0 A
	     100 A: 0.0 to 100.0 A
	 Available when C5W, EIW, W option is ordered, and OUT1 is relay contact output or non-contact voltage output type.	

`LP_T` `0 000`	**Loop break alarm time** Setting range: 0 to 200 minutes Available when `LBA` (Loop break alarm output) is selected in [Event output EV□ allocation].	

`LP_H` `0 000`	**Loop break alarm band**
	 Setting range:
	     Thermocouple, RTD input without decimal point: 0 to 150℃ (℉)
	     Thermocouple, RTD input with decimal point: 0.0 to 150.0℃ (℉)
	     DC voltage, current inputs: 0 to 1500 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)
	 Available when `LBA` (Loop break alarm output) is selected in [Event output EV□ allocation].	

13.5   Wait Parameter Setting Mode

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Setting Range		Data
⎺⎽AI⎺ 1 □□□0	**Wait value** Setting range: 0 to 20% of input span (*) (*) DC voltage, current inputs: 0 to 20% of scaling span (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)		
⎺⎽A⎽⎺ 1 - - - - PTN/STEP indicator 1 lights up.	**Step 1 wait function Enabled/Disabled**		
	- - - -	Disabled	
	USE□	Enabled	
	Not available if Wait value is set to 0 or 0.0.		
⎺⎽A⎽⎺ 1 - - - - PTN/STEP indicator 2 lights up.	**Step 2 wait function Enabled/Disabled**		
	- - - -	Disabled	
	USE□	Enabled	
	Not available if Wait value is set to 0 or 0.0.		
⎺⎽A⎽⎺ 1 - - - - PTN/STEP indicator 3 lights up.	**Step 3 wait function Enabled/Disabled**		
	- - - -	Disabled	
	USE□	Enabled	
	Not available if Wait value is set to 0 or 0.0.		
⎺⎽A⎽⎺ 1 - - - - PTN/STEP indicator 4 lights up.	**Step 4 wait function Enabled/Disabled**		
	- - - -	Disabled	
	USE□	Enabled	
	Not available if Wait value is set to 0 or 0.0.		
⎺⎽A⎽⎺ 1 - - - - PTN/STEP indicator 5 lights up.	**Step 5 wait function Enabled/Disabled**		
	- - - -	Disabled	
	USE□	Enabled	
	Not available if Wait value is set to 0 or 0.0.		
⎺⎽A⎽⎺ 1 - - - - PTN/STEP indicator 6 lights up.	**Step 6 wait function Enabled/Disabled**		
	- - - -	Disabled	
	USE□	Enabled	
	Not available if Wait value is set to 0 or 0.0.		
⎺⎽A⎽⎺ 1 - - - - PTN/STEP indicator 7 lights up.	**Step 7 wait function Enabled/Disabled**		
	- - - -	Disabled	
	USE□	Enabled	
	Not available if Wait value is set to 0 or 0.0.		
⎺⎽A⎽⎺ 1 - - - - PTN/STEP indicator 8 lights up.	**Step 8 wait function Enabled/Disabled**		
	- - - -	Disabled	
	USE□	Enabled	
	Not available if Wait value is set to 0 or 0.0.		
⎺⎽A⎽⎺ 1 - - - - PTN/STEP indicator 9 lights up.	**Step 9 wait function Enabled/Disabled**		
	- - - -	Disabled	
	USE□	Enabled	
	Not available if Wait value is set to 0 or 0.0.		

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Setting Range		Data
⌐Ac⌐ ı ---- PTN/STEP indicator 10 lights up.	**Step 10 wait function Enabled/Disabled**		
	----	Disabled	
	USED	Enabled	
	Not available if Wait value is set to 0 or 0.0.		

13.6   Engineering Setting Mode 1

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Setting Range				Data
Lock □ ----	**Set value lock**				
			Change via Keypad	**Change via Software Communication**	
	----	Unlock	All set values can be changed.	All set values can be changed.	
	Loc 1	Lock 1	Only 'Set value lock' can be changed. Other setting items cannot be changed.		
	Loc2	Lock 2	Setting items selected in [Changeable in Set value lock] can bechanged. 'Set value lock' can be changed. Other setting items cannot be changed.		
	Loc3	Lock 3	All set values can be changed.	Setting items – except Input type – can be changed temporarily via software communication. However, if power is turned ON again, the set values revert to the values before Lock 3, 4 or 5 was selected.	
	Loc4	Lock 4	Only 'Set value lock' can be changed. Other setting items cannot be changed.		
	Loc5	Lock 5	Setting items selected in [Changeable in Set value lock] can be changed. 'Set value lock' can be changed. Other setting items cannot be changed.		
LoSE □ SV□□	**Changeable in Set value lock**				
	SV□□		Step SV, Step time can be changed.		
	SVEV		Step SV, Step time, EV□ alarm value can be changed.		
SotC □ 1.000	**Sensor correction coefficient** Setting range: -10.000 to 10.000				
SoCC □ □□00	**Sensor correction** Setting range: -1000.0 to 1000.0℃ (℉) DC voltage, current inputs: –10000 to 10000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)				
FILr □ □□0.0	**PV filter time constant** Setting range: 0.0 to 10.0 seconds				
cmSL □ nonL	**Communication protocol**				
	nonL		Shinko protocol		
	SVr□		SV digital transmission (Shinko protocol)		
	SVr r		SV digital reception (Shinko protocol)		
	modA		Modbus ASCII mode		
	modr		Modbus RTU mode		
	Available when C5W or C5 option is ordered.				

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Setting Range		Data
`cmno` `0 0000`	**Instrument number** 　Setting range: 0 to 95 Available when C5W or C5 option is ordered.		
`cmSP` `0 0096`	**Communication speed**		
	`0096`	9600 bps	
	`192`	19200 bps	
	`384`	38400 bps	
	Available when C5W or C5 option is ordered.		
`cmFr` `0 7E8n`	**Data bit/Parity**		
	`8non`	8 bits/No parity	
	`7non`	7 bits/No parity	
	`8E8n`	8 bits/Even	
	`7E8n`	7 bits/Even	
	`8odd`	8 bits/Odd	
	`7odd`	7 bits/Odd	
	Available when C5W or C5 option is ordered.		
`cmSr` `0 0001`	**Stop bit**		
	`0001`	1 bit	
	`0002`	2 bits	
	Available when C5W or C5 option is ordered.		
`cmdY` `0 0010`	**Response delay time** 　Setting range: 0 to 1000 ms Available when C5W or C5 option is ordered.		
`SU_b` `0 0000`	**SVTC bias** 　Setting range: ±20% of input span 　　DC voltage, current inputs: ±20% of scaling span (The placement of 　　　　　　　　　　　　　　the decimal point follows the selection.) Available when C5W, C5 option is ordered, or when `SUr` [SV digital reception (Shinko protocol)] is selected in [Communication protocol].		

13.7 Engineering Setting Mode 2

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Setting Range			Data
SEnS 0 t▯▯C	**Input type**			
	t▯▯C	K	-200 to 1370 ℃	
	t▯▯C	K	-200.0 to 400.0 ℃	
	J▯▯C	J	-200 to 1000 ℃	
	r▯▯C	R	0 to 1760 ℃	
	S▯▯C	S	0 to 1760 ℃	
	b▯▯C	B	0 to 1820 ℃	
	E▯▯C	E	-200 to 800 ℃	
	r▯▯C	T	-200.0 to 400.0 ℃	
	n▯▯C	N	-200 to 1300 ℃	
	PL2C	PL-II	0 to 1390 ℃	
	c▯▯C	C(W/Re5-26)	0 to 2315 ℃	
	Pr▯C	Pt100	-200.0 to 850.0 ℃	
	JPrC	JPt100	-200.0 to 500.0 ℃	
	Pr▯C	Pt100	-200 to 850 ℃	
	JPrC	JPt100	-200 to 500 ℃	
	t▯▯F	K	-328 to 2498 ℉	
	t▯▯F	K	-328.0 to 752.0 ℉	
	J▯▯F	J	-328 to 1832 ℉	
	r▯▯F	R	32 to 3200 ℉	
	S▯▯F	S	32 to 3200 ℉	
	b▯▯F	B	32 to 3308 ℉	
	E▯▯F	E	-328 to 1472 ℉	
	r▯▯F	T	-328.0 to 752.0 ℉	
	n▯▯F	N	-328 to 2372 ℉	
	PL2F	PL-II	32 to 2534 ℉	
	c▯▯F	C(W/Re5-26)	32 to 4199 ℉	
	Pr▯F	Pt100	-328.0 to 1562.0 ℉	
	JPrF	JPt100	-328.0 to 932.0 ℉	
	Pr▯F	Pt100	-328 to 1562 ℉	
	JPrF	JPt100	-328 to 932 ℉	
	420A	4 to 20 mA	-2000 to 10000	
	020A	0 to 20 mA	-2000 to 10000	
	00 1U	0 to 1 V	-2000 to 10000	
	005U	0 to 5 V	-2000 to 10000	
	105U	1 to 5 V	-2000 to 10000	
	0 10U	0 to 10 V	-2000 to 10000	
SrLH 0 1370	**Scaling high limit** Setting range: Scaling low limit to Input range high limit DC voltage, current inputs: -2000 to 10000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)			

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Setting Range		Data
𝟝𝚛LL ◻ -200	**Scaling low limit** Setting range: Input range low limit to Scaling high limit DC voltage, current inputs: -2000 to 10000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)		
dP◻◻ ◻ ◻◻◻◻	**Decimal point place**		
	◻◻◻◻	No decimal point	
	◻◻◻◻	1 digit after decimal point	
	◻◻◻◻	2 digits after decimal point	
	◻◻◻◻	3 digits after decimal point	
	Available when DC voltage or current input is selected in [Input type].		
EЦo1 ◻ ◻◻◻◻	**Event output EV1 allocation**		
	◻◻◻◻	No event	
	◻◻◻1	Alarm output, High limit alarm	
	◻◻◻2	Alarm output, Low limit alarm	
	◻◻◻3	Alarm output, High/Low limits alarm	
	◻◻◻4	Alarm output, High/Low limits independent alarm	
	◻◻◻5	Alarm output, High/Low limit range alarm	
	◻◻◻6	Alarm output, High/Low limit range independent alarm	
	◻◻◻7	Alarm output, Process high alarm	
	◻◻◻8	Alarm output, Process low alarm	
	◻◻◻9	Alarm output, High limit with standby alarm	
	◻◻10	Alarm output, Low limit with standby alarm	
	◻◻11	Alarm output, High/Low limits with standby alarm	
	◻◻12	Alarm output, High/Low limits with standby independent alarm	
	◻◻13	Heater burnout alarm output (When C5W, EIW or W option is ordered)	
	◻◻14	Loop break alarm output	
	◻◻15	Time signal output	
	◻◻16	Output during AT	
	◻◻17	Pattern end output	
	◻◻18	Output by communication command	
	◻◻19	RUN output	
	When ◻◻1 (High limit alarm) to ◻◻12 (High/Low limit with standby independent alarm) or ◻◻15 (Time signal output) is selected, one output can be set to one event output. When ◻◻13 (Heater burnout alarm output), ◻◻14 (Loop break alarm), ◻◻16 (Output during AT) to ◻◻19 (RUN output) are selected, each output is common to multiple event outputs.		
A1≡A ◻ no◻◻	**EV1 alarm value 0 Enabled/Disabled**		
	no◻◻	Disabled	
	YES◻	Enabled	
	Available when any alarm from ◻◻◻1 (High limit alarm) to ◻◻12 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV1 allocation] - excluding ◻◻◻7 (Process high alarm) and ◻◻◻8 (Process low alarm).		

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Setting Range		Data
A1HY □ □□ 0	**EV1 alarm hysteresis** Setting range: 0.1 to 1000.0℃ (℉) 　　DC voltage, current inputs: 1 to 10000 (The placement of the 　　　　　　decimal point follows the selection.) Available when any alarm from □□□ 1 (High limit alarm) to □□ 12 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV1 allocation].		
A1dY □ □□□0	**EV1 alarm delay time** Setting range: 0 to 10000 seconds Available when any alarm from □□□ 1 (High limit alarm) to □□ 12 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV1 allocation].		
A1Lr □ noAL	**EV1 alarm Energized/De-energized**		
	noAL	Energized	
	rEBS	De-energized	
	Available when any alarm from □□□ 1 (High limit alarm) to □□ 12 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV1 allocation].		
EUo2 □ □□00	**Event output EV2 allocation**		
	□□00	No event	
	□□0 1	Alarm output, High limit alarm	
	□□02	Alarm output, Low limit alarm	
	□□03	Alarm output, High/Low limits alarm	
	□□04	Alarm output, High/Low limits independent alarm	
	□□05	Alarm output, High/Low limit range alarm	
	□□06	Alarm output, High/Low limit range independent alarm	
	□□07	Alarm output, Process high alarm	
	□□08	Alarm output, Process low alarm	
	□□09	Alarm output, High limit with standby alarm	
	□□ 10	Alarm output, Low limit with standby alarm	
	□□ 11	Alarm output, High/Low limits with standby alarm	
	□□ 12	Alarm output, High/Low limits with standby independent alarm	
	□□ 13	Heater burnout alarm output (When C5W, EIW or W option is ordered)	
	□□ 14	Loop break alarm output	
	□□ 15	Time signal output	
	□□ 16	Output during AT	
	□□ 17	Pattern end output	
	□□ 18	Output by communication command	
	□□ 19	RUN output	
	□□20	Heating/Cooling control output	
	When □□0 1 (High limit alarm) to □□ 12 (High/Low limit with standby independent alarm) or □□ 15 (Time signal output) is selected, one output can be set to one event output. When □□ 13 (Heater burnout alarm output), □□ 14 (Loop break alarm), □□ 16 (Output during AT) to □□ 19 (RUN output) are selected, each output is common to multiple event outputs. Available when the EV2 or EV3(DR) option is ordered.		

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Setting Range		Data
A2=A 0 no□□	**EV2 alarm value 0 Enabled/Disabled**		
	no□□	Disabled	
	YES□	Enabled	
	Available when any alarm from □0 0 1 (High limit alarm) to □0 12 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation] - excluding □007 (Process high alarm) and □008 (Process low alarm].		
A2HY 0 □□ 10	**EV2 alarm hysteresis**		
	Setting range: 0.1 to 1000.0℃ (℉), 　　DC voltage, current inputs: 1 to 10000 (The placement of the 　　　　　　　　　　　decimal point follows the selection.) Available when any alarm from □00 1 (High limit alarm) to □0 12 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation].		
A2dY 0 □□□□	**EV2 alarm delay time**		
	Setting range: 0 to 10000 seconds Available when any alarm from □00 1 (High limit alarm) to □0 12 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation].		
A2LA 0 noAL	**EV2 alarm Energized/De-energized**		
	noAL	Energized	
	rEuS	De-energized	
	Available when any alarm from □00 1 (High limit alarm) to □0 12 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV2 allocation].		
EUo3 0 □□□□	**Event output EV3 allocation**		
	□000	No event	
	□00 1	Alarm output, High limit alarm	
	□002	Alarm output, Low limit alarm	
	□003	Alarm output, High/Low limits alarm	
	□004	Alarm output, High/Low limits independent alarm	
	□005	Alarm output, High/Low limit range alarm	
	□006	Alarm output, High/Low limit range independent alarm	
	□007	Alarm output, Process high alarm	
	□008	Alarm output, Process low alarm	
	□009	Alarm output, High limit with standby alarm	
	□0 10	Alarm output, Low limit with standby alarm	
	□0 11	Alarm output, High/Low limits with standby alarm	
	□0 12	Alarm output, High/Low limits with standby independent alarm	
	□0 13	Heater burnout alarm output (When C5W, EIW or W option is ordered)	
	□0 14	Loop break alarm output	
	□0 15	Time signal output	
	□0 16	Output during AT	
	□0 17	Pattern end output	
	□0 18	Output by communication command	
	□0 19	RUN output	
	When □00 1 (High limit alarm) to □0 12 (High/Low limit with standby independent alarm) or □0 15 (Time signal output) is selected, one output can be set to one event output. When □0 13 (Heater burnout alarm output), □0 14 (Loop break alarm), □0 16 (Output during AT) to □0 19 (RUN output) are selected, each output is common to multiple event outputs. Available when the EV3D□ or EI option is ordered.		

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Setting Range				Data
A3=A 0　no00	**EV3 alarm value 0 Enabled/Disabled**				
	no00	Disabled			
	YES0	Enabled			
	Available when any alarm from 0001 (High limit alarm) to 0012 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV3 allocation] - excluding 0007 (Process high alarm) and 0008 (Process low alarm).				
A3HY 0　0010	**EV3 alarm hysteresis** Setting range: 0.1 to 1000.0℃ (℉), 　　DC voltage, current inputs: 1 to 10000 (The placement of the 　　　　　　decimal point follows the selection.)				
	Available when any alarm from 0001 (High limit alarm) to 0012 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV3 allocation].				
A3dY 0　0000	**EV3 alarm delay time** Setting range: 0 to 10000 seconds				
	Available when any alarm from 0001 (High limit alarm) to 0012 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV3 allocation].				
A3Lm 0　nomL	**EV3 alarm Energized/De-energized**				
	nomL	Energized			
	rEUS	De-energized			
	Available when any alarm from 0001 (High limit alarm) to 0012 (High/Low limits with standby independent alarm) is selected in [Event output EV3 allocation].				
EUI1 0　0000	**Event input DI1 allocation**				
		Event Input Function	**Input ON (Closed)**	**Input OFF (Open)**	
	0000	No event			
	0001	Pattern number selection			
	0002	Direct/Reverse action	Direct action	Reverse action	
	0003	Program control RUN/STOP	RUN	STOP	
	0004	Program control Holding/Not holding	Holding	Not holding	
	0005	Program control Advance function	Advance function	Usual control	
	Available when C5W, EIW, EIT, C5 or EI option is ordered.				

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Setting Range				Data
`EиI 2` `☐ ☐000`	**Event input DI2 allocation**				
		Event Input Function	**Input ON (Closed)**	**Input OFF (Open)**	
	`☐000`	No event			
	`☐001`	Pattern number selection			
	`☐002`	Direct/Reverse action	Direct action	Reverse action	
	`☐003`	Program control RUN/STOP	RUN	STOP	
	`☐004`	Program control Holding/Not holding	Holding	Not holding	
	`☐005`	Program control Advance function	Advance function	Usual control	
	Available when C5W, EIW, EIT, C5 or EI option is ordered.				
`r oS` `☐ Pи00`	**Transmission output type**				
	`Pи00`	PV transmission			
	`Sи00`	SV transmission			
	`пи00`	MV transmission			
	Available when EIT option is ordered.				
`r LH` `☐ 1370`	**Transmission output high limit** Setting range: PV, SV transmission: Transmission output low limit to Input range high limit Direct current, voltage inputs: -2000 to 10000 (The placement of the decimal point follows theselection.) MV transmission: Transmission output low limit to 105.0% Available when EIT option is ordered.				
`r LL` `☐ -200`	**Transmission output low limit** Setting range: PV, SV transmission: Input range low limit to Transmission output high limit Direct current, voltage inputs: -2000 to 10000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.) MV transmission: -5.0% to Transmission output high limit Available when EIT option is ordered.				
`п_S0` `☐ пі n0`	**Step time unit**				
	`пі n0`	Hours : Minutes			
	`SEc0`	Minutes : Seconds			
`PrEr` `☐ SroP`	**Power restore action**				
	`SroP`	Stops after power is restored. After power is restored, stops current program control, and returns to the program control STOP (in Standby).			
	`conr`	Continues (resumes) after power is restored. Continues (resumes) previous program control after power is restored.			
	`HoLd`	Suspends after power is restored. After power is restored, suspends (on hold) current program control, and performs Fixed value control using the step SV at the time of suspension. Pressing the RUN key cancels suspension, and Program control resumes.			

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Setting Range		Data
5_5ᵇ 0 0000	**Step SV when program control starts** Setting range: Scaling low limit to Scaling high limit (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection.)		
5_5�L 0 Pᵇ00	**Program control start type**		
	Pᵇ00	**PV start:** Only when Program control starts, the step SV and step time are advanced to the PV, then Program control starts.	
	Pᵇr0	**PVR start:** When Program control starts and in pattern repeating, the step SV and step time are advanced to the PV, then Program control starts.	
	5ᵇ00	**SV start:** When Program control starts, the Program control starts from the step SV set in [Step SV when program control starts].	
PEΓᴍ 0 0000	**Pattern end output time** Setting range: 0 to 10000 seconds		
AΓ_ᵇ 0 0020	**AT bias** Setting range: Thermocouple, RTD inputs without decimal point: 0 to 50℃ (0 to 100℉) Thermocouple, RTD inputs with decimal point: 0.0 to 50.0℃ (0.0 to 100.0℉) Available when Thermocouple or RTD input is selected in [Input type].		
EoUΓ 0 oFF0	**Output status when input errors occur**		
	oFF0	Output OFF	
	on00	Output ON	
	Available for direct current and voltage inputs, and direct current output.		
ΓᴵᴍE 0 0000	**Indication time** Setting range: 00:00 to 60:00 (Minutes : Seconds) When set to 00:00, Displays remain ON.		
Edᴵ F 0 no00	**Error indication**		
	no00	Disabled	
	YE50	Enabled	

13.8 Data Clear

Characters, Factory Default	Setting Item, Setting Range		Data
cLr0 0 no00	**Data clear Yes/No**		
	no00	Data clear No	
	YE50	Data clear Yes	

14. Making Program Pattern Table and Data Table

Before setting program, make a program pattern table and data table.

14.1 Making Program Pattern Table

Please make a copy of the program pattern table (p.161), and follow the procedure below.
(1) Write a step SV, step time, PID block number, Wait function Enabled/Disabled for
    each step from Step 1 in numerical order.
    (Even if the same block number is used, write it for every step.)
(2) Draw a line graph of step SV.

Program Pattern Table

Pattern 1					
Step number	1	2	3	4	5
Step SV	500	500	1000	1000	0
Step time	0:30	1:00	0:40	1:00	2:00
PID block number	2	2	3	3	2
Wait function Enabled/Disabled	Enabled	Disabled	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled
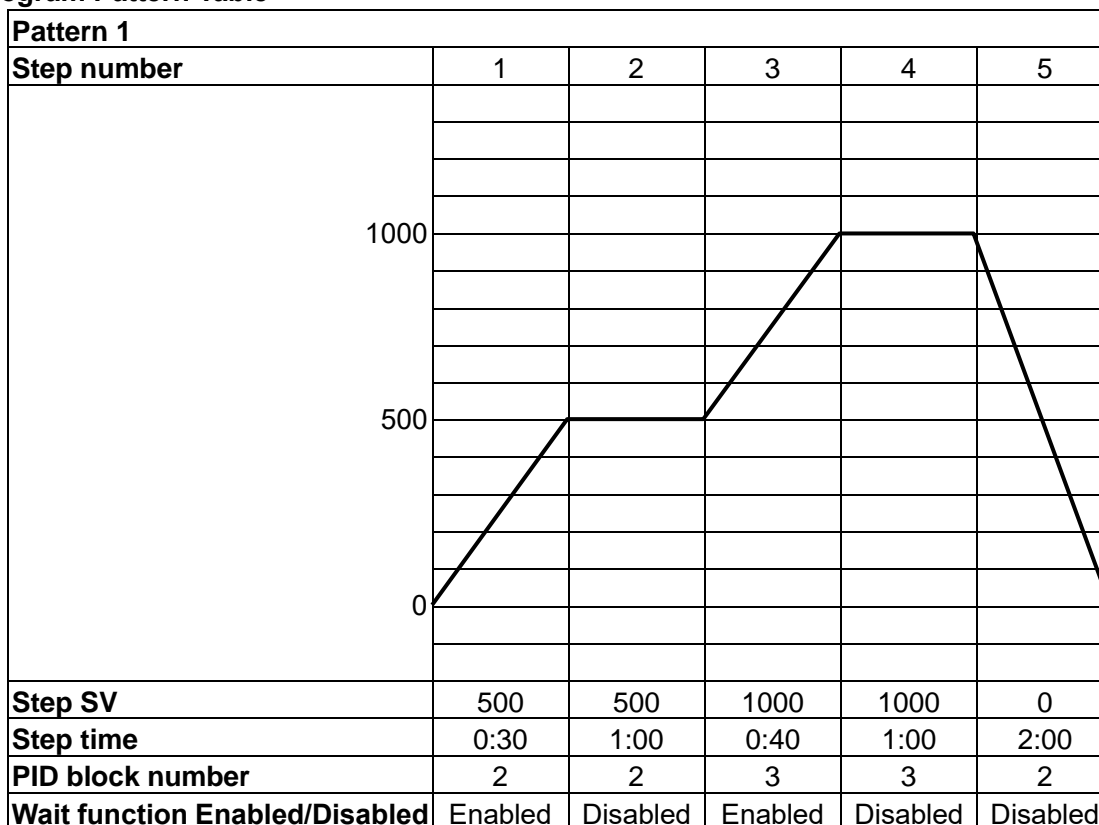
(Fig. 14.1-1)

Explanation of Program Pattern Table

Program pattern table consists of Y axis which represents the step SV (℃, ℉), and X axis which represents the step time (Hours : Minutes, Minutes : Seconds).
Step SV is considered to be the SV at the end of the step.
Step time is considered to be the step process time.

• The relation between the step SV and step time can be explained as follows.
  Step 1: The control is performed so that the temperature reaches from 0 to 500℃ for 30 minutes.
          Depending on the selection in [Program control start type], control is performed as follows.
            • When SV start is selected: Performs control from the step SV set in [Step SV when
                program control starts] so that the temperature reaches 500℃.
            • When PV start or PVR start is selected: Step SV and time are advanced to PV, and
                control starts so that the temperature reaches 500℃.
  Step 2: The control is performed so that SV is maintained at 500℃ for 1 hour.
  Step 3: The control is performed so that SV rises from 500℃ to 1000℃ for 40 minutes.
  Step 4: The control is performed so that SV is maintained at 1000℃ for 1 hour.
  Step 5: The control is performed so that SV drops from 1000℃ to 0℃ for 2 hours.

• PID block includes: OUT1 proportional band, Integral time, Derivative time, ARW, OUT2 proportional band

10 types of PID block (1 – 10) can be set.

• Wait function Enabled/Disabled can be selected for each step.

14.2 Making Data Table

Please make a copy of Data Table (p.162), and follow the procedure below.

(1) Write data for block numbers in Control parameter setting mode, by referring to the PID block numbers in the Program pattern table.

(2) For Wait value and other setting items, write the data in the table if required.

About PID block settings

If program pattern is not set for a step, its PID block number becomes 1 (factory default). We highly recommend that you leave the factory default values of PID block 1 as they are, and set the values from PID block 2.

• Example of PID block setting

PID Block number	OUT1 P-band	Integral time	Derivative time	ARW	OUT2 P-band
1	10℃	200 sec	50 sec	50%	10℃
2	30℃	240 sec	60 sec	35%	10℃
3	50℃	340 sec	85 sec	40%	10℃

• Example of Wait value setting

Wait value	10℃

Wait value is common to all steps for each pattern.

• Example of other setting items

Setting items	Data
OUT1 proportional cycle	15 seconds
OUT2 proportional cycle	15 seconds
Number of repetitions	1
Pattern link	Pattern link Disabled
Communication protocol	Shinko protocol
Instrument number	1
Communication speed	38400 bps
Data bit/Parity	7 bits/Even
Stop bit	1 bit
Response delay time	10 ms

Program Pattern Table

Please make a copy of this table for use.

Pattern number										
Step number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Step SV										
Step time										
PID block number										
Wait function Enabled/Disabled										

Data Table

Please make a copy of this table for use.

• PID block

PID Block number	OUT1 P-band	Integral time	Derivative time	ARW	OUT2 P-band
1		sec	sec	%	
2		sec	sec	%	
3		sec	sec	%	
4		sec	sec	%	
5		sec	sec	%	
6		sec	sec	%	
7		sec	sec	%	
8		sec	sec	%	
9		sec	sec	%	
10		sec	sec	%	

• Wait value

Wait value	

Wait value is common to all steps for each pattern.

• Other setting data (Please use the blank for your own usage.)

Setting item	Data
OUT1 proportional cycle	sec
OUT2 proportional cycle	sec
Number of repetitions	times
Pattern link	
Communication protocol	
Instrument number	
Communication speed	bps
Data bit/Parity	
Stop bit	
Response delay time	ms

15. Key Operation Flowchart

POWER ON

If `no□□` (Data clear No) is selected: If MODE is pressed, the unit returns to RUN mode.
If `YES□` (Data clear Yes) is selected: If MODE is pressed, the unit automatically returns to RUN mode after data clear.

`∧`+`∨`+`STOP` (3 sec) → `cLr □ / no□□` Data clear Yes/No → MODE

RUN Mode

Program control Stop (in standby) ⇄ (RUN / STOP 1 sec) Program control RUN

(*) Select a pattern with PTN, and press RUN. Program control for the pattern will be performed.

Monitor Mode (Enabled during program control)

[PV] `□500` MV indication → PTN → [PV] `0.130` Remaining time → PTN

● About Setting Item

- `rEAP / □□□□` Step 1 SV
  Upper left: PV Display: Indicates setting characters.
  Lower left: SV Display: Indicates factory default.
  Right side: Indicates setting items.
- `A2□□ / □□□□` EV2 alarm value
  Shaded setting items are optional, and appear only when the options are ordered.

- (*1) Available when 001 (High limit) to 012 (H/L limits with standby independent) are selected in [Event output EV□ allocation].
- (*2) Available when 004 (H/L limits independent), 006 (H/L limit range independent) or 012 (H/L limits with standby independent) is selected in [Event output EV□ allocation].
- (*3) Available when 015 (Time signal output) is selected in [Event output EV□ allocation].
- (*4) Available when SV digital reception (Shinko protocol) is selected in [Communication protocol].
- (*5) Available when direct current or DC voltage input is selected in [Input type].
- (*6) Available when 001(High limit) to 012 (H/L limits with standby independent) – except [007 (Process high) and 008 (Process low)] – are selected in [Event output EV□ allocation].

● Key Operation

- Use `∧` and `∨` for settings, and register the settings with MODE or DISP.
- MODE: Moves to the next item, illustrated by an arrow.
- DISP: Moves back to the previous item (Opposite to MODE).
- MODE (3 sec): Press MODE for approx. 3 seconds.
- `∧`+MODE: Press `∧` and MODE (in that order) together.
- `∧`+`∨` (3 sec): Press `∧` and `∨` (in that order) together for 3 seconds.
- `∨`+MODE (3 sec): Press `∨` and MODE (in that order) together for 3 seconds.
- `∧`+`∨`+MODE (3 sec): Press `∧`, `∨` and MODE (in that order) together for 3 seconds.
- `∧`+`∨`+STOP (3 sec): Press `∧`, `∨` and STOP (in that order) together for 3 seconds.
- RST: Returns to RUN mode from any setting items.

Setting Mode

Pattern Setting Mode (MODE)

- `rEAP` Step 1 step SV
- `rI_SE` Step 1 step time
- `Pr_d` Step 1 PID block number
- `rEAP` Step 2 step SV
- Setting items for Step 2 to 10 appear.
- `Pr_d` Step 10 PID block number
- `rEPr` Repetitions
- `cHIn` Pattern link
- Returns to the 1st item.

PTN/STEP Display indicates the selected pattern number. PTN/STEP indicator lights up the step number.

● Initial Setting
Before pattern setting and Event setting, perform initial setting as follows.
- Engineering setting mode 2: ① to ⑨
- Control parameter setting mode: ⑩, ⑪

Event Setting Mode (MODE) (3 sec)

- `A_1□□` EV1 alarm value
- `A_1H□` EV1 high limit alarm value (*2)
- `TIoF` TS1 output OFF time (*3)
- `TIon` TS1 output ON time (*3)
- `A2□□` EV2 alarm value (*1)
- `T3on` TS3 output ON time (*3)
- Returns to the 1st item.

PTN/STEP Display indicates the selected pattern number. PTN/STEP indicator is unlit.

Control Parameter Setting Mode (∧ + MODE)

- `ArI□□` AT Perform/Cancel
- `PbLt` PID block number
- `P□□□` OUT1 proportional band
- `I_200` Integral time
- `d_050` Derivative time
- `Ar50` ARW
- `c□□□` OUT1 proportional cycle ⑩
- `HYS□` OUT1 ON/OFF hysteresis
- `oLH□` OUT1 high limit
- `oLL□` OUT1 low limit
- `or_Ar` OUT1 rate-of-change
- `cAc / Ai_r□` OUT2 cooling method
- `P_b□` OUT2 proportional band (*)
- `c_b□` OUT2 proportional cycle (*)
- `HYS6` OUT2 ON/OFF hysteresis (*)
- `oLH6` OUT2 high limit (*)
- `oLL6` OUT2 low limit (*)
- `db□□` Overlap/Dead band (*)
- `conr / HEAr` Direct/Reverse action ⑪
- `H_1□□` Heater burnout alarm 1 value
- `H2□□` Heater burnout alarm 2 value
- `L_P_r` Loop break alarm time
- `L_P_H` Loop break alarm span
- Returns to the 1st item.

(*) PTN/STEP Display indicates the PID block number. PTN/STEP indicator is unlit.

Wait Parameter Setting Mode (∧ + ∨) (3 sec)

- `UAIr` Wait value
- `UAc_r` Step 1 Wait function Enabled/Disabled
- `UAc_r` Step 2 Wait function Enabled/Disabled (*)
- Setting items for Step 2 to 10 appear.
- `UAc_r` Step 10 Wait function Enabled/Disabled (*)
- Returns to the 1st item.

(*) PTN/STEP Display indicates the selected pattern number. PTN/STEP indicator lights up the step number.
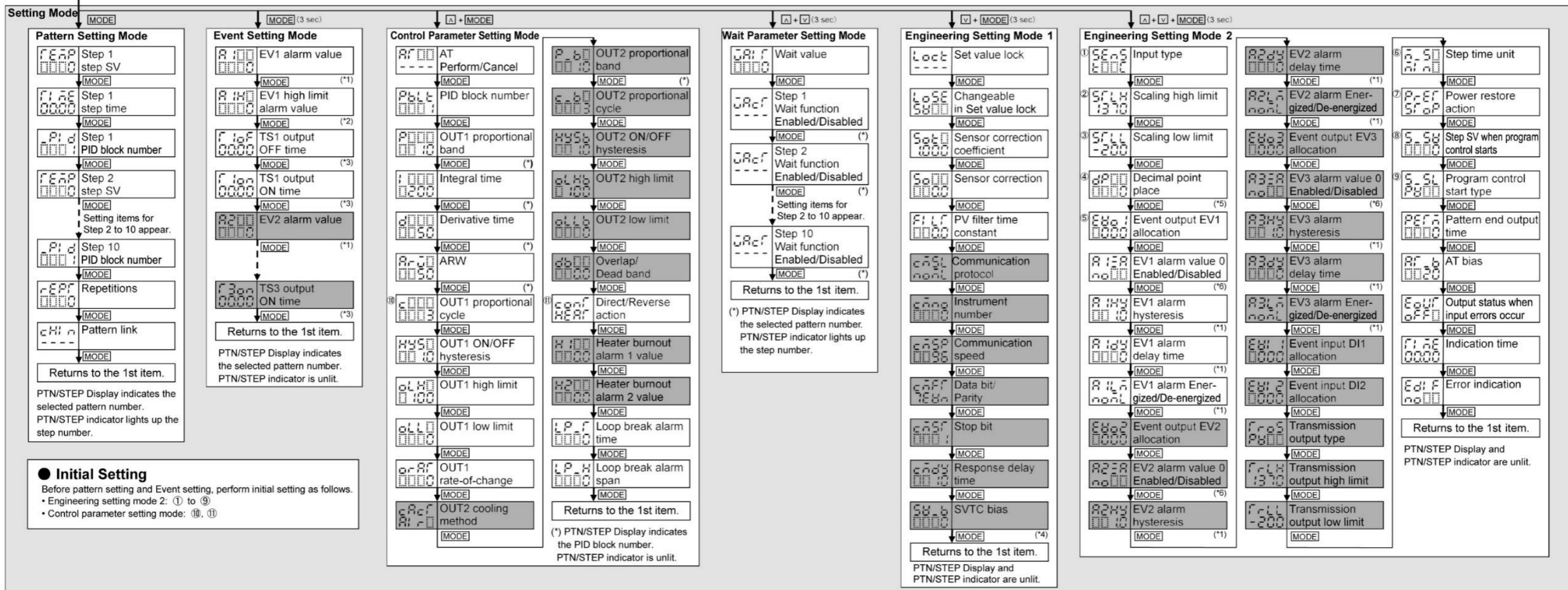
Engineering Setting Mode 1 (∨ + MODE) (3 sec)

- `Loc_t` Set value lock ①
- `LoSE / S8□□` Changeable in Set value lock
- `So_t□` Sensor correction coefficient
- `So□□` Sensor correction
- `FILr` PV filter time constant
- `cnSL / noAL` Communication protocol
- `cno□` Instrument number
- `cnSP / □□96` Communication speed
- `cnPr / 7En` Data bit/Parity
- `cnSr` Stop bit
- `cndY` Response delay time
- `S8_b` SVTC bias (*4)
- Returns to the 1st item.

PTN/STEP Display and PTN/STEP indicator are unlit.

Engineering Setting Mode 2 (∧ + ∨ + MODE) (3 sec)

- `SEnS / t□□c` Input type ①
- `SFLH / 1370` Scaling high limit ②
- `SFLL / -200` Scaling low limit ③
- `dP□□` Decimal point place ④ (*5)
- `EV□n / □□□` Event output EV1 allocation ⑤
- `A_1□A / no□□` EV1 alarm value 0 Enabled/Disabled (*6)
- `A_1HY / □□` EV1 alarm hysteresis (*1)
- `A_1dY / □□□` EV1 alarm delay time (*1)
- `A_1Ln / noAL` EV1 alarm Energized/De-energized (*1)
- `EV□2` Event output EV2 allocation
- `A2□A / no□□` EV2 alarm value 0 Enabled/Disabled (*6)
- `A2HY / □□` EV2 alarm hysteresis (*1)
- `A2dY / □□□` EV2 alarm delay time (*1)
- `A2Ln / noAL` EV2 alarm Energized/De-energized (*1)
- `EVo3` Event output EV3 allocation
- `A3□A / no□□` EV3 alarm value 0 Enabled/Disabled (*6)
- `A3HY / □□` EV3 alarm hysteresis (*1)
- `A3dY / □□□` EV3 alarm delay time (*1)
- `A3Ln / noAL` EV3 alarm Energized/De-energized (*1)
- `EVI_1` Event input DI1 allocation
- `EVI_2` Event input DI2 allocation
- `rnoS / P8□□` Transmission output type
- `rCLH / 1370` Transmission output high limit
- `rCLL / -200` Transmission output low limit

- `P_SU / Ai_n□` Step time unit ⑥
- `PrEr / SroP` Power restore action ⑦ (*1)
- `S_SU / P8□□` Step SV when program control starts ⑧
- `S_SL / no□□` Program control start type ⑨
- `PErn / □□□□` Pattern end output time
- `AF_b` AT bias
- `EoUr / oFF□` Output status when input errors occur
- `rInE / □□□□` Indication time
- `Ed_F / no□□` Error indication
- Returns to the 1st item.

PTN/STEP Display and PTN/STEP indicator are unlit.

Pattern link			**Stop bit**			`r□□F`	R	32 to 3200 °F	`□□□□`	3 digits after decimal point	`□□20`	Heating/Cooling control output *
`- - - -`	Pattern link Disabled	**Changeable in Set value lock**	`□□□1`	1 bit	`S□□F`	S	32 to 3200 °F	**Event output EV1 to EV3 allocation**		* Available only for Event output EV2 allocation	`SroP`	Stops after power is restored
`cHIn`	Pattern link Enabled	`S8□□`	Step SV + Step time	`□□□2`	2 bits	`b□□F`	B	32 to 3308 °F	`□□□0`	No event	**EV1 to EV3 alarm value 0 Enabled / Disabled**	`conr`	Continues after power is restored
AT Perform / Cancel		**Input type**				`E□□F`	E	-328 to 1472 °F	`□□01`	High limit alarm	`no□□`	Disabled	`Hold`	Suspends after power is restored
`- - - -`	AT Cancel	`S8E8`	Step SV + Step time + EV□ alarm value	`t□□C`	K	-200 to 1370 °C	`r□_F`	T	-328.0 to 752.0 °F	`□□02`	Low limit alarm	`YES□`	Enabled	**Program control start type**
`Ar□□`	AT Perform	**Communication protocol**		`t□_C`	K	-200.0 to 400.0 °C	`n□□F`	N	-328 to 2372 °F	`□□03`	H/L limits independent alarm	**EV1 to EV3 alarm Energized / De-energized**	`P8□□`	PV start
OUT2 cooling method		`noAL`	Shinko protocol	`J□□C`	J	-200 to 1000 °C	`PL2F`	PL-II	32 to 2534 °F	`□□04`	H/L limits independent alarm	`noAL`	Energized	`PUr□`	PVR start
`Ai_r□`	Air cooling	`S8r□`	SV digital transmission (Shinko protocol)	`r□□C`	R	0 to 1760 °C	`c□□F`	C(W/Re5-26)	32 to 4199 °F	`□□05`	H/L limit range alarm	`rEUS`	De-energized	`S8□□`	SV start
`oi_L□`	Oil cooling	`S8r_`	SV digital reception (Shinko protocol)	`S□□C`	S	0 to 1760 °C	`Pr_F`	Pt100	-328.0 to 1562.0 °F	`□□06`	H/L limit range independent alarm	**Event input DI1, DI2 allocation**	**Output status when input errors occur**	
`UAr□`	Water cooling	`nodA`	Modbus ASCII mode	`b□□C`	B	0 to 1820 °C	`JPrF`	JPt100	-328.0 to 932.0 °F	`□□07`	Process high alarm	`□□□0`	No event	`oFF□`	Output OFF
Direct / Reverse action		`nodr`	Modbus RTU mode	`E□□C`	E	-200 to 800 °C	`Pr□F`	Pt100	-328 to 1562 °F	`□□08`	Process low alarm	`□□01`	Pattern number selection	`on□□`	Output ON
`HEAr`	Reverse control action	**Communication speed**		`r□_C`	T	-200.0 to 400.0 °C	`JPrF`	JPt100	-328 to 932 °F	`□□09`	Direct / Reverse action	`□□02`	Direct / Reverse action	**Error indication**	
`cooL`	Direct control action	`□□96`	9600 bps	`n□□C`	N	-200 to 1300 °C	`420A`	4 - 20 mA	-2000 to 10000	`□□10`	Low limit with standby alarm	`□□03`	Program control RUN / STOP	`no□□`	Disabled
Step 1 to 10 Wait function Enabled / Disabled		`□_192`	19200 bps	`PL2C`	PL-II	0 to 1390 °C	`020A`	0 - 20 mA	-2000 to 10000	`□□11`	H/L limits with standby alarm	`□□04`	Program control Holding / Not holding	`YES□`	Enabled
`- - - -`	Disabled	`□384`	38400 bps	`c□□C`	C(W/Re5-26)	0 to 2315 °C	`□□1U`	0 - 1 V	-2000 to 10000	`□□12`	H/L limits with standby independent	`□□05`	Program control Advance function	**Transmission output type**	
`USE□`	Enabled	**Data bit / Parity**		`Pr_C`	Pt100	-200.0 to 850.0 °C	`□5U`	0 - 5 V	-2000 to 10000	`□□13`	Heater burnout alarm output			`P8□□`	PV transmission
Set value lock		`8non`	8 bits / No parity	`JPrC`	JPt100	-200.0 to 500.0 °C	`1□5U`	1 - 5 V	-2000 to 10000	`□□14`	Loop break alarm output			`S8□□`	SV transmission
`- - - -`	Unlock	`7non`	7 bits / No parity	`Pr_C`	Pt100	-200 to 850 °C	`0_10U`	0 - 10 V	-2000 to 10000	`□□15`	Time signal output			`AU□□`	MV transmission
`Loc_1`	Lock 1	`8EUn`	8 bits / Even	`JPrC`	JPt100	-200 to 500 °C	**Decimal point place**			`□□16`	Output during AT				
`Loc_2`	Lock 2	`7EUn`	7 bits / Even	`t□□F`	K	-328 to 2498 °F	`□□□□`	No decimal point	`□□17`	Pattern end output	**Step time unit**			
`Loc_3`	Lock 3	`8odd`	8 bits / Odd	`t□_F`	K	-328.0 to 752.0 °F	`□□□□`	1 digit after decimal point	`□□18`	Output by communication command	`Ai_n□`	Hours : Minutes		
`Loc_4`	Lock 4	`7odd`	7 bits / Odd	`J□□F`	J	-328 to 1832 °F	`□□□□`	2 digits after decimal point	`□□19`	RUN output	`SEc□`	Minutes : Seconds		
`Loc5`	Lock 5												

*****   Inquiries   *****

For any inquiries about this unit, please contact our agency or the vendor where you purchased the unit after checking the following.

[Example]
- Model ----------------------------- PCB1R00-52
- Option ----------------------------- EV3(DR), C5W(100A)
- Serial number -------------------- No. 173F05000

In addition to the above, please let us know the details of the malfunction, or discrepancy, and the operating conditions.

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OVERSEAS DIVISION

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