INFRARED TEMPERATURE SENSOR RD-600 SERIES

INSTRUCTION MANUAL





Preface

Thank you for purchasing our Infrared Temperature Sensor RD-600 series. This manual contains instructions for the mounting, functions, operations and notes when operating the RD-600 series. To ensure safe and correct use, thoroughly read and understand this manual before using this instrument. To prevent accidents arising from the misuse of this instrument, please ensure the operator receives this manual.

Notes

- This instrument should be used in accordance with the specifications described in the manual. If it is not used according to the specifications, it may malfunction or cause a fire.
- Be sure to follow the warnings, cautions and notices. If they are not observed, serious injury or malfunction may occur.
- · Specifications of the instrument and the contents of this instruction manual are subject to change without notice.
- Care has been taken to ensure that the contents of this instruction manual are correct, but if there are any doubts, mistakes or questions, please inform our sales department.
- This instrument is designed to be used in close proximity to the target object. Measures must be taken to ensure that the operator cannot touch power terminals or other high voltage sections.
- Any unauthorized transfer or copying of this document, in part or in whole, is prohibited.
- Shinko Technos Co., Ltd. is not liable for any damage or secondary damage(s) incurred as a result of using this product, including any indirect damage.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS (Be sure to read these precautions before using our products.) The safety precautions are classified into categories: "Warning" and "Caution".

Depending on the circumstances, procedures indicated by \triangle Caution may cause serious results, so be sure to follow the directions for usage.



Warning Procedures which may load to datage of a construction of the cause death or serious injury, if not carried out properly. Procedures which may lead to dangerous conditions and

Procedures which may lead to dangerous conditions and cause superficial to medium injury or physical damage or may degrade or damage the product, if not carried out properly.

🗥 Warning

- To prevent an electrical shock or fire, only Shinko or qualified service personnel may handle the inner assembly.
- To prevent an electrical shock, fire, or damage to instrument, parts replacement may only be undertaken by Shinko or gualified service personnel.

Safety Precautions

- To ensure safe and correct use, thoroughly read and understand this manual before using this instrument.
- This instrument is intended to be used for industrial machinery, machine tools and measuring equipment. Verify correct usage after purpose-of-use consultation with our agency or main office. (Never use this instrument for medical purposes with which human lives are involved.)
- External protection devices such as protective equipment against excessive temperature rise, etc. must be installed, as malfunction of this product could result in serious damage to the system or injury to personnel. Proper periodic maintenance is also required.
- This instrument must be used under the conditions and environment described in this manual. Shinko Technos Co., Ltd. does not accept liability for any injury, loss of life or damage occurring due to the instrument being used under conditions not otherwise stated in this manual.

🗥 Caution with Respect to Export Trade Control Ordinance

To avoid this instrument from being used as a component in, or as being utilized in the manufacture of weapons of mass destruction (i.e. military applications, military equipment, etc.), please investigate the end users and the final use of this instrument. In the case of resale, ensure that this instrument is not illegally exported.

1. Installation Precautions

▲ Caution

- The sensing head should be kept as close as possible to the target object.
- When installing this sensor, no obstacles should be placed between the sensing head and target object.
- This sensor has a temperature operating range of -20 to 85 $\,^\circ\!\!\!C$ (for sensing head) and 0 to 65 $\,^\circ\!\!\!C$ (for electronics module).
- This sensor has a humidity operating range of 10 to 95 %RH (non-condensing).
- The sensing head lens should be protected from powder, dust, etc.
- Use an air purge collar (ATAL, sold separately) when this sensor is mounted in a place where fumes, dust, gases or contaminants are present. (Airflow: 2 to 10 liters/minute)
- Install this sensor away from electrical noise, motors or generators.

2. Wiring Precautions

\land Warning

• Never connect the power supply to the analog output. The output circuit will break.

3. Measurement and Maintenance Precautions

▲ Caution

- When using the air purge collar, make sure to use oil-free, clean compressed air.
- Clean the lens surface with a soft, damp cloth or tissue paper moistened with water or water based glass cleaner. (Never use cleaning compounds which contain solvents.)
- As the display section of the electronics module is vulnerable, do not strike or scratch it with a hard object or put pressure on it.
- The Average time is set to the minimum value as a factory default, so fluctuation may occur in indication and output action depending conditions.

In this case, set the Average time to a suitable value.

Contents

	Page
1. Model	
1.1 Model	5
1.2 How to Read the Model Label	5
2. Names and Functions of Sections	6
3. Target Objects	7
4. Installation	
4.1 Target Spot Size versus Distance from Sensing Head	8
4.2 Mounting	
4.2.1 Direct Mounting	9
4.2.2 Mounting when Mounting Bracket (TFB, sold separately) is Use	ed - 10
4.2.3 Mounting when Air Purge Collar (ATAL, sold separately) is Us	ed -11
4.2.4 Mounting Using the Sighting Tube (Sold Separately)	13
4.2.5 Mounting the Electronics Module	14
5. Wiring	
5.1 Terminal Arrangement	15
5.1.1 Wiring of Power Supply	16
5.1.2 Analog Output	16
5.1.3 High Limit Alarm Output	17
5.2 Wiring Example	18
6. Setup	19
6.1 Turn the Power ON	20
6.2 Outline of Key Operation	20
6.3 Details of Setting Items	21
7. Measurement	26
8. Specifications	28
9. Troubleshooting	33
0. Key Operation Flowchart	34
1. Character Table	35
Appendix A: Emissivity Table: Metals	37
Appendix B: Emissivity Table: Non-Metals	39

4

1. Model

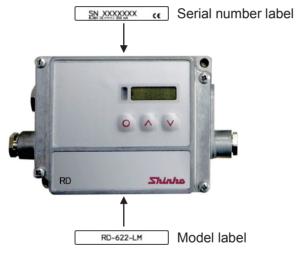
1.1 Model

Model	Spectral Range	Field of View	Temperature Range
RD-622-LM	2.3 µ _m	22:1	50 to 400 °C (*)
RD-675-HM	2.3 μ _m	75:1	150 to 1000 °C (*)

(*) Temperature of target object > Sensing head temperature + 25 $\,^\circ C$

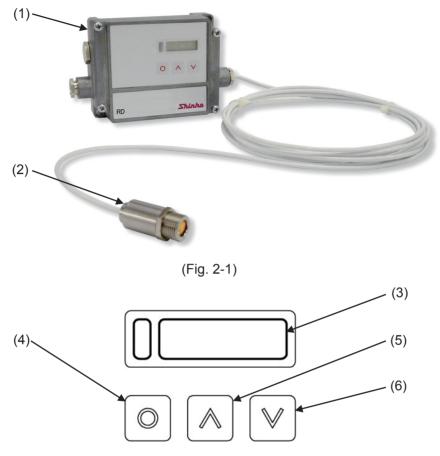
1.2 How to Read the Model Label

The serial number label is attached to the upper/front edge of the Electronics module. The model label is attached to the lower/front edge (below the Shinko logo) of the Electronics module.



(Fig. 1.2-1)

2. Names and Functions of Sections





- (1) Electronics module
- (2) Sensing head

(3) LCD display: Indicates a temperature. (If target object temperature is the same as or lower than, the temperature range low limit value, temperature range low limit value will be indicated.)
When normal, the backlight is green.
In the setting mode, setting items and set values are indicated.
When Low limit alarm output is ON, the backlight is blue.
When High limit alarm output is ON, the backlight is red.
When both Low limit alarm output and High limit alarm output are ON, the backlight is purple.
Indicates error messages in the event of sensing head temperature too low/too high, electronics module temperature too low/too high.

- (Backlight is green.)
- (4) Mode Key: Selects a setting mode.
- (5) Up Key: Increases the numeric value.
- (6) Down Key: Decreases the numeric value.

3. Target Objects

Target objects are shown below.

Non-problematic objects

Lustrous metal surfaces, secondary processed metals, metal oxide, ceramic materials Measurement can be performed through general and heat-resistant glass. Asphalt, papers, plastics, rubbers, textiles

Slightly problematic objects

Low lustrous metals, thin transparent plastics, etc.

If measurement is difficult, black body tape can be used to raise emissivity.

4. Installation

1 Caution

- The sensing head should be kept as close as possible to the target object.
- When installing this sensor, no obstacles should be placed between the sensing head and target object.
- The target spot size should be the same or smaller than the target object. Refer to Section 4.1 Target Spot Size versus Distance from Sensing Head.
- Indication may be unstable depending of the mounting environment. In this case, review the mounting environment. If indication is still unstable, it can be stabilized by setting the Average time. See [Average time] on p.22.
- The sensor has a temperature operating range of -20 to 85° (for sensing head) and 0 to 65 $^{\circ}$ (for electronics module).
- The sensor has a humidity operating range of 10 to 95%RH (non-condensing).
- The sensing head lens should be protected from powder, dust, etc.
- Use an air purge collar (ATAL, sold separately) when this sensor is mounted in a place where fumes, dust, gases or contaminants are present.

(Discharge air flow rate: 2 to 10 liters/minute)

• Install this sensor away from electrical noise, motors or generators.

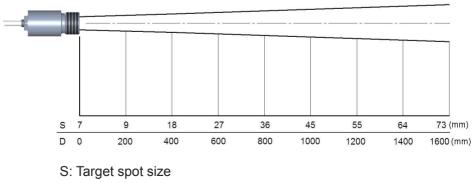
* For installation of the mounting bracket (TFB, sold separately), refer to Section 4.2.2 Mounting Using the Mounting Bracket (TFB, sold separately) (p.10).

For installation of the air purge collar (ATAL, sold separately), refer to Section 4.2.3 Mounting when Air Purge Collar (ATAL (sold separately) is Used (pages 11-13).

4.1 Target Spot Size versus Distance from Sensing Head

(Fig. 4.1-1, Fig. 4.1-2) show the relationship between the target spot size and distance from the sensing head. Not to scale.

Take these values into consideration when installing the sensor.

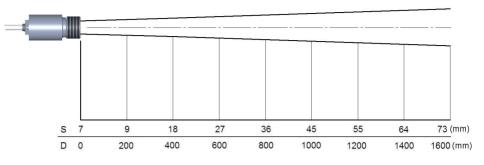


Field of view D:S = 22:1 (Model: RD-622-LM)

D: Distance from the front of the sensing head to the object

⁽Fig. 4.1-1)

Field of view D:S = 75:1 (Model: RD-675-HM)



S: Target spot size

D: Distance from the front of the sensing head to the object (Fig. 4.1-2)

4.2 Mounting

There are 3 methods for mounting the sensing head.

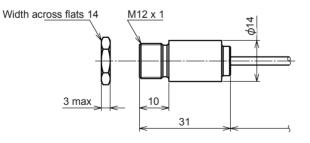
- Direct mounting
- Mounting when mounting bracket (TFB, sold separately) is used
- Mounting when air purge collar (ATAL, sold separately) is used

4.2.1 Direct Mounting

The sensing head is threaded $(M12 \times 1)$ for mounting directly into an appropriately sized hole.

Remember to remove the nut before mounting.

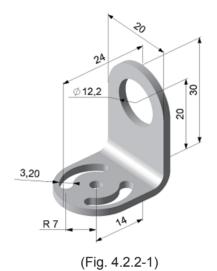
Sensing head dimensions (Scale: mm)



(Fig. 4.2.1-1)

4.2.2 Mounting when Mounting Bracket (TFB, sold separately) is Used

When using the mounting bracket, the sensing head can be easily mounted anywhere.



Mounting bracket (TFB) dimensions (Scale: mm)

Mounting procedures are shown below.

- (1) Fix the mounting bracket at the desired site using a screw (M3 size not included).
- (2) Remove the included hexagonal nut from the sensing head, and pass the sensing head through the mounting bracket. Secure it using the hexagonal nut.



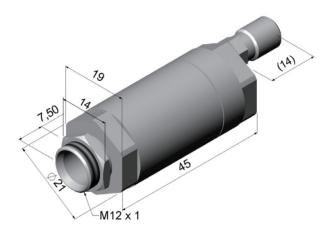
(Fig. 4.2.2-2)

4.2.3 Mounting when Air Purge Collar (ATAL, sold separately) is Used

The air purge collar is used to suppress rises in temperature of the sensing head, and to keep fumes, dust, gases and other contaminants away from the lens. The mounting bracket (TFB, sold separately) is also necessary.

- Airflow: 2 to 10 liters/minute
- Use clean, oil-free compressed air.

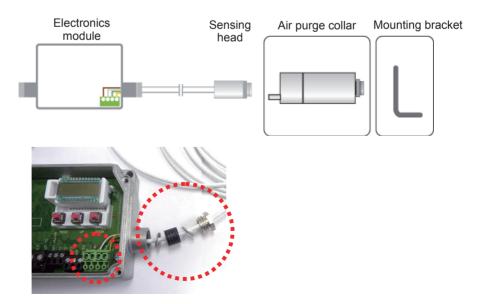
Air purge collar (ATAL) dimensions (Scale: mm)



(Fig. 4.2.3-1)

Mounting procedures are shown below.

(1) Remove cover of the Electronics module, and disconnect the sensing head cables from the terminals in the module.

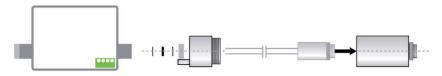


(Fig. 4.2.3-2)

(2) Unscrew the back part of the air purge collar from the front part.

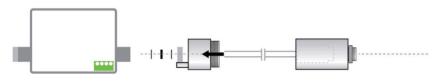


(3) Screw the sensing head into the front part of the air purge collar.



(Fig. 4.2.3-4)

(4) Pass the sensing head cables through the back part of the air purge collar.



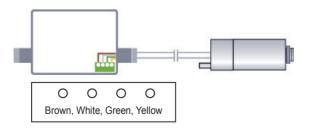
(Fig. 4.2.3-5)

(5) Screw the back part of the air purge collar onto the front part.



(Fig. 4.2.3-6)

(6) Reconnect the sensing head cables in the module.



(Fig. 4.2.3-7)

(7) Fix the mounting bracket (TFB, sold separately) at the desired site using a screw. (M3 size – not included) (8) Pass the air purge collar through the mounting bracket, and fix the collar using the hexagonal nut provided.



(Fig. 4.2.3-8)

(9) Attach the tube and air pump to the air purge collar.

Refer to the tube size and air pump specifications recommended below. Recommended tube size: Inside diameter: 4 mm; Outside diameter: 6 mm Recommended air pump: Air pump should fit tube size and deliver a discharge air flow rate corresponding to the air purge collar (2 to 10 liters/minute).

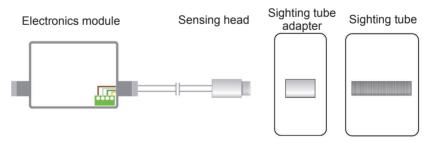
4.2.4 Mounting Using the Sighting Tube (Sold Separately)

By mounting the Sighting tube, unwanted background infrared near the target object can be blocked.

[Sighting tube 40 mm (AST40APA, for RD-622-LM),

Sighting tube 88 mm (AST88APA, for RD-675-HM)]

Sighting tube adapter is included with the Sighting tube.



(Fig. 4.2.4-1)

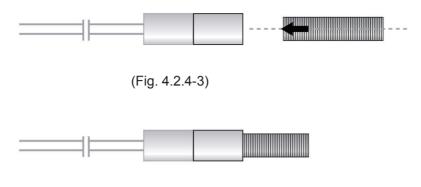
The following outlines the procedure for installation.

(1) Screw the Sighting tube adapter securely to the sensing head.



(Fig. 4.2.4-2)

(2) Screw the Sighting tube into the attached Sighting tube adapter.



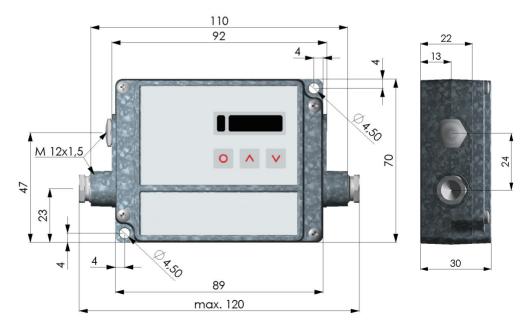
(Fig. 4.2.4-4)

For mounting to the Mounting bracket (TFB), see Section [4.2.2 Mounting when Mounting Bracket (TFB, sold separately) is Used] (p.10).

4.2.5 Mounting the Electronics Module

Fix the module at the desired site with screws (M4 size - not included).

Electronics module dimensions (Scale: mm)



(Fig. 4.2.5-1)

5. Wiring

ᡗ Warning

• Turn the power supply to any connected instruments (indicators, controllers, etc.) OFF before wiring.

Working on or touching the terminal with the power switched ON may result in severe injury or death due to electric shock.

Never connect the power supply to the analog output. Output circuit will break.

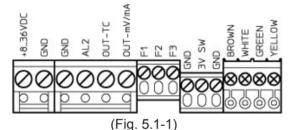
▲ Caution

When using this sensor in a place where electrical noise is present, connect the shield (using a shielded wire) to the ground terminal of any connected instruments (indicators, controllers, etc.).

If they have no ground terminal, connect the shield to the ground terminal of the control panel.

5.1 Terminal Arrangement

With the cover removed from the electronics module, terminals are attached as follows.

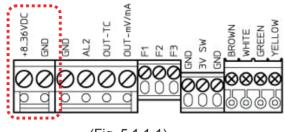


Terminal Name	Contents	
+836 VDC	Power supply	
GND	GND (Power supply)	
GND	GND (Internal input/output)	
AL2	High limit alarm output (Open collector output)	
OUT-TC	Analog output (Thermocouple K, J)	
OUT-mV/mA	Analog output (DC voltage, current)	
F1-F3	Not used	
GND	Not used	
3V-SW	Not used	
GND	Not used	
BROWN	Sensing head temperature signal (*)	
WHITE	Sensor GND (*)	
GREEN	Sensor power supply (*)	
YELLOW	Target temperature signal (*)	

(*) Connected prior to being shipped.

5.1.1 Wiring of Power Supply

Use 8 to 36 V DC power supply (Max. 100 mA).



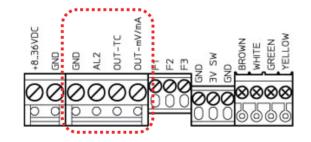
(Fig. 5.1.1-1)

5.1.2 Analog Output

Analog output terminals differ depending on the output selected in [Analog output (p.21)].

Analog Output		Terminals
DC voltage	0 to 5 V DC	OUT-mV/mA, GND
Direct current	0 to 20 mA DC	OUT-mV/mA, GND
Direct current	4 to 20 mA DC	OUT-mV/mA, GND
Thermocouple	К	OUT-TC, GND
Thermocouple	J	OUT-TC, GND
DC voltage	0 to 10 V DC	OUT-mV/mA, GND

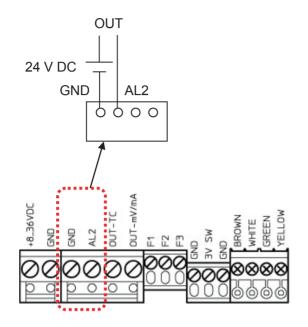
DC voltage:	0 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC		
	Load resistance: 100 k $\!\Omega$ or more		
Direct current:	0 to 20 mA DC, 4 to 20 mA DC		
	Load resistance: 500 Ω or less		
Thermocouple:	K, J		
	Output impedance 20 Ω		



(Fig. 5.1.2-1)

5.1.3 High Limit Alarm Output

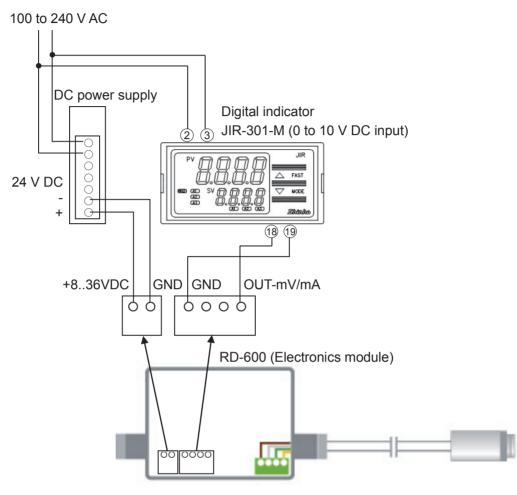
High limit alarm output: Open collector type Capacity: 24 V DC, Max. 50 mA



(Fig. 5.1.3-1)

5.2 Wiring Example

Wiring example between RD-600 series (analog output 0 to 10 V DC) and Shinko digital indicator JIR-301-M (0 to 10 V DC input) is shown below.



(Fig. 5.2-1)

6. Setup

Setup should be done before using this instrument, in order to select Analog output, Emissivity, Analog output scaling low limit, Analog output scaling high limit, Analog output low limit, Analog output high limit, Alarm, etc. according to the users' conditions.

Factory defaults are shown in (Table 6-1).

Setting Item	Factory Default
Analog output	0 to 5 V DC
Emissivity	1.000
Transmissivity	1.000
Average time	0.001 seconds
Peak hold time	OFF
Valley hold time	OFF
Analog output scaling low limit	Temperature range low limit
Analog output scaling high limit	Temperature range high limit
Analog output low limit	0.00 V DC
Analog output high limit	5.00 V DC
Temperature unit	ື
Low limit alarm value	(Table 6.2)
High limit alarm value	- (Table 6-2)
Ambient temperature	Sensing head temperature
compensation (sensor)	

(Table 6-1)

(Table 6-2)

Medel	Factory Default	
Model	Low Limit Alarm Value	High Limit Alarm Value
RD-622-LM	100.0 °C	300.0 °C
RD-675-HM	350.0 °C	°℃ 0.006

If the users' specification is the same as the factory default of the sensor, or if setup has already been completed, it is not necessary to set up the instrument. Proceed to Section 7. Measurement (p.26).

6.1 Turn the Power ON

After the power is turned ON, the LCD display indicates .1.1.1.1 for several seconds.

After that, the temperature of the target object will be indicated on the LCD display. Backlight of the LCD display differs depending on the RD-600 status.

RD-600 Status	Backlight
When normal	Green
When Low limit alarm output is ON.	Blue
When High limit alarm output is ON	Red
When both Low limit alarm and High	Purple
limit alarm are ON.	

6.2 Outline of Key Operation

	1
Power ON	
▲	
<u> </u>	Indicates object temperature
(Example)	(After signal processing)
20088	Not used
20.5CH	Indicates sensing head
(Example)	temperature
lo	
<u>↓</u>	
H 366.6	High limit alarm value
(Example)	
	_
XHERI	Ambient temperature
XHER]	Ambient temperature compensation (sensor)
	compensation (sensor)

About Key Operation

- By pressing the O key, the instrument proceeds to each setting item.
- Set each setting item with the \land or \heartsuit key. Set values are immediately validated.
- If 10 seconds elapse with no selection made, the instrument automatically returns to $\Box \subseteq \Box \subseteq \Box \subseteq \Box$ [Indicates object temperature (After signal processing)].

If the O key is pressed again, the instrument will revert to the last setting item.

6.3 Details of Setting Items

Display	Name, Function, Setting Range	Factory Default
(Example)	Indicates object temperature (After signal processing)	
	• Indicates temperature of the target object after signal is processed if functions such as average time, peak hold and valley hold are set.	
20088	Not usedDo not set this item as this setting	item is not used.
2050H (Example)	Indicates sensing head temperature	
	Indicates the sensing head tempe	rature.
02503 (Example)	Indicates electronics module inner temperature	
	 Indicates interior temperature of the 	ne electronics module.
ESØER (Example)	Indicates current target temperature • Indicates current temperature of the target object.	
о 🛛 М И S	Analog output • Selects an analog output signal. • □ □ M V 5: 0 to 5 V DC □ □ □ - 2 □: 0 to 20 mA DC □ □ - 2 □: 4 to 20 mA DC □ □ T C K: Thermocouple K □ □ T C J: Thermocouple J □ M V 1□: 0 to 10 V DC	0 to 5 V DC
E 1.000	 Emissivity Sets emissivity. For the emissivity setting, refer to (Emissivity Table: Metals) and App Non-Metals) (pages 37 to 39). Setting range: 0.100 to 1.100 	

Display	Name, Function, Setting Range	Factory Default	
	Transmissivity	1.000	
	Sets transmissivity.		
	Set this value when optical components (protective window, lens,		
	etc.) are mounted between sensor and target object.		
	If no optical components are mour	nted, set the value to 1.000 (100%).	
	Setting range: 0.100 to 1.100		
80.001	Average time	0.001 seconds	
	Sets average time (time constant)		
	Indication or output action will be a	averaged by setting the average	
	time (time constant).		
	• 🗄 : OFF		
	0.001 to 999.9 seconds	055	
r	Peak hold time	OFF	
	Sets peak hold time. Sets length of time to hold the nee	k volue while the temperature	
	Sets length of time to hold the pea descends.	ik value while the temperature	
	After hold time has passed, the sig	anal will drop down to the second	
	highest value (this is indicated as		
	1/8 of the difference between the previous peak and the minimum value during hold time.		
	This value will be held for the specified length of time.		
	Peak hold and valley hold cannot l	•	
	Refer to [Peak Hold (p.25)].	-	
	• : OFF		
	0.001 to 999.8 seconds		
	Paaaa:∞		
l/	Valley hold time	OFF	
	 Sets valley hold time. 		
	Sets length of time to hold the valle	ey value while the temperature	
	ascends.		
	After hold time has passed, the sig		
	lowest value (this is indicated as a valley value), or will ascend by		
	1/8 of the difference between the previous valley value and the		
	maximum value during hold time.	ified length of time	
	This value will be held for the spec	-	
	Valley hold and peak hold cannot be set simultaneously.		
	• 1/: OFF 0.001 to 999.8 seconds		
	0.00110 999.8 Seconds ∜ a a a a: ∞		
	r wwww. ∽		

Display	Name, Function, Se	tting Range	Factory Default
u 050.0	Analog output scalir		
or	Sets Analog output scaling low limit value.		
גרו גרו ביו א נא נא ביו נ	Minimum scaling span is 20.0 ℃.		
	If Analog output scaling low limit value is set to a value higher than		
	Analog output scalin	g high limit va	lue, Analog output scaling high
	limit value will be aut	omatically set	to [Analog output scaling low limit
	+ 20.0 °C].		
		•	ocouple K) or Land T C d
	(thermocouple J) is s	selected in [An	alog output].
	 Setting range: Temp 	erature range	low limit to
		-	ing high limit – 20.0 ℃]
גרו גרו גרו ו. נא נא נא ר	Analog output scalir		
Or 4 Ca Ca Ca	Sets Analog output s	0 0	nit value.
	Minimum scaling spa		
	. .		lue cannot be set to a value lower
	than [Analog output	-	-
			ocouple K) or □□⊺[] ↓
	(thermocouple J) is s	-	• • •
	• • •	•	ing low limit + 20.0 ℃] to
	Analog output low li	erature range	0.00 V DC
	Sets the Analog output		
			sponds to the Analog output
	scaling low limit valu		spondo to the malog output
	•		ocouple K) or o□⊺〔 ↓
	(thermocouple J) is s	•	
	Setting range differs	depending or	the selection in [Analog output].
	(Table 6.3-1)		
	Analog Output	Setting	Range
	0 to 5 V DC	0.00 to 5.00	V DC
	0 to 20 mA DC	0.00 to 20.00) mA DC
	4 to 20 mA DC	4.00 to 20.00	
	0 to 10 V DC	0.00 to 10.00) V DC
. 0 5.0 Ø	Analog output high	limit	5.00 V DC
	Sets the Analog output high limit value.		
	Analog output high limit value corresponds to the Analog output		
	scaling high limit value.		
	• Not available if OUTEK (thermocouple K) or OUTEU		
	(thermocouple J) is selected in [Analog output].		
	• Setting range differs depending on the selection in [Analog output].		
	Setting range: The same as (Table 6.3-1) above.		

Display	Name, Function, Setting Range	Factory Default	
UDDOC	Temperature unit	°C	
	Selects the temperature unit.		
	U00F: °F		
	Low limit alarm value	(Table 6.3-3)	
or 13500	 Sets Low limit alarm value. Hysteresis is fixed to 2 °C. 		
נש כב כב ו	• Setting range: -50.0 to 400.0 °C (I	RD-622-LM)	
	150.0 to 1000 ℃ (F		
	High limit alarm value	(Table 6.3-3)	
or	Sets High limit alarm value.	/	
	Hysteresis is fixed to 2 °C.		
	• Setting range: -50.0 to 400.0 ℃ (I		
	150.0 to 1000 ℃(F	,	
XHEAD	Ambient temperature	Sensing head temperature	
	compensation (sensor)		
	Sets ambient temperature.		
	When emissivity of the target object is low, the sensing head will		
	read reflected energy from the nearby background.		
	This effect can be compensated by setting the ambient temperature of the object.		
	If the ambient temperature of the object and sensing head		
	temperature are the same, select $X H \in A \square$.		
	If the ambient temperature of the object and sensing head temper-		
	ature are different, set the ambient temperature of the target object.		
	• XHER II: Sensing head tempera		
	using the sensor inne		
	Setting range: RD-622-LM: -50.0 t	. , ,	
		to 1010 ℃ (-58.0 to 1850 ℉)	
	If the \Lambda and 💟 keys are pressed simultaneously, the sensor		
	reverts to XHER II (Sensing hea	ad temperature).	
1115K	Not used		
	Do not set this item as this setting it	tem is not used.	

(Table 6.3-2)

Model	Factory Default		
WOUEI	Analog output scaling low limit	Analog output scaling high limit	
RD-622-LM	50.0 °C	400.0 °C	
RD-675-HM	150.0 ℃	1000 ℃	

(Table 6.3-3)

Model	Factory Default	
woder	Low limit alarm value	High limit alarm value
RD-622-LM	100.0 °C	300.0 °C
RD-675-HM	350.0 °C	600.0 °C

Emissivity

Emissivity is a ratio between the amount of energy radiated from a black body with a certain temperature (or an object with perfect radiation), and the amount of energy radiated from an object with the same temperature.

Accordingly, emissivity value is high for an object which easily radiates infrared, and low for an object which radiates infrared with some difficulty.

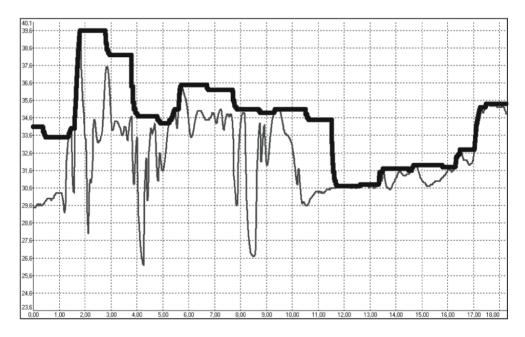
For objects such as organic substances and ceramics, etc. (except metals), their emissivity value is high, which ensures a highly accurate measurement.

On the other hand, emissivity is low in lustrous metals and lustrous objects, resulting in measurement being affected by reflection. By attaching a black body tape to the object surface, high measurement accuracy can be obtained.

For tables of emissivity, refer to Appendix A (Emissivity Table: Metals) and Appendix B (Emissivity Table: Non-Metals) at the end of this manual. (Pages 37 to 39)

Peak Hold:

The following diagram shows the result of the peak hold process, set at 1 sec.



- Peak value has been held. (Peak hold time: 1 sec)
- : Original measurement values

(Fig. 6.3-1)

7. Measurement

Important

- If ambient temperature is rapidly changing, leave the sensor for more than 20 minutes as it is, then measure the temperature.
- Do not measure temperature near a large magnetic field (example: Arc welding machine, induction heater, etc.). Measurement errors will occur due to electromagnetic disturbance.
- Indication may not be stable due to the mounting environment.

The sensor will detect any light reflected from the target object from surrounding light sources.

After installation of the target object and wiring are completed, start operation, following the procedures below.

(1) Turn the power ON.

After the power is turned ON, the LCD display indicates .1.N.I.T for several seconds. After that, the temperature of the target object will be indicated on the LCD display.

Backlight Color Switching

Backlight of the LCD display differs depending on the RD-600 status.

RD-600 Status	Backlight
When normal	Green
When Low limit alarm output is ON.	Blue
When High limit alarm output is ON	Red (Open collector output ON)
When both Low limit alarm output	Purple (High limit alarm output: Open
and High limit alarm output are ON.	collector output ON)

Error message

When errors occur, an error message will appear. (Backlight: Green) For the error contents, see (Table 7-1, p.27).

(e.g.)

LCD Display	Contents
28834	☐: Electronics module low temperature
	닉: Sensing head low temperature

(2) Turn the indicator/controller power ON. (When indicator/controller is connected)

(3) Start the temperature measurement.

(Table 7-1)

883			Contents
	171 1 <u>7</u> 1		Normal
			Short-circuit between Sensing head temperature signal
	1		(Terminal name: BROWN) and GND (Terminal name:
			GND)
	2		Electronics module low temperature
	Ч		Electronics module high temperature
	- 5		Electronics module probe burnout
	8		Short-circuit between Electronics module probe and
			GND (Terminal name: GND)
		177 121	Normal
		2	Target object high temperature
	Sensing head low temperature		
Sensing head high temperature		Sensing head high temperature	
		C	Sensing head temperature signal (Terminal name:
			BROWN) burnout

8. Specifications

Rating

Temperature Range			
	Model	Temperature Range	
	RD-622-LM	50 to 400 °C (*)	
	RD-675-HM	150 to 1000 °C (*)	
	(*) Temperature of targ	et object > Sensing head tempe	rature+25℃
Supply Voltage	8 to 36 V DC, Max	. 100 mA	

General Structure

External Dimensions	Sensing I	Sensing head: 31 x ϕ 14 mm, M12 x 1		
	Electronic	cs module: 89 x 70 x 30 mm (W x H x D)		
Mounting	Sensing I	Sensing head: Mounting bracket (sold separately)		
	Electronic	cs module: Mounting by screws		
Material Sens		nead: Stainless steel		
	Electronic	cs module: Die-cast zinc		
Drip-proof/Dust-proof	IP65	IP65		
Cable Length	3 m	3 m		
Cable Diameter	¢2.8 mm	φ2.8 mm		
Safety Standards	CE mark	CE mark certified		
Display				
	LCD	5 digits		
	display	Backlight:		
		When normal: Green		
		When Low limit alarm output is ON: Blue		
		When High limit alarm output is ON: Red		
		When both Low limit alarm output and		
		High limit alarm output are ON: Purple		

Performance

System Accuracy (*1)	Direct current output, DC voltage output: $\pm (0.3 \% \text{ of reading } + 2 \degree C) (*2)$		
	Thermocouple outp		
	±2.5 ℃ or ±1%	or reading, whichev	er is greater
	However, 50 to 15	50 ℃: Accuracy is no	t guaranteed.
Spectral Range	2.3 μ _m		
Field-of-view			
	Model	Field-of-view	
	RD-622-LM	22:1	
	RD-675-HM	75:1	
Repeatability (*1)	±(0.1 % of reading	ן + 1 °C) (*2)	
Temperature Coefficient(*3)	±0.05 °C/°C or ±0	.05 %/°C, whichever	is greater
Temperature Resolution	0.1 °C (*2)		
Response Time	1 ms (90 % response) (*4)		
Emissivity	0.100 to 1.100		
Transmissivity	0.100 to 1.100		
Signal Processing	Average, Peak hold, Valley hold		

(*1) Ambient temperature: 23±5 °C

(*2) \mathcal{E} =1/Response time 1 sec

(*3) When ambient temperature (sensing head) is lower than 18 $\,^\circ\!{\rm C}\,$ and higher than 28 $\,^\circ\!{\rm C}\,$

(*4) Dynamic adaptation at low signal levels

Output

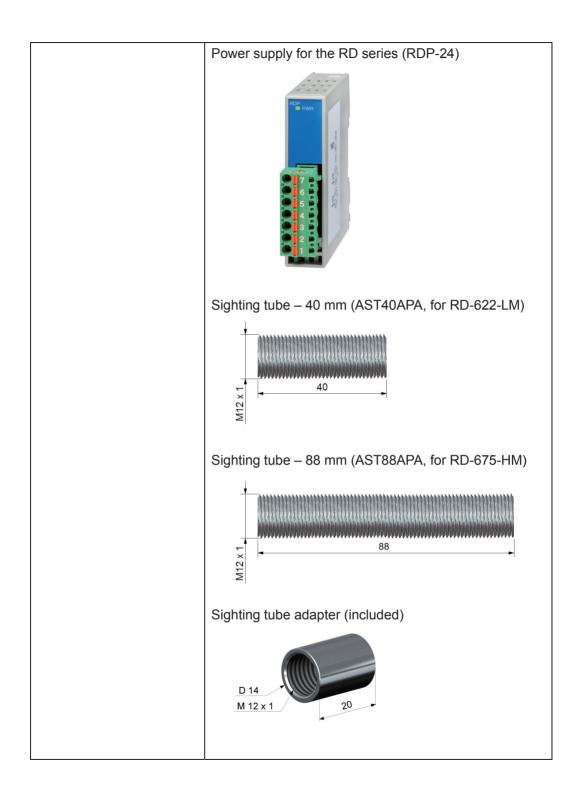
a close			
Analog Output Selectable from 0 to 20 mA DC, 4 to 20 mA DC, 0		0 to 20 mA DC, 4 to 20 mA DC, 0 to 5 V	
	DC, 0 to 10 V DC, thermocouple K, J		
	Direct current 0 to 20 mA DC, 4 to 20 mA		
	Load resistance: 500 Ω or less		
	DC voltage 0 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC		
	Load resistance: 100 kΩ or		
Thermocouple K, J		K, J	
		Output impedance: 20 Ω	
Alarm Output	High limit alarm		
	Open collector output		
	Capacity: 24 V DC, Max. 50 mA		

Attached Functions

Warm-up Indication	After the power is turned	I ON, the LCD display indicates
		ure of the target object will be
	indicated on the LCD dis	splay.
	Backlight of the LCD disp	play differs depending on the
	alarm status.	
Backlight Color Switching	If alarm is turned ON, ba	cklight of the LCD display
	differs depending on the	RD-600 status.
	RD-600 Status	Backlight
	When normal	Green
	When Low limit alarm	Blue
	output is ON.	
	When High limit alarm	Red
	output is ON.	(Open collector output ON)
	When both Low limit	Purple
	alarm output and High	(High limit alarm output:
	limit alarm output are	Open collector output ON)
	ON	
		·
Error Message	When errors occur, an er	rror message will appear.
	(Backlight: Green)	
	For the error messages,	see (Table 7-1, p.27).
	(e.g.)	
	LCD Display	Contents
		ectronics module low
		nperature
		nsing head low temperature
	1	

Other

ner		
Ambient Temperature	Sensing head: -20 to 85 °C Electronics module: 0 to 65 °C	
Storage Temperature	Sensing head: -40 to 85 °C	
Storage Temperature	Electronics module: -40 to 85 °C	
Ambient Humidity		
	10 to 95 %RH (non-condensing)	
Vibration (sensing head)	IEC 68-2-6: 3 G, 11-200 Hz, x,y,z directional	
Shock (sensing head)	IEC 68-2-27: 50 G, 11 ms, x,y,z directional	
Weight	Sensing head: 40 g	
Accessories Included	Electronics module: 420 g	
Accessories Included Accessories Sold	Instruction manual: 1 copy, Nut: 1 piece	
	Mounting bracket (TFB)	
Separately	24 0 12,2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	
	Air purge collar (ATAL)	
	7.50 7.50 7.2 M12 x 1	



9. Troubleshooting

If problems arise, please check the following suggestions.

Problem	Possible Cause and Solution		
Abnormal temperature	 No power. Ensure that the power is being supplied properly. Wiring may be incorrect. Check the wiring. Wiring may be incorrect. Check the wiring. Sensor may be disconnected. Check if the sensor is conducting properly. Lens may be dirty. Remove any dirt on the lens. Always keep the lens clean. Foreign particles on the lens 		
	 A straight particles on the fension particles on the fension affect measurement accuracy. Set values such as emissivity, average time, peak hold time, etc. may be set to incorrect values. Check each value. 		
ERR is indicated.	• Error messages are indicated. (Backlight: Green) Confirm the character (and its contents) following ERR. For the error messages, see (Table 7-1, p.27). (e.g.)		
	LCD Display Contents		
	58834	금: Electronics module low temperature 님: Sensing head low temperature	

10. Key Operation Flowchart

Power ON

After power-ON, the LCD display indicates .I.N.I.T for several seconds, then object temperature is indicated on the LCD display.

*	Abbreviations:
	Temp.: Temperature
SEDFF Not used	(After s.p.): (After signal processing) Compen.: Compensation
*2050H Indicates sensing head temp.	
	* These values are examples
* 25. I Indicates electronics module inner temp.	only.
* 500 R Indicates current target temp.	Kowaparation
	Key operation:By pressing the key, the
o IMU 5 Analog output	instrument proceeds to the next
	setting item.
E 1000 Emissivity	• Use the \Lambda or 💟 key to set items.
T 1000 Transmissivity	 If 10 seconds elapse with no
	selection made, the instrument
REEE Average time	automatically returns to 5885
	signal processing)].
Peak hold time	If the o key is pressed again, the
	instrument will revert to the last
Valley hold time	setting item.
* 522 Analog output scaling low limit	
* 나이이이 Analog output scaling high limit	
c 000 Analog output low limit	
□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	
U O C Temperature unit	
* 100.0 Low limit alarm value	
*# 300.0 High limit alarm value	
XHER II Ambient temp. compen. (sensor)	
B 1 15K Not used	
·	

11. Character Table

Photocopiable material

Display	Name, Setting Range	Factory Default	Data
			Dala
	Indicates object temperature (
(Example)			
	Not used		
20.5CH	Indicates sensing head tempe	rature	
(Example)			
02508	Indicates electronics module i	nner temperature	
(Example)			
<u> </u>	Indicates current target tempe	rature	
(Example)			
o 🛛 M V S	Analog output	0 to 5 V DC	
	□ □ M ½ 5: 0 to 5 V DC		
	₀ ᠒ - ∂ ᠒: 0 to 20 mA DC		
	o Ч − ∂ Ø: 4 to 20 mA DC		
	$\Box \Box \Box \Box \Box K$: Thermocouple K.		
	ດ 🛛 T 🕻 ຢ: Thermocouple J.		
	□ M // 1월: 0 to 10 V DC		
	Emissivity	1.000	
	0.100 to 1.100		
	Transmissivity	1.000	
	0.100 to 1.100		
	Average time	0.001 seconds	
	8: OFF		
	0.001 to 999.9 seconds		
P	Peak hold time	OFF	
	₽:OFF		
	0.001 to 999.8 seconds		
	Paaaa: ∞		
<u>ا</u> ر	Valley hold time	OFF	
	∜: OFF		
	0.001 to 999.8 seconds		
	i″aaaa: ∞		
	Analog output scaling low limit	it (Table 11-2, p.36)	
(Example)	Temperature range low limit to		
	[Analog output scaling high lin		
רא הא הא הא ויי הא הא הא הא היי	Analog output scaling high lim		
(Example)	Analog output scaling high limit (Table 11-2, p.36) [Analog output scaling low limit + 20.0 ℃] to		1
	Temperature range high limit		
L			1

Display	Name, Setting R	ange	Factory Default	Data
c [] [], [] []	Analog output low limit Setting range differs dependir		0.00 V DC	_
	[Analog output].			
	(Table 11-1) Analog output	Setti	ing range	
	0 to 5 V DC	0.00 to 5.	<u> </u>	
	0 to 20 mA DC	0.00 to 20	0.00 mA DC	
	4 to 20 mA DC	4.00 to 20	0.00 mA DC	
	0 to 10 V DC	0.00 to 10	0.00 V DC	
o 0 5.0 0	Analog output high		5.00 V DC	
	J	s dependin	g on the selection in	
	[Analog output].	same as A	nalog output low limit.	
	J	(Table 11-1	e .	
U 🛛 🖓 O C	Temperature unit		°C	_
			(T-1-1-44-0)	
	Low limit alarm value (Table 11-3) RD-622-LM : -50.0 to 400.0 °C		_	
	RD-675-HM: 150.0 to 1000 ℃			
II 300.0	High limit alarm valu	Ie	(Table 11-3)	
	RD-622-LM : -50.0 to 400.0 ℃			
	RD-675-HM: 150.0 to 1000 ℃			
X H L H LI	Ambient temperature		Sensing head	
	compensation (sensor) temperature XHERD: Sensing head temperature (automatically)			_
	compensates using the sensor inner			
	temperature.)			
	RD-622-LM: -50.0 to 605.0 ℃(-58.0 to 1121 °F)			
B 1 15K	RD-675-HM: -50.0 to 1010 °C(-58.0 to 1850 °F) Not used			

(Table 11-2)

Madal	Factory Default		
Model	Analog Output Scaling Low Limit	Analog output Scaling High Limit	
RD-622-LM	50.0 °C	400.0 °C	
RD-675-HM	150.0 °C	1000 °C	

(Table 11-3)

Model	Factory Default		
Model	Low limit alarm value	High limit alarm value	
RD-622-LM	100.0 ℃	300.0 °C	
RD-675-HM	350.0 °C	600.0 °C	

Material		Typical Emissivity			
Spectral Response		1.0 ^µ m	1.6 ^µ m	5.1 ^µ m	8-14 ^µ m
Aluminium	Unoxidized	0.1-0.2	0.02-0.2	0.02-0.2	0.02-0.1
	Polished	0.1-0.2	0.02-0.1	0.02-0.1	0.02-0.1
	Roughened	0.2-0.8	0.2-0.6	0.1-0.4	0.1-0.3
	Oxidized	0.4	0.4	0.2-0.4	0.2-0.4
Brass	Polished	0.35	0.01-0.05	0.01-0.05	0.01-0.05
	Roughened	0.65	0.4	0.3	0.3
	Oxidized	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5
Copper	Polished	0.05	0.03	0.03	0.03
	Roughened	0.05-0.2	0.05-0.2	0.05-0.15	0.05-0.1
	Oxidized	0.2-0.8	0.2-0.9	0.5-0.8	0.4-0.8
Chrome		0.4	0.4	0.03-0.3	0.02-0.2
Gold		0.3	0.01-0.1	0.01-0.1	0.01-0.1
Haynes	Alloy	0.5-0.9	0.6-0.9	0.3-0.8	0.3-0.8
Inconel	Electrolytically	0.2-0.5	0.25	0.15	0.15
	polished				
	Sandblast	0.3-0.4	0.3-0.6	0.3-0.6	0.3-0.6
	Oxidized	0.4-0.9	0.6-0.9	0.6-0.9	0.7-0.95
Iron	Unoxidized	0.35	0.1-0.3	0.05-0.25	0.05-0.2
	Rusted		0.6-0.9	0.5-0.8	0.5-0.7
	Oxidized	0.7-0.9	0.5-0.9	0.6-0.9	0.5-0.9
	Forged, blunt	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
	Molten	0.35	0.4-0.6		
Iron, casted	Unoxidized	0.35	0.3	0.25	0.2
	Oxidized	0.9	0.7-0.9	0.65-0.95	0.6-0.95

Material		Typical Emissivity			
Spectral Response		1.0 ^µ m	1.6 ^µ m	5.1 ^µ m	8-14 ^µ m
Lead	Polished	0.35	0.05-0.2	0.05-0.2	0.05-0.1
	Roughened	0.65	0.6	0.4	0.4
	Oxidized		0.3-0.7	0.2-0.7	0.2-0.6
Magnesium		0.3-0.8	0.05-0.3	0.03-0.15	0.02-0.1
Mercury			0.05-0.15	0.05-0.15	0.05-0.15
Molybdenum	Unoxidized	0.25-0.35	0.1-0.3	0.1-0.15	0.1
	Oxidized	0.5-0.9	0.4-0.9	0.3-0.7	0.2-0.6
Monel (Ni-Cu)		0.3	0.2-0.6	0.1-0.5	0.1-0.14
Nickel	Electrolytically	0.2-0.4	0.1-0.3	0.1-0.15	0.05-0.15
	polished				
	Oxidized	0.8-0.9	0.4-0.7	0.3-0.6	0.2-0.5
Platinum	Black		0.95	0.9	0.9
Silver		0.04	0.02	0.02	0.02
Steel	Polished plate	0.35	0.25	0.1	0.1
	Rustless	0.35	0.2-0.9	0.15-0.8	0.1-0.8
	Heavy plate			0.5-0.7	0.4-0.6
	Cold-rolled	0.8-0.9	0.8-0.9	0.8-0.9	0.7-0.9
	Oxidized	0.8-0.9	0.8-0.9	0.7-0.9	0.7-0.9
Tin	Unoxidized	0.25	0.1-0.3	0.05	0.05
Titanium	Polished	0.5-0.75	0.3-0.5	0.1-0.3	0.05-0.2
	Oxidized		0.6-0.8	0.5-0.7	0.5-0.6
Wolfram	Polished	0.35-0.4	0.1-0.3	0.05-0.25	0.03-0.1
Zinc	Polished	0.5	0.05	0.03	0.02
	Oxidized	0.6	0.15	0.1	0.1

Mate	erial	Typical Emissivity			
Spectral I	Response	1.0 ^µ m	2.2 µm	5.1 ^µ m	8-14 ^µ m
Asbestos		0.9	0.8	0.9	0.95
Asphalt				0.95	0.95
Basalt				0.7	0.7
Carbon	Unoxidized		0.8-0.9	0.8-0.9	0.8-0.9
	Graphite		0.8-0.9	0.7-0.9	0.7-0.8
Carborundum			0.95	0.9	0.9
Ceramic		0.4	0.8-0.95	0.8-0.95	0.95
Concrete		0.65	0.9	0.9	0.95
Glass	Plate		0.2	0.98	0.85
	Melt		0.4-0.9	0.9	
Grit				0.95	0.95
Gypsum				0.4-0.97	0.8-0.95
Ice					0.98
Limestone				0.4-0.98	0.98
Paint	Non alkaline				0.9-0.95
Paper	Any color			0.95	0.95
Plastic > 50 $\mu_{\rm m}$	Non-transparent			0.95	0.95
Rubber				0.9	0.95
Sand				0.9	0.9
Snow					0.9
Soil					0.9-0.98
Textiles				0.95	0.95
Water					0.93
Wood	Natural			0.9-0.95	0.9-0.95

Appendix B: Emissivity Table: Non-Metals

***** ***** Inquiries

For any inquiries about this unit, please contact our agency or the vendor where you purchased the unit after checking the following.

		[Example]
• Model		RD-622-LM
Serial numb	er	No. xxxxxxxx

In addition to the above, please let us know the details of the malfunction, or discrepancy, and the operating conditions.

SHINKO TECHNOS CO., LTD. **OVERSEAS DIVISION**

URL: E-mail:

Head Office: 2-5-1, Senbahigashi, Minoo, Osaka, Japan http://www.shinko-technos.co.jp/e/ overseas@shinko-technos.co.jp

Tel: +81-72-727-6100 Fax: +81-72-727-7006